The Courier-Journal.

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CHRISTMAS IN THE CAPITAL.

A Total Suspension of Business and a Resignation to Lager Beer and Snow.

UNEARTHING FRAUDS.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 23.—There has been a total suspension of all official business here to-day, while a sleeting storm, and the ice which covered the streets, have rendered it almost impassable for locomotion. Large numbers of officials and other persons left on the evening train to spend Christmas at their homes.

AN ERRATIC MESSAGE.

There is the very best authority for saying that a dispatch from this city, which recited the understanding and determination of the prominent reform congress, and the press and those who are urging reform legislation in the manifold ways demanded by the public exigencies, does not reliably or correctly state what occurred at the recent meetings here. No line of policy was adopted beyond a general conversation and interchange of views arising from the political situation. Action will be taken at the proper time, as circumstances shall justify.

MORE FRAUD TO BE UNEARTHED.

Indictments are in course of preparation against persons for frauds practiced upon the Government several years ago. There is no statement given of the time when the arrest will be made, and the names are withheld from the public, but the evidence in hand is such as to justify the expectation of the recovery of a great many thousand dollars, and a successful criminal prosecution.

HAZING AT THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Commodore Worden, Superintendent of the Naval Academy, says since the expulsion of cadets for hazing there has been no recurrence of that offense at the Academy.

[To the Associated Press.]

SCHENCK.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Information has been received by a recent mail confirmatory of the report that Gen. Schenck has withdrawn from the directorship of the Emma mine.

A "JOB" IN COURT.

—Judge Wiley, in the Equity Court case of L. B. Child against Nicholas P. Trist, sustained the demurrer and dismissed the bill. The question was whether the court would enforce the contract for a contingent fee for services rendered in procuring the passage of an act of Congress. Trist sought to obtain a fee from Childs under these circumstances.

ST. LOUIS.

Heavy Wind Storm—Houses Unroofed, Chimneys Blown Down, Steamers Torn from their Cables, Etc.—City Reform—A Sheriff Commits Suicide—His Last Words.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—A very strong wind storm passed over the city this forenoon, which did considerable damage, several walls of unfinished houses being blown down, roofs torn off, chimneys and fire-walls demolished, fences leveled, smoke-stacks toppled over, &c. Two young girls were somewhat injured by a falling fence. Several other persons were hurt, but none seriously.

The steamer City of Alton was blown across the river. Several were torn from their moorings and two or three lost their chimneys, but no serious damage was done.

The gale lasted about an hour and came from the West.

A resolution has been introduced in the city Council for the appointment of a committee of three well-known citizens to examine the qualifications of the appointees of the Mayor after the fashion of the civil service reform.

A DELIBERATE SUICIDE.

A man named M. B. Pierce who, it seems, was sheriff of Fon du Lac county, Wisconsin, was found dead in his room at the Union Hotel here to-day, with a pistol shot wound in his left breast, and a pistol lying on the floor. A letter to the landlord of the hotel was found on a table, which says: "Do as you please with my remains, but my wish is that you take my effects, and, by their sale, realize enough to get me covered up under the snow and frost. My effects will cancel all expenditures, for all I want is a box and a hole. I am sheriff of Fon du Lac county, Wisconsin, and I want to be buried before you communicate with my friends. My reason for doing this is the business of nobody but myself."

Another letter addressed to his deputy, Robert Cosgrove, desires the latter to settle his affairs as best he can, and to do all for his wife and babies that is possible. A letter from his wife refers to some matters from which it is inferred Pierce was in pecuniary trouble in consequence of which he may have left home. He had been here since the 9th inst. Only sixty cents were found among his effects.

OHIO.

Railroad Accident—One Killed and Several Wounded—Small-pox in Cincinnati—McGehan Acquitted—John Morrissey Sues a Cincinnati Capitalist—Morrissey's Agent Arrested.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 23.—A freight train was thrown from the track, and down an embankment about forty feet, by a broken rail, near Youngstown, O., yesterday. Jno. Ready, a brakesman, jumped off, and was struck by the caboose and instantly killed. The conductor and several others were slightly injured.

The deaths from small-pox during the week ending last evening were fifty-seven. This would indicate that the epidemic has passed its climax, and is now on the decrease, as the death-rate last week was sixty-two, and the week before sixty-eight.

The McGehan case, at Dayton, went to the jury at one o'clock and twenty minutes this afternoon. The jury was out one hour, and returned a verdict of not guilty.

JOHN MORRISSEY'S LAWSUIT.

W. H. Mead, gambler, agent of John Morrissey's gambling house, in New York, was, on complaint of John Kilgour, of Cincinnati, held in the police court in $500 to keep the peace for one year. The charge by plaintiff, Kilgour, was that he was threatening personal violence. Mead, later in the day, was taken before a magistrate on a charge of perjury, on the affidavit made in entering a suit in the Common Pleas Court recently to recover $10,000 alleged to be due John Morrissey, as an amount lost by Kilgour recently in gambling in Morrissey's establishment. John Kilgour has also filed a cross-petition in the Court of Common Pleas, to recover of John Morrissey $800, which Kilgour says he lost in Morrissey's gambling-house while drunk and unconscious.

ARKANSAS.

A Radical Account of the Chicot County Outrages—Memphis Negroes Going to Aid their Brethren—Railroad Quarrel Amicably Settled.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—The Democrat has a special from Little Rock which says reliable advices from Chicot county establish the fact that the reports at Memphis have been greatly exaggerated. The State authorities have taken all necessary steps for a complete restoration of law and order, which will be accomplished without the assistance of the Memphis Chamber of Commerce.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Dec. 23.—The difficulties heretofore existing between the Fort Smith railroad company and Pearce, Searcy & Houston have been settled. This settles all the difficulties between their conflicting interests, and all suits are to be withdrawn and work will be resumed at once.

Heavy rain storm prevailed last night. To-day it is clear.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—A Memphis special to the Enquirer says that about three hundred negro men, thoroughly armed with shot-guns and pistols, a part of whom came from Arkansas, left there last night destined ostensibly for Helena, but it is almost certain they were going to Chicot county to assist their brethren.

INDIANAPOLIS.

List of the Wounded by the Accident on the Cincinnati and Indianapolis Junction Railroad on Friday.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 23.—The following persons were injured in the accident on the Cincinnati and Indianapolis Junction railroad yesterday: John Williams, fireman, scalded and left arm broken; Geo. Bissell, Indianapolis, ankle sprained and head cut; Miss Eva May, Crawfordsville, bruised; Miss J. S. Harney, Ladoga, slightly bruised; Miss Sallie Harney, Ladoga, cut over the eye; Miss N. Golden, bruised and slightly cut; Daniel Hassett, Connersville, slightly bruised; Miss Kate Gruze, Franklin, slight bruises; Miss Laura Cowan, Crawfordsville, finger broken and slight cuts; P. W. Shrader, of Nashville, fell under the stove and was burned and badly bruised. Several others were slightly hurt. None of the wounded are seriously hurt.

CHICAGO.

A Terrific Wind-storm — Buildings Greatly Damaged.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—A heavy wind-storm which prevailed this afternoon did considerable damage to buildings in course of erection. Several of the inside walls of the Tribune building were more or less damaged. Norton's new building, on Washington street, near Franklin street, which had been carried up four stories, was almost completely demolished. A chimney in Bryan's building, on La Salle street, was tumbled down and one man buried under it and killed. Several other buildings were slightly damaged.

FIRES.

In New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A fire this morning in Bock & Schneider's match factory damaged property to the amount of $20,000. The fire was caused by friction matches.

Another fire occurred in a smokehouse owned by W. Rupert, which was totally destroyed. Loss about $11,000.

In Camden, N. J.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—English & Co.'s oilcloth factory at Camden, N. J., was burned last night. Loss $20,000. Insured.

An Injunction Against a Railroad Prayed For.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—In the Supreme Court to-day, application was made for an injunction to restrain the directors of the Boston and Maine railroad from issuing the two millions additional stock authorized by the stockholders on the 13th inst. The order was argued, and will be determined next Saturday.

NEW YORK.

Municipal Affairs—Mayor Hall's Chances for Arrest—Connolly Choosing Between Two Evils—Small-pox—Accessory to Robbery—The New City Charter in Detail.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Connolly's bondsmen have qualified in the sum of $1,000,000 as required in the civil suit, but as Judge Bedford does not make known whether he will accept bail for the ex-controller, under the fifteen criminal indictments against him, it is probable that Connolly will spend Christmas in Ludlow-street jail.

THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

The court-house commissioners have informally agreed upon a plan for the dome for the building at a cost of $175,000, but nothing can be done until a legislative appropriation of funds is made.

RELIEF FOR THE WEST.

The Chamber of Commerce has received additional subscriptions for the relief of Wisconsin sufferers, amounting to forty-two thousand dollars. The total amounted to one million one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight dollars and eighty-three cents.

CHRISTMAS FOR THE POOR.

Some ten or a dozen charitable institutions of the city will provide liberal entertainments for their inmates Christmas day.

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says it is understood that Judge Ingram has lately urged his judicial brethren to join him in demanding a grand jury indictment of that paper for its exposure of judicial corruption, but that his effort failed. Also that Fisk had attempted to institute proceedings against the paper for seeking to defame him. The Tribune adds that no warrants have yet been served on it.

JUDGE M'CANN,

in a communication, says it is unjust to charge him with being a ring judge, as he has been battling against the ring for a year.

SWEENEY.

It is rumored, says the Tribune, that Sweeney's going to Canada is due to his Fisk complications.

RUMORED FLIGHT.

It was rumored last night that Cornelius Carson, ring man, and secretary of the New York Printing Company, and proprietor of the Transcript, had fled for Europe, as the result of charges brought before the grand jury.

OFF FOR GENEVA.

Morrison R. Waite, of Toledo, one of the counsel before the Geneva arbitration, arrived yesterday. He sails with his associates in the Cuba on Wednesday for Europe.

MAYOR HALL.

It is understood that the grand jury have not indicted Mayor Hall, because Charles O'Conor told them that his offense, if any, does not come within the statute under which other members of the ring have been proceeded against. The Oyer and Terminer grand jury, however, will probably investigate the case of the Mayor next week.

ISSUE OF BONDS.

The Board of Apportionment this afternoon authorized the controller to issue bonds to the amount of $600,000 to meet the requisitions of the parks department, and $450,000 New York bridge bonds.

TOOK THEIR OATHS.

The assistant aldermen elected in November last took their official oaths this morning, but the Mayor declined to file them, referring the members to the legal tribunals.

OF THE TWO EVILS.

Connolly's counsel took no steps to-day to secure the release of their client. They represent that it will be more advisable to have the ex-controller remain in Ludlow street than be immured in the Tombs, which would be the result if Judge Bedford committed him without bail under the pending indictments.

TWEED.

It is not probable that Tweed will resign either the office of Commissionership in the parks department or that of Tammany Grand Sachem. His friends say that he will remain to the last, and that he may profit by the example of Connolly, who was thrown into prison on his retirement from office.

SMALL-POX.

The small-pox statistics this week show an increase of eight cases and two deaths more than the week before. The cases for the week are sixty-eight.

A YOUTHFUL FORGER.

A lad only eighteen years old, giving his name as Harry W. Andrews, and who states that he is from Cincinnati, was arrested to-day for forging a check for two hundred dollars. He had been stopping at the St. Charles Hotel.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald says Solicitor General Bristow, Department of Justice, tendered his resignation to the President, but it has not been accepted. Efforts are being made to induce him to withdraw it. The trouble appears to be that Bristow wanted to be Attorney General when Akerman resigned. He had always regarded Akerman as a shadow in the law department, and his dislike of the Attorney General hastened the latter's resignation.

BAD WEATHER.

There has been a dense fog, with a drizzling rain, all day. All the foreign and domestic steamships outward bound have been detained. There have been several heavy showers to-night, and at midnight there are signs of clearing up.

A NEW CHARTER.

The Committee of Seventy have perfected a new charter for this city, to be presented for action to the next Legislature. It provides for the corporators of the city being vested in a Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty, the Aldermen to be elected in April, forty-five in number, being elected annually in each Senatorial district. After being elected, provisions are made that the board shall not vote any public moneys to any charitable institutions unless recommended by the heads of charitable departments, and then only by a two-thirds vote. An abstract of the doings of the aldermen is to be published in a pamphlet, to be known as the city record, instead of advertising the proceedings in detail as at present. No money is to be drawn from the city treasury unless voted by the board. The other sections provide for vesting powers in the Board of Aldermen now exercised by several commissioners. The entire executive powers are vested in the Mayor and heads of departments, who are appointed by the Mayor, the Mayor to give a financial statement of the city to the Aldermen. The Mayor's salary is to be fifteen thousand dollars, and Aldermen two thousand. The Mayor may be removed by the Governor. The departments will comprise public works, public parks, docks, charities and correction, finance, law, instruction, police, health, fire and sinking fund commission. All departments shall keep a record of their daily proceedings, always accessible to the public. One member of each department is to be appointed by the Mayor, one annually, to be five in number of each department, the other four to be elected by the Board of Aldermen. The provision establishing a department of finance provides for a public monthly financial statement, and all books, vouchers, &c., are to be open to the inspection of any member of the finance commission. All city bonds are to be signed by the Mayor, Controller, and two members of the finance commission. The books of the commission are to be open at all times to tax-payers. The office of City Chamberlain is abolished. All commissioners appointed by the Mayor are removable by him at any time. The commissioners appointed by the Aldermen are removable only by the board. The Corporation Attorney is to be a resident of the city ten years prior to his appointment by the Mayor. Provisions are made prohibiting Mayor, Aldermen, or any member of departments, commissions, or any clerks from being interested in any city contracts, under forfeiture of office, and to be punished as for misdemeanor. No city officer is to hold Federal, State, or other city office. Quite a number of sections are left to be arranged by the Legislature, as is also the legislating out of office. The present incumbents of any office, from aldermen down, may be called up for examination by any Judge, in regard to his disposition of public works.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

The order of the United American Mechanics will celebrate Washington's birthday in this city by a grand banquet, ball, &c., at which delegates from councils in all the States will be present.

WEEDING OUT SINECURES.

Several sinecure clerks in the Finance Department and worthless attendants in the Supreme Court were removed to-day.

ACCESSORY TO ROBBERY.

Caroline Adams, formerly housekeeper of the Edsall House, at Ridgfield, N. Y., has been arrested on suspicion of being accessory to the robbery of the house of some eighty thousand dollars' worth of bonds last week. An intimate acquaintance of Adams, a woman named Mrs. Lambert Herman, has also been arrested and jailed at Hackensack.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23—P. M.

The Gold market opened weak at 108⅝, sold up to 108¾ and closed at 108¾@108⅝. Loans were made at 6 ℔ cent. for carrying.

The clearings to-day at the Gold Exchange Bank were $46,000,000.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, decrease	$11,798,700
Specie, decrease	2,986,200
Circulation, decrease	408,200
Deposits, decrease	18,544,600
Legal-Tenders, decrease	3,314,600

The bank statement is unfavorable and the exhibit analysis of the figures shows that the banks have made a net loss of $1,530,200 in their legal reserve. They now hold $7,001,925 above the 25 ℔ cent. required by law. The large loss in legal tenders is the natural result of the outflow of currency from this point, but the decrease in specie was not expected.

The Money market was firm at 7 ℔ cent.

The Government bond market was dull but steady all day.

State bonds are very dull.

The Stock market opened very strong in prices and before and after the call there were a number of transactions in leading stocks at advancing prices. There was but little business transacted on call, for it was taken up with the usual Christmas jollity. After the bank statement was made known, the market declined about ½ ℔ cent. and closed strong in prices but very dull. The advance to-day was most marked in Rock Island, Wabash and Pacific Mail.

Sterling exchange, bankers' bills, 109½.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Coupons of 1881	117⅛
Coupons of 1862	109⅝
Coupons of 1864	109⅝
Coupons of 1865	111⅛
Coupons of 1865, new	114
Coupons of 1867	115
Coupons of 1868	115
Ten-forties	109¼
Currency 6's	114⅛

STATE BONDS.

Missouri	97	Old Virginia	55
Old Tennessee	61⅛	Old N. Carolina	31¼
New Tennessee	61⅛	New N. Carolina	12
New Virginia	55		

STOCKS.

Canton	70	New Jersey Cent'l	112
Western U. Tel'gh	68⅜	St. Paul	54
Quicksilver	25	Do. preferred	77
Adams Express	90⅛	Tol. & Wabash	68¼
Wells & Fargo	55⅛	Do. preferred	82
American Express	59⅛	Ft. Wayne	96
U. S. Express	64	Terre Haute	16
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	Do. preferred	47
N. Y. Central con.	[illegible]	Chicago & Alton	116
N. Y. Cent'l, scrip	[illegible]	Do. preferred	118
Erie	[illegible]	Ohio & Mississippi	44⅜
Erie preferred	[illegible]	C. C. & C.	87
Harlem	118	Burlington	135
Do. preferred	125	Lake Shore	91⅜
Reading	110	C. C. & Ind. C.	19
Michigan Central	118	Ill. Cent.	130
Pittsburgh	127⅛	Union Pacific	28⅜
Northwestern	64⅜	Cent'l Pac. bonds	103
Do. preferred	89	Union Pac. bonds	92
Rock Island	106⅛		

FOREIGN.

The Prince of Wales Progressing Satisfactorily—New French Minister to Washington—Bogardus, the Champion Shot, Loses a Match.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE PRINCE.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The noon bulletin to-day announces that the Prince passed a quiet night. The progress of his convalescence is slow and gradual.

COMBINATION AGAINST ERIE.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Erie protection committee here publishes the following as received from New York: "New Attorney General Barlow proposes in his official capacity to break up the whole combination of the Erie ring without respect to persons." The publication of this intelligence has been received with great joy by the parties interested.

FRANCE.

MINISTER TO WASHINGTON.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The name of Boilleau is now mentioned in connection with the Ministry to Washington, Ferry's nomination having been withdrawn. The rumor that Gen. Cissy would go to Washington is unfounded.

A COUNCIL CLOSED.

The Prefect of the Department of Bouches du Rhone has dissolved the Council of Arles, and annulled its acts because of its mismanagement of finances.

MUZZLING THE PRESS.

The sale of the violently radical newspaper, La Republique Radicale, in Marseilles has been prohibited.

THE ASSEMBLY.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 23.—The National Assembly has adjourned until the 5th of January.

BANK OF FRANCE.

The bill to increase the circulation of the Bank of France for the relief of trade and commerce was still pending in the Assembly when it adjourned. The committee which has the measure in charge, while agreeing to its principles, have not as yet determined upon the amount by which the circulation is to be augmented. An increase of 2,700,000 francs will probably be adopted in the end.

ITALY.

NEW CATHOLIC BISHOPS.

ROME, Dec. 23.—The Pope yesterday performed the ceremony of preconization in the case of twenty-eight newly-appointed bishops, including nineteen Italians and Frenchmen.

THE DOMINION.

BOGARDUS LOSES A MATCH.

TORONTO, Dec. 23.—A snow bird match was shot yesterday between Capt. Bogardus, champion shot of the United States, and James Ward, of Toronto. Ward shot sixty-six birds out of one hundred, and Bogardus sixty-five. A good deal of dissatisfaction was expressed at the result, as it is believed that both men could have done better.

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON, Dec. 23—2 P. M.—Consols for money 92⅜ and for account 92⅜@92½. U. S. bonds, coupons of 1862 92⅞; old 1865s 93⅛; 1867s 93⅞; 10-40s 91⅞.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 23.—United States coupons of 1862 96⅞.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Bourse, rentes 55 francs and 60 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 23—P. M.—Cotton, the market is steady; middling uplands 9⅞@10d; middling Orleans 10¼d; sales to-day of 10,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were taken for speculation and export; shipments from Bombay since last report to date 18,000 bales. Wheat, red winter 11s 6d. Flour 25@28s. Cheese 64s. Cumberland middles 34s 6d and short rib middles 37s.

New Scheme of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

AUGUSTA, GA., Dec. 23.—During the past two days the directors of the Georgia and Georgia Central Railroads have been conferring here. The cause of the conference is that the Pennsylvania Central has been endeavoring to lease three lines leading from Atlanta to Selma, in which the Georgia Central is largely interested. The Pennsylvania Central is said to have made a proposal to the Georgia Railroad towards getting its consent to lease the Georgia Central, now endeavoring to prevent any arrangement of this kind. It is believed that the terms will be accepted, and the Pennsylvania Central will fail to get control of the lines.

A Signal Corps Reporter Predicts a Flood and Scares the Californians.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—There was excitement over a terrible storm said to have been predicted by the signal bureau, and spread generally over the State. The reporter of the signal corps here states positively that he only expressed the private opinion that after a few days of unsettled weather we would have a storm. The report was so current that extraordinary preparations were made at Sacramento and elsewhere for the expected flood.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 23.—A violent wind storm has prevailed here all afternoon, doing considerable damage to buildings. A portion of the roof of St. John's Cathedral was crushed by the falling of the upper part of one of the front towers.

At Lafayette a large number of buildings were unroofed, including the Second National bank building, postoffice and telegraph office buildings. Several persons were injured.

A collision occurred this afternoon on the I., P. & C. R. R., near Cicero, between two freight trains. No lives lost.

Alexis at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Dec. 23.—Alexis arrived here this afternoon and was enthusiastically welcomed. Ex-President Fillmore will deliver the welcoming address at the Buffalo Club rooms. The Duke will be shown on Monday the mode of receiving and delivering grain at one of the elevators.

Scene in Washington.

[N. Y. Sun Letter.]

About 5 o'clock last evening, the loungers in the main hall of the Arlington House were astonished to see the door of the elevator open and President Grant and Don Hamilton Fish step out of it arm in arm. The President's face was as red as a boiled lobster, and the Secretary of State wore an expression like that of an owl which is suddenly brought into the full glare of the daylight. It immediately entered into the minds of those who were in the hall at the time that the President and the Secretary had been enjoying themselves pretty freely in one of the rooms up stairs. The two paid no attention to anybody, but marched solemnly and with stately tread through the hall to the street door, where they stopped, and Grant went through some motions with his hands which were undistinguishable in the darkness. At the same moment Mr. Fish turned hurriedly back to the clerk's desk and fumbled in the match-safe until he had secured half a dozen matches. With these in his hand and his face beaming all over with maudlin smiles, he skipped to the door again, scratching a match against the jamb, and held it obsequiously until Grant had lighted a cigar which he had in his mouth. The two then locked arms once more and meandered into the darkness. This little incident was observed by more than a dozen witnesses, and has created a great deal of talk this morning in certain circles.

A California Domestic Scene.

The Vallejo Recorder has the following: "About one o'clock yesterday morning, as we were wending our way homeward, we were suddenly startled by the report of a gun. We rushed into the house from which the sound proceeded, and found matters thus: A certain husband living in that neighborhood has a habit of walking in his sleep, and his wife got so tired of having him frisk around the house during the silent watches of the night, that at last she determined to tie him fast after he got to sleep. She affixed a string to his ankle and tied the other end fast to what happened to be the most handy, which was her husband's double-barreled gun, behind the door in the corner of the room. About one o'clock the somnambulist arose for the purpose of taking a ramble around the rooms. When he had taken about six steps, the artillery came out of its seclusion in the corner, with a jerk, and both barrels went off, the load crashing through the panels of the door. It soon brought both parties to consciousness, and they begged for God's sake we would not mention their names. Yesterday he was busy putting a new panel in the door, which is far better than digging a load of buckshot out of the baby."

TELEGRAMS.

Alexis arrived at Buffalo yesterday.

The small-pox is still increasing in New York.

Rain and thunder storm at Cincinnati yesterday.

Cornelius Carson, a Tammanyite, has fled to Europe.

The Ontario Parliament has adjourned till January 18th.

The steamer Helvetia arrived at Queenstown yesterday.

Jesse R. Grant, the President's father, continues to improve in health.

Sidney E. Morse, brother of Prof. Morse, is dead. He was 78 years old.

The cold weather suspended all work on the New York postoffice building.

The steamships Halsatia, Wisconsin and Norway arrived at London yesterday.

The New York telegraph operators will have holiday from morning till night to-morrow.

A locomotive on the Hartford, Providence and Fishkill railroad blew up yesterday, killing M. S. Collins, engineer, and the fireman, Vosht.

The Grand Duke has received a dispatch from Queen Victoria announcing the convalescence and probable recovery of the Prince of Wales.

☞ A Western paper thinks the snail has a "right smart chance for a toothache. He has one hundred and ten rows of teeth, with one hundred and ten teeth in each row, or twelve thousand two hundred and ten in all."

AMUSEMENTS.

Weisiger Hall.

The Albert Aiken Company produced the sensational drama of the *Witches of New York* last night, and will repeat it to-morrow afternoon, and for the last time the same evening.

Military Ball.

The seventh Grand Military Ball, to be given by the Waddell Grays, at Wedekind's Hall, on the 28th inst., under the management of an experienced committee, promises to be one of the most pleasant affairs of the coming holidays. The committee have made every arrangement for their guests to spend a happy and pleasant evening.

Manning's Minstrels.

The well-known minstrel troupe, headed by Billy Manning, commences an engagement of five nights at Weisiger Hall on Tuesday evening next. The company is composed of some twenty or more performers, and is said to be of the best now before the country. Reserved seats for the five entertainments are to be had at Will. Hays' music store.

Ball of the Sarsfield Rifles.

The first ball of the Sarsfield Rifles will come off at Wedekind's hall on Friday evening next. Every preparation has been made to secure a most agreeable and enjoyable season, and there will doubtless be a rush for tickets, as the Sarsfields declare that they intend to take the first rank among the military companies of the country, and make themselves, par excellence, the admired of ladies and envied of men.

Grand Christmas Social.

An entertainment and social for the benefit of the Children's Lyceum will take place at Wedekind's new and beautiful hall to-morrow afternoon and night. Many new and interesting features will be introduced. In the afternoon recitations, marches and gymnastic exercises by the children of the Lyceum will be the attraction. In the evening the lovers of dancing will hold high carnival. A splendid band has been engaged, and the affair promises to be both entertaining and enjoyable.

The Sparring Exhibition.

The sparring exhibition, given by the two famous pugilists, Ed O'Baldwin and Tom Kelly, at the Opera-house last night, was well attended. The display of muscle and skill by the two members proper of the P. R. was as excellent as might be expected, and received from the audience frequent and boisterous applause. Patsey Maley and other amateurs of this city gave samples of their skill, and the performance was begun with the play of the "Lottery Ticket," rendered by the Macauley company.

Opera-house.

The Wyndham Comedy Company commence a week's engagement at the Opera-house to-morrow, giving a matinee in the afternoon and a second appearance the same evening. The comedies advertised by this company we may safely rely upon being well rendered. The best known member of the troupe is Mr. Charles Wyndam, whom we know to be a very careful, cultivated, and polished actor, but of its *toute ensemble* the press speaks in very high terms. The company has been in the main directly imported from England, and contains, it is said, very excellent features. Miss Kate Reignold, the leading lady, is described as attractive in personal appearance, and an exceedingly accomplished actress, while Miss Florence Cowell, Miss Annie Goodall, and Mrs. Wilkins, of the ladies, and Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Parselle, and Holston have received most favorable mention.

The plays produced during the week have become standard in the theatrical world, and one of them, "Divorce," has had an almost unprecedented run this season at the Fifth Avenue Theater in New York. "The Lancers" and "Ours" are tolerably familiar to our amusement public, but "Progress," advertised for to-morrow afternoon, will have its first representation in our city. The cast for the two performances to-morrow, which we publish herewith, will be found interesting. For the afternoon "Progress" and for the evening "Ours" are advertised, and the characters are distributed as follows:

PROGRESS.

John Ferne, a Young American Engineer ... Chas. Wyndham
Mr. Bunnythorne, a Retired Contractor ... John Parselle
Bob, his Son ... H. B. Hemming
Dr. Brown ... Wm. Holston
Lord Monpesson, Owner of the Abbey ... J. Loane
Arthur, his Son, one of the Old School ... J. H. Fitzpatrick
Wykeham, an old servant of the Monpesson's ... M. LeCompte
Eva, a Young Orphan ... Miss Florence Cowell
Miss Wyrnie, a Spiteful Old Maid ... Mrs. Marie Wilkins

OURS.

Hugh Chalcote, a Cynic ... Chas. Wyndham
Col. Lee Alexander Shendryn, of "Ours" ... John Parselle
Lieutenant Angus McAllister, of "Ours" ... J. H. Fitzpatrick
Major Samprey, of "Ours" ... H. B. Fleming
Sergeant Jones, of "Ours" ... Wm. Holston
Prince Perousky, a Russian Noble ... J. Loane
Lady Shendryn ... Mrs. Marie Wilkins
Blanche Hay, an Heiress ... Miss Florence Cowell
Mary Netley, a Poor Orphan ... Miss Annie Goodall

Christmas.

Greater preparations have been made for the enjoyment of the Christmas holidays this year than we remember to have seen for a long time. The streets were thronged all day yesterday and to a late hour last night by all ages and both sexes, looking at the splendid displays of holiday goods, and laying in supplies to meet the demands of the day. The little folks will be a happy set to-morrow, and the amount of fire-crackers, and torpedoes, and Roman-candles, and other pyrotechnic inventions, new and old, that will be consumed in honor of the occasion, and for the delight of young America would supply a small army for a month's campaign. The older children will have their enjoyments, too, in social and family reunions, gay parties, entertainments, feasts, presents, etc. In short, the merry week upon which we enter this morning promises to be such a one as will be long remembered by all.

Shakespeare's Likeness.

Ex-Senator Wall recently stated in a lecture delivered in New Jersey the following curious circumstance in reference to a cast of Shakespeare's face: He said: "It makes one sad as he reads the date on Shakespeare's monument, upon the wall just above the gray stone slab, to think that almost in the prime of life—for there were at least twenty years of intellectual power in the man—was the poet snatched away, and what Hamlets and Lears the world has missed. I hope that the tradition is true that the last play he wrote was 'The Tempest,' with its wierd creations 'just on the skirts of human nature dwelling.' Nor let us forget the bust above the monument. It is a face of exceeding calm and quiet; and, though it does not realize our conception of what Shakespeare's face ought to have been, there is about it a serenity and gentleness in keeping with all we know of his nature. Why, a short time ago, when I was in the studio of one of our leading American artists—Page—I was shown photographs from a wax cast of the face of the poet, said to have been taken immediately after death. The tradition runs that the cast was taken under the supervision of an intimate German friend and admirer of the deceased, who held a diplomatic position at the English court. He carried it back with him to Germany, and it remained a precious heirloom in the family for centuries. Recently, the family collection of curiosities being sold, it found its way back to England, where it has awakened an earnest interest among Shakespearian scholars. Several photographs have been taken from this cast and sent to this country. Page, who is a devoted admirer and diligent student of Shakespeare, is now engaged in what he intends shall be the crowning work of his life—a portrait of Shakespeare conceived from these photographs. He is now working carefully and earnestly on a bust in clay, taking these photographs for his guides, and when this bust is finished he intends painting his portrait therefrom. In these photographs, presenting front, side, and back views, the dome of thought, the palace of the soul, that magnificent skull and brow of Shakespeare, appear grand enough to fill to the full the measure of our conception of the poet's face. The full front view of his cast resembles somewhat both the monumental bust and the Chandos portrait, but magnified and exalted. It realizes more fully how Shakespeare ought to have looked, and, therefore, I am inclined to give credence to the tradition by which it is accompanied."

☞ A distinguished Paris physician says: "I believe that during the twenty years I have practiced my profession 20,000 children have been carried to the cemeteries, a sacrifice to the absurd custom of exposing their arms. Put the bulb of a thermometer in a baby's mouth and the mercury rises to 90 degrees. Now carry the same to its little hand; if the arm be bare and the evening cool the mercury will sink to 50 degrees. Of course all the blood that flows through these arms must fall from 10 to 40 degrees below the temperature of the heart. Need I say, when these currents of the blood flow back to the chest, the child's vitality is more or less compromised? And need I add that we ought not to be surprised at its frequent recurring affections of the tongue, throat, or stomach? I have seen more than one child, with habitual cough or hoarseness, entirely relieved by simply keeping the hands and arms warm."

☞ The Forest correspondence of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth tells the following story, after remarking that deer were plenty in that township: "A deer, which had been mortally wounded and was followed by two hunters, sought refuge and concealment in a clump of bushes and there died. A sturdy son of Erin, at work near by, cutting brush, soon espied it, as he supposed, sleeping. Dropping his brush scythe, he made hasty preparations for its capture. Drawing an old jack-knife from his pocket, he crept stealthily to the rear of the enemy, and with one tremendous shout and leap, he was astride the fallen foe, plunging his knife into the carcass fast and furiously. The hunters coming up soon after, found him still at his bloody work. They rescued their game from the sanguinary Celt, but the hide was too leaky to be worth much in the market."

☞ King Charles II., paying a visit to Dr. Busby, the doctor is said to have strutted through the room with his hat on, while His Majesty walked complacently behind him with his hat under his arm. But when he was taking his leave at the door, the doctor thus addressed the King: "I hope your Majesty will excuse my want of respect hitherto; but if my boys were to imagine there was a greater man in the kingdom than myself I should never be able to rule them."

A severe wind storm passed over a large portion of the Northwest yesterday. St. Louis, Chicago and other cities suffered considerable damage.

GERMANY AND BRAZIL.

The Cause of Their Quarrel—An Expedition Fitting Out at Kiel.

Possibly Serious Complications.

[Manchester Guardian Berlin Letter.]

As the telegraph has already informed you, at the end of last week the Government inquired of the dockyard authorities at Kiel whether the armour-plated frigate Prince Frederick Charles, and the corvettes Elizabeth and Augusta, were in a condition to be put in commission immediately. The answer was in the affirmative, and according to the Hamburger Correspondenz, orders have been given that these vessels should be got ready with as little delay as possible for an expedition to Brazil. It would appear from this that the affray which took place at Rio Janeiro on the 19th of October, between several officers of the German corvette Nymphe and the Brazilian police may possibly lead to rather serious complications. In the course of the debate on the estimates for the navy, Gen. Von Roon observed that Germany could not do without a fleet, as difficulties might arise at any time with countries on the other side of the world, when a naval force would be indispensable for the protection of German subjects and the German honor. It is now believed that he had the present conflict with Brazil in view when he adduced this argument. I send you an account of the affair as contained in a letter from a German correspondent, dated Rio Janeiro, Oct. 21; only two days, therefore, after it had occurred. It must, of course, be remembered that the following is an *ex parte* statement, and may be a little highly colored, but I see no reason to doubt its truth in the main.

"A quarrel which was forced upon the officers of the Nymphe, on October 19, has assumed greater dimensions than is usually the case with seaport brawls. It is the subject of passionate comment in all the papers of Rio, is discussed in all private houses, has produced great excitement throughout the whole German colony, and has even given occasion to congratulations addressed to the officers and crew of the corvette Nymphe. As the affair will probably lead to further results, I send you an accurate and detailed account of it, based on my own inquiries. Several days previously three German sailors had been suddenly attacked in a house, and, as they assert, without any provocation. The sailors first turned their assailants out of doors, then defended the house against forty policemen—a class in very bad repute here—and knocked down seven of the rascals, but were at last obliged to surrender. The sailors were led off to prison, but reported themselves on board the next morning. It is also stated that several officers of the Nymphe had been attacked by a number of policemen while bathing, and were only rescued by the energy of the captain. The temperature of the air, therefore, was already rather warm, and what followed was perhaps only an act of revenge for the former affair. On the evening of the day before yesterday a midshipman of the Nymphe, who has the character of being a sensible and brave young man, was quietly enjoying a glass of wine with four warrant officers, a mate, the gunner, a boatswain, and an engineer, whom he had accidentally met at the Hotel Central, a respectable restaurant. They talked German, were not making any noise, or giving other cause of offense. Several well-dressed men entered the room, and conversed partly in English and partly in French. One of them went out again, returned about ten minutes afterward, slammed the door, and screaming and gesticulating, rushed up to the German sailors, who at the same moment thought they heard many voices outside the door. The Germans listened quietly to this violent man, who spoke Portuguese, but without understanding one word of his declamation. Suddenly he seized the glasses of the Germans, poured their contents together, threw the whole over the head of the engineer, giving him at the same time a box on the ears. This officer had watched the behavior of the stranger in silent astonishment up to this time, but now he began to understand the state of the case, and knocked his assailant down.

"The other persons in plain clothes immediately attacked the Germans. One of them whistled, the door was thrown open, about 20 armed policemen, and at least 50 other persons with life-preservers and knives, rushed in, and a bloody fight commenced the same instant. The thin walking-sticks of the Germans broke after a few blows. The mate, in remembrance of former rows, had provided himself with a pocket life-preserver; the other four defended themselves with the chairs. The boatswain, who was nearest the door, succeeded in getting out with two of his assailants hanging on to him, rushed down the stairs, got possession of his sword and fought his way through to the landing-place, where the rascals left him. The gunner was attacked first by a Frenchman, but knocked him down with a chair, which was broken to pieces by the blow. Two police officers and a Brazilian major attacked the midshipman, Herr von Stutterheim. The latter snatched a sword from one of his assailants, and dealt the major such a severe wound on the forehead that he fell at once, and if report says true, is now dying. After this he wounded both the policemen; but at last, after a struggle of nearly half an hour, the Germans were obliged to yield to the superiority of force. The gunner and the engineer were knocked down and led away; the mate, with his life-preserver, fought his way to the door, throwing off his assailants as a boar at bay throws off the dogs. When he had reached the door his strength failed him, and he sank, upon which the crowd belabored him with their sticks till they could drag him off in a state of unconsciousness. The midshipman at last remained alone. Several cuts on the head and four stabs on the right hand obliged him to throw away the Brazilian sword, but he still continued to fight like a Hun, with the leg of a chair, till he suddenly felt his arms fall powerless at his side. The brave young fellow then put his head against the wall, in the corner of the room, and turned his back upon the rabble. The police then continued to beat him with their side-arms until he fell and was carried off to prison. He was confined with the warrant officers, and their numerous wounds were dressed. Some kind Germans succeeded in obtaining access to them, when it appeared that they were all in a condition to take the sustenance provided in a basket of provisions. There is hope, therefore, that none of their wounds will prove mortal. But how have they punished their adversaries? The whole harbor is full of it, and the newspapers call out to Heaven. People know now in Rio what German blows are. According to the papers, beside the major, these five Germans have knocked down 15 civilians, and wounded, more or less severely, six rascals of the police. A priest, who sprang out of a window at the beginning of the fray, has broken both his legs. The midshipman, Von Stutterheim, is stated in the Rio papers to be a nephew of Prince Bismarck. Perhaps his relationship with the Chancellor is considered an explanation of the energetic treatment to which he served his assailants. In Germany perhaps people will laugh at our regarding the affair with the warmth and pride of patriotism, but here we come into rather closer contact with the primitive condition of humanity. One of the inconvenient consequences of this conflict is that the Nymphe will not be able to proceed so soon on her voyage."

The above letter was evidently dispatched too early to mention the manner in which the case was treated by the Brazilian Court in which it was tried. As is now known from later accounts, all the Brazilians were acquitted, and only the Germans were condemned. It is this circumstance in all probability which has produced such a very bad effect in Berlin, and will lead to strong measures if necessary. But, however disgraceful the conduct of the Brazilians may have been, there does not seem to be any sufficient reason to assume that the whole question may not be peaceably settled by diplomacy. That even a premeditated tavern brawl, carried on with legs of chairs and life-preservers, should lead to the more serious game that is played with 300-pound shells would be very humiliating for modern civilization. But the German Government can hardly contemplate such a mode of settling the difficulty. It probably imagines that its diplomatists will obtain a more ready hearing if they have very weighty arguments to fall back upon. I learn by this evening's papers that the inquiry of the Government at Kiel referred to four and not merely three ships of war, and that the wooden roofing of the armor plated frigate Crown Prince, now in ordinary at Kiel, is already being removed. The same papers also assert that the statement that the order has already been given to commission these ships is premature.

WORKINGMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

The Object of the Institution—To Elevate and Unite the Workingmen.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Numerous inquiries having been made as to the objects of the Workingmen's Aid Association, of Louisville, we give them briefly below:

First—To elevate the workingmen to a standard that God designed them for.

Second—To cultivate the genius and intellect of the workingmen by the formation and erection of reading-rooms in the city of Louisville for their mutual benefit.

Third—To unite the interests of the workingmen of Louisville for the defense of their rights and interests, and enable them to act in concert upon any matter which may affect their material interests directly or indirectly.

Fourth—To examine and discuss all laws which may be considered obnoxious to the welfare of the workingmen, and to devise plans for their abolishment in a legal manner.

Fifth—To use all means in our power to adjust difficulties between employers and workingmen, and to use our influence against strikes and disruptions.

Sixth—To assist each other in times of distress and sickness is one great and cardinal principle of our order, and must be attended to.

Seventh—Politics are driven from our councils, and are not allowed to be discussed. Our politics are honesty, industry and integrity; the love of law and God, and a strict adherence to our principles.

The above are the aims and objects of our order. Let us go hand in hand, and we will be respected by those that consider themselves our superiors.

A. W. DAVIS, Pres't.
W. H. SPROWL, Sec'y.

☞ In a deserted shop in Pittsfield, Mass., there rests on its block an anvil that has done duty for more than three hundred years. It is found to-day as it was in 1533, when Eltweed Pomeroy, after welding for the Stuarts the ponderous horse shoes of the same style and pattern that his ancestors had made during generations for the Tudors and Plantagenets, grew weary of taxes without law, and work without wages, and, anvil in hand, sailed for the new world. A deft workman, he throve in the settlements, and left his anvil as an heirloom to his descendants.

CHRISTMAS CANDY.

Some Alarming Facts About the Adulterated Article.

Outrageous Practices.

[From the New York Tribune.]

As the Christmas holidays approach, candy becomes an object of uncommon interest, and families that use much of this luxury are more than ever desirous of knowing whether their favorite confectioner is dealing out poison to them or harmless sugar, harmlessly colored and flavored. The adulterations of confectionery are so numerous and subtle that the only very safe advice that can be given to buyers is, make your purchases at old established stores, and pay the highest market price. At all events, let no one buy candy that has evidently cost much labor, when it is offered to them at less than the price of sugar. There are thirty or forty extensive confectionery manufactories in this city, beside hundreds operating on a smaller scale. It has been stated repeatedly in the newspapers that three-quarters of the candy made in this city is adulterated, and, when it is considered that millions of pounds are shipped annually from here to all parts of the globe, the mischief done by these deleterious compounds is seen to be immense.

Good candies contain nothing but sugar, with a small quantity of coloring and flavoring matter, and such sweetmeats will not cause decay of the teeth as rapidly as bread. For it has been found by experiment that when bread is packed against a tooth, the fermentation which eats away the enamel begins at the expiration of the twelfth hour, but sugar similarly placed will not begin to injure the tooth till after the seventeenth hour. The red coloring in good candy is secured by the use of a small portion of cochineal, which is an animal coloring so delicate that it is used in a standard medicine for weakly babies. The yellow color of genuine candy is produced by the slight admixture of saffron, another harmless material. Fruit and chocolate candies rate higher than the others, and can be made so as to be quite harmless. Most confectioners use as a basis for these the best refined sugar, and add the finest almonds, filberts, pistachio nuts, gum-arabic, cherry-pits and licorice.

THE INGREDIENTS OF ADULTERATED CANDY.

The most outrageous practices are resorted to in almost every branch of the trade, to impose their worse than worthless products on the people. Take for instance *marrons glacés*, which respectable confectioners make from Italian and French nuts—the former, from Lucca, being the best. The swindlers make these candies principally out of sweet potatoes and Tonka beans. Their chocolate creams have very little genuine chocolate or sugar in them. The exterior is made of cocoa shells and the interior of terra alba, mixed with lard to make them soft and soluble to the tongue. The liquor in their cordial candies is made of fusel oil. Where the genuine article has almonds, peanuts are used, and in place of ottar of roses and rose-water a mixture of geranium extract and turpentine is employed.

Several years ago there was considerable excitement among the wealthy candy buyers of this city over the supposed discovery of manufacturers of candy in Wooster and other obscure streets, who made first-class confectionery for one-third of the Broadway price. Curious stories were told of the astonishment of ladies of the first circles on meeting each other in these cheap stores, and of their mutual vows "not to tell." Ladies were even known to beg the lace paper of Broadway dealers, which had their firm name stamped upon it, in order that the cheap wares might appear upon elegant tables under a respectable imprint.

Impure candy runs through the entire range of sweets, from fruit to peppermint. The percentage of sugar ranges from 10 to 90 per cent., and the rest is made up of materials which are absolutely hurtful—deranging the stomach and all the vital organs, producing palpitation of the heart, costiveness and stone. Besides, there enter into the composition of some varieties, the oil of bitter almonds, sulphuric acid, very badly decayed cheese, and a crystallized substance resulting from the distillation of crude petroleum. Many of these candies contain at least 90 per cent. of poisonous matter.

Terra alba, or white earth, enters more largely than any other ingredient into these vile mixtures. It came first as ballast from Ireland, has also been imported from France and England; and is now brought largely from Kentucky. Thousands of hogsheads of it are used every year in this country for adulterating. It is employed by the grocers who sell "doctored" sugar, which is adulterated sometimes to such an extent that three tea-spoonfuls are required to sweeten a cup of tea. It also enters largely into cheap mustard and pepper, cream-of-tartar, &c. Terra alba, when first brought as ballast from Europe, was considered worthless, but in an evil hour a knavish confectioner, noticing its availability as a substitute for sugar, began to use it. This "earth" is a delicate substance, which has been ground by some process of nature to powder so fine that there is no gritty sensation in the mouth when it is eaten with even ten per cent. of sugar. It is heavier than water, and has a sweet taste. It was sold for a long time at $15 a ton, but now costs 1½c a pound, while good sugar costs about 15 cents. This article enters into almost every one of the 1,500 varieties of candy. In lozenges adulterations are almost universal. For instance, 30 pounds of peppermint lozenges can be made for 14 cents a pound, so cheap are the materials employed. The other ingredients are starch, glue, and glucose. The terra alba gives them the appearance and weight of sugar, and the starch and glue hold them together. Before terra alba came into use, the foreign substances introduced were starch, flour, and soapstone. The glue used costs a few cents a pound, while gum-arabic costs 40 cents. The genuine gumdrop can be easily distinguished from the counterfeit. The genuine will stretch almost like India-rubber, while the glue drop, or that made from an extract of potatoes, will not stretch. At the oldest candy store in the city, a vial was shown to the writer, containing adulterated candy "in solution." A quarter of an inch of white earth lay at the bottom of the vial, and a dirty brown liquid, colored by the brown sugar used, occupied the rest of the space.

POISONOUS COLORS.

Candy when first made is white unless composed of the vilest materials. As it suits the public to see it colored, various cheap devices are employed as substitutes for cochineal and saffron. The red color is usually produced by amboline, which is obtained in a crystallized form from coal-tar during its process of refining. A small portion of this dangerous precipitate is placed in a vessel, and a quantity of alcohol poured upon it, when it is immediately ready for use. Before it is mixed with the alcohol it is bright green, but subsequently turns a rich magenta hue. With this poisonous compound the candy is colored, and then packed for sale. Amboline is sold for two dollars an ounce, and will equal in coloring strength twenty times its weight of cochineal.

A green color is also made from verdigris. An amount of candy can be colored by this mixture, for 15 cents, which would cost $15 to color in the legitimate way. Red is sometimes produced with fuchsine, an aniline color, or with minium, commonly known as red lead.

POISONOUS FLAVORS.

All candies are flavored, and of these flavors many are very dangerous and some are deadly poisons. The varieties least likely to be "doctored" are clove, sassafras and wintergreen. These oils are low-priced, and the manufacturers can afford to use them honestly. Peppermint oil is made of all grades, and that used in the low-priced candy is principally turpentine. Lemon and cinnamon are similarly adulterated, and the oil produced has a strong, hard odor, which is readily distinguishable, but when reduced to an essence and poured into the half-made candy, it adds its quota to the danger with but slight risk of detection.

The flavors used in the higher grades of candies are still more dangerous. Fruit candies have been very extensively used for many years. The different flavors of peach, pear, pine-apple, banana, &c., are imitated with a naturalness that readily deceives the palate. The flavor of pine-apple is produced by the union of sulphuric acid and decayed cheese, and the flavors of pear, peach and banana are obtained by a mixture into which fusel oil enters largely. This oil is produced from grain, and is known to be a great promoter of Bright's disease of the kidneys. Many ladies hardly think their day satisfactorily completed unless they have eaten a quarter of a pound of sugared almonds, or, as they are usually called, "sweet almonds." To such it may be interesting to know that the flavor of the almond is often produced by the oil of bitter almonds—a poison of which a very small quantity would serve to destroy life.

THE EFFECTS OF THE POISONS.

The consequences of eating even sparingly of these noxious compounds can not be overestimated. Many diseases which torment adults are known to date their origin from the sweet things consumed in childhood. The newspapers occasionally discover an instance which shows that candy has been instrumental in killing some child; but the majority of such cases are considered mysterious providences.

The candy trade is divided into two branches. The first supplies many of the first-class druggists, who sell at a high price, and intend to keep good candies; the second is called the "grocery trade," and supplies planters at the South, grocers, &c. The latter class furnish vile candy, which is devoured principally by negroes, and into which the very smallest portion of sugar enters. About 500 pounds of this candy are sold to ten of the pure or moderately mixed.

During the war, when sugar was 30 cents a pound, most of the candy was sold for less than 20 cents. This was partly because a tax of 4 cents a pound was levied upon all candy that sold at over 20 cents. The candy-makers, wishing to avoid this, usually took care to put in terra alba enough to enable them to sell at a profit for about 18 cents. Thus the tax fell altogether upon the honest manufacturers.

A leading confectioner gives a curious account of a meeting which he attended at that time. A number of candy manufacturers had convened to consider the interests of their trade. After the regular business was finished, a conversation occurred between a few of the dealers. Said one, "How is it that ——, at Chicago, can sell for less than we can?" One replied, "He uses more terra alba, of course." "Well, I suppose I use as much as anybody, and I can never work in more than 25 per cent." "Oh, pshaw! 25 per cent is nothing. I use a great deal more than that." "But I mean that you cannot use more than that and turn out a first-class article, particularly for the Southern trade. If you put more than that amount in candy that is sent South, the stuff all falls to pieces when the heat strikes it."

"At this point," says the informant, "I got up and said, 'Gentlemen, I would not have come here if I had known you were a set of pottery bakers. I am not one of that sort. Good day.'"

REMARKS BY MRS. RUTH.

What She Says for Herself—An Interview in Jail.

A reporter of the Lawrence Standard lately visited Mrs. Ruth-Voullaire, of Ruth-Medlicott notoriety, in the Douglas county jail, and said that, all things considered, she bears her confinement well, and certainly seems cheerful, with the exception of complaints about the irregularities attending her arrest. She manifests no bitterness toward any one, but expresses a determination to have legal redress for what she esteems her wrongs, when cleared of the present charge against her. She also complained somewhat of the state of feeling towards her, and said she felt it to be very unjust. On being told that the public feeling arose from the fact that, while nearly everybody believed that Dr. Medlicott had murdered Mr. Ruth, she seemed to screen him, and consequently people charged her with sympathy for him. To this she said in substance that the people were very unjust to want her to go and "shoot" Dr. Medlicott on suspicion, when she did not know whether he was guilty or not: that she had good reasons for thinking that Mr. Ruth had committed suicide, some of which would be made public in the course of her trial.

THE IDEA OF INTIMACY

with Dr. M. she scouted, and argued that even were all true that had been charged on that score, it would be folly to accuse her of conspiring to murder Mr. R.; it would have been so easy, she said, to find a cloak under which to carry on her intimacy. She professed much respect for the memory of Mr. Ruth, and to rebut the idea that she had any sympathy for Dr. M., she said that, when told the prosecution against him was going to fall through, and that the trial was going to be a sham, she promptly determined to have the case prosecuted herself. She also contradicted the report that she had intended to leave the city previous to her arrest, and said that she had paid a month's rent in advance just before that time.

HER CELL,

she said, was comfortable; she had her French books, her own light, and passed her time more comfortably than one might suppose she could. When we asked her what books she had, she replied, "I have my Bible, for one." She says that Mr. Voullaire sympathizes with her, and wants her to get clear and come to St. Louis, and, when Belmont spoke of him with some asperity, she checked him up and reprimanded him for it.

NOT MUCH TO BE MADE OUT OF HER.

Mrs. Ruth is a not very interesting person to interview. She has the faculty of saying a good deal which means little, and is very careful and coy about discussing her own case. She was particularly amused, however, at the idea that the county attorney should be afraid of her, and when speaking on that subject she would toss her head in a sort of half scornful and half merry way, and laugh heartily. Her manner is calculated to impress one with the conviction that she is a person of great fortitude and coolness, and capable of enduring the pressure of the severest misfortunes.

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.

Holiday Arrangements in the Churches and Sunday-schools.

THE CHURCHES.

Love-feast on Wednesday night, at Shelby-street M. C. station.

Rev. Dr. McKee will preach at Warren Presbyterian church, corner of Nineteenth and Jefferson, every evening of this week after to-morrow evening.

Daylight prayer-meeting at the Broadway M. E. church to-morrow morning.

Christmas-day service and sermon at 11 o'clock to-morrow, at Calvary Episcopal church, corner of Third and Guthrie streets. Music: 1. Christmas Anthem, Petera; 2. Thou Child Divine, Schultze; 3. Gloria, from Haydn; 4. Te Deum, by S. Jackson; 5. Jubilate, Mosenthal; 6. Hark! the Herald Angels Sing, Plato. Prof. Bergstein will sing all the base solos on this occasion. Prof. B. is an acquisition to the vocalists of Louisville, and is highly appreciated.

On Christmas morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. Mr. B. Hutsmann will celebrate his first Mass at St. Boniface church. The choir will perform Haydn's Mass No. 1, and a grand celebration is to be expected.

The Catholic churches of the city celebrate the Nativity of Our Lord, with High Mass at 10 o'clock A. M., to-morrow, and Vespers at 3 P. M. At the Cathedral, solemn Pontifical High Mass will be celebrated at 10½ A. M.

St. Patrick's Church, corner of Thirteenth and Market streets—Solemn High Mass will be sung to-morrow morning, at 5 o'clock, and, also, at 10½ o'clock. Mass will be said at 8½ o'clock. The sanctuary is to be decorated this afternoon with streamers, lilies and evergreens, and flowers both artificial and natural.

A festival for the benefit of the congregation (colored) will commence to-morrow in Quinn's Chapel, Walnut street, between Eighth and Ninth, and continue through the week. The congregation are in debt to the amount of $1,185, the whole amount of which they wish to pay on New Year.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Jefferson, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Services at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. Text: Gallatians iv., 1-7; subject—Celebration of Christmas Day. The day is St. Stephens. Tuesday will be the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, and will be observed by celebrating the Holy Communion at 7 o'clock A. M. The Festival of the Holy Innocents is on the 28th, and will be appropriately observed. The church has been handsomely decorated for Christmas. The cross is entwined with myrtle leaves, with red berries and white mistletoe-berries nestling in the green. Over it is to hang an exceedingly beautiful and chaste wreath, composed of evergreens, mosses, white roses, lilies of the valley, daisies and immortelles. This wreath is a thank-offering on the part of one of the sons of the church. The rear chancel wall is decorated with inscriptions in Mediæval texts in vermillion and green. The face of the organ-loft is festooned, and contains in the panels, in white letters, the words: "Peace on Earth." Around the entire church are sentences appropriate to Christmas time, in the same colors, with the letters on the chancel walls, such as: "Serve the Lord with Gladness," "Son of God," &c. The entire church, from the chancel to the organ loft, is tastefully festooned. The front is draped with a wide band of holly leaves, interspersed with white lilies, and the altar is draped in white. A delicate line of ivy leaves traces the edges of the altar above, below, and on either side. In the centre of the altar-front, on the white background it affords, are the letters "I. H. S.," in a beautiful monogram, which is in gilt, vermilion, and green, and the vases above the altar are filled with lilies and magnolia leaves. The whole effect is exceedingly appropriate and striking.

St. John's German Evangelical Church, corner of Clay and Market streets, Christmas Day services—Morning text: Luke i., 1-14; subject—In what does a blessed celebration of Christmas consist, and what belongs to it? After the service the celebration of the Lord's Supper. In the evening at 6 o'clock children service, with illumination of a Christmas tree. First part—catechising the children; subject, the history of the birth of Christ. Second part—address to the congregation; text, Titus ii., 11-15; subject, for what purpose the grace of God in Christ appeared to all men. Services on Tuesday morning, text, Acts vi., 8-15 and vii. 54-60; subject, What is the blessing of a right celebration of Christmas? If we can testify, suffer and die like Stephen.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

A Sunday-school festival will be given at Kavanaugh Chapel on Tuesday next, under the direction of MR. C. O. Smith. Tickets of admission will be given to scholars and teachers, and the little folks connected with that Sunday-school will enjoy a rich dinner, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Dr. E. O. Brown will deliver the Christmas address to the Sabbath-school of Shelby street M. E. Station, commencing at 9 A. M. Seats free.

A concert and exhibition will be given on next Thursday evening by the teachers and pupils of the Sunday-school of Chestnut-street Methodist church.

A Christmas tree will be erected and gifts distributed to the children of the Sunday-school of the Christian church, corner of Fourth and Walnut streets, to-morrow evening. Candy and fruits and other presents are now preparing in great quantities.

A mission Sunday-school, attached to Chestnut-street Baptist church, is held at Seventeenth and Madison streets, where, at half-past 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, presents will be distributed to the children, and an address will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Weaver.

The sixth anniversary of the Sunday-school connected with the Market-street M. E. church will be held in the church on the evening of the 28th, the exercises to consist of singing, recitations, speeches, &c. Admission 25 to 50 cents; net proceeds for the benefit of the Sunday school.

A festival will be given to the children of the McKee Mission Sunday-school, at the chapel, on the corner of Fourth and Kentucky streets, on Thursday evening, December 28th. An address will also be delivered by Rev. G. H. Robertson, pastor of the Chestnut-street Presbyterian church.

A collection will be taken up in the Broadway Methodist Sunday-school this morning, for the benefit of the poor of that congregation, and for the fund of the Methodist Widows' and Orphans' Homes. The children have consented to forego the pleasures of a Christmas tree or festival in order that they may contribute their little mites to help the poor and needy.

A Christmas tree will be erected in the Sunday-school room of Quinn's chapel (colored), Walnut street, between Eighth and Ninth, to-morrow evening, and presents distributed to the scholars. An exhibition, embracing declamations, reading and singing, will be held at the same time.

A Christmas entertainment will be given to-morrow night at the Walnut-street Methodist church by the students and teachers of the Sunday-school. The exercises commence at 7 o'clock by singing "Who is He in Yonder Stall?" and will be followed by prayer and by a brief address from Rev. Mr. Settle. A star of brass tubes will be suspended under the arch over the pulpit, and twenty-five children, each bearing a gilt-edged letter, will advance to the altar and recite a lesson, or repeat a scriptural passage. The letters will then be placed upon the cross, and, when illuminated, will read: "Peace on earth, good will to men." The programme embraces various other exercises, such as singing, reading, distribution of keepsakes, etc.

The Sunday and Industrial schools of Christ's church, Episcopal, will have a Christmas tree and a grand Christmas festival on Tuesday afternoon, commencing at 2½.

The Sabbath-school of the Fourth Presbyterian church, Hancock, between Main and Market streets, is held at 9 o'clock A. M. The annual meeting of the Sabbath-school will be held in the church on next Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. The exercises, which will consist of an address by the pastor and reports of the work done during the past year, will be interspersed with singing. The meeting is calculated to inspire teachers, scholars and parents with a new interest in the Sabbath-school work. All friends of the school are cordially invited to be present.

There will be a concert given by the German Methodist Episcopal Sunday-school at the Madison-street church, near Twelfth street, Tuesday evening at half-past 7 o'clock. Miss Hettie Hawthorne is the musical director of the occasion.

STILL FURTHER REDUCED

MY ENTIRE ELEGANT STOCK

Holiday Presents!

Collars, Lace Sets, Embroidered Initial Handkerchiefs, French Lace and Embroidered Sets, Children's Hoods, Mitts, Sacks, Embroidered Shawls, Jackets, Plain and Embroidered Linen Sets, and other Novelties, just received from Paris at

Positively First Cost,

TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK.

DORA SCHULZ.

oc25 Su,Tu&Th

WEATHER REPORT.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 23, 1871—11 P. M.

War Department, Signal Service United States Army, Division of Telegrams and Reports, for the benefit of commerce.

[Via Western Union Telegraph Co.]

Place of observation	Height of barometer	Change in last 7 hrs	Ther. deg.	Change in last 24 hrs	Dir'c'n of wd	Force of wd	State of Weather
Augusta, Ga.	30.19	x.05	63	x.26	s.	g	Hvy.r.
Baltimore	29.98	—13	45	....	s.w.	f	Clo'dy
Boston	29.87	—29	53	....	s.	b	Lt.r'n.
Buffalo	29.83	—51	38	x.12	s.w.	g	Clo'dy
Cairo	30.31	x.21	34	—22	0	c	Hazy.
Charleston	30.24	x.02	65	....	s.	g	Clo'dy
Chicago	30.17	x.49	19	—14	w.	f	Clear.
Cincinnati	30.29	x.57	38	— 6	w.	g	Clear.
Davenport	30.21	x.26	16	—16	s.w.	f	Clo'dy
Galveston	30.13	x.11	57	— 9	N.	l	Clear.
Indianapolis	30.22	x.39	31	—11	s.w.	g	Hazy.
Key West	30.25	....	74	0	E.	g	Clear.
Leavenworth	30.20	0	15	—14	s.	g	Clear.
Louisville	30.26	x.44	37	—11	N.W	g	Clear.
Memphis	30.26	x.15	41	x.16	N.	f	Clear.
Mobile	30.19	x.09	63	x. 3	0	c	Clo'dy
Nashville	30.28	x.27	45	— 7	N.	l	Clear.
New Orleans	30.16	x.11	60	— 8	S.E.	g	Clear.
New York	29.90	—18	52	....	s.w.	h	Lt.r'n
Norfolk, Va.	30.15	—02	64	x.32	s.	b	Lt.r'n
Omaha, Neb.	29.92	....	9	—11	s.	f	Clo'dy
Pittsburgh	30.17	—10	48	x. 9	w.	b	Hy.r'n
Portland, Me	29.78	—40	44	....	s.	b	Lt.r'n
Punta Rassa	30.28	x.06	69	0	E.	g	Clear.
Savannah	30.25	x.04	64	x.18	s.	l	Clo'dy
Shreveport	30.17	x.04	41	....	E.	g	Fair.
St. Louis	30.22	x.19	30	—18	S.E.	g	Clear.
St. Paul	30.06	x.30	—5	—20	s.w.	f	Clear.
Wilmington	30.26	x.03	66	x.29	s.	f	Thr'g.
Jacksonv, Fa	30.29	x.06	65	x.15	S.E.	l	Fair.
Vicksburg	30.24	x.15	50	—18	N.	g	Clear.

NOTE—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

EXPLANATION—G, gentle; b, brisk; v b, very brisk; p, perceptible; c, calm; f, fresh; l, light; h, high; x, rises; —, fall in the thermometer.

ABBREVIATIONS IN "STATE OF WEATHER"—Lt, light; Hy, heavy.

Local Observations—Dec. 23, 1871.

Hour of observation	Hight of barometer	Change since last observation	Hight of thermometer	Change in 24 hours	Dir. of Wind	Force of Wind	Rainfall, inches and hundr'ths	State of the Weather
7 A.M	29.589	—276	54½	x.26½	S.E.	f	0.31	Hy.r'n
2 P.M	29.643	x.054	59½	x.22½	S.E.	h	....	Clo'dy
4 P.M	29.822	x.179	57	x.19	s.w.	b	....	Cle'ng
9 P.M	30.235	x.413	39	— 7	N.W.	g	....	Clear.
11 P.M	30.264	x.029	37	—11	N.W.	g	....	Clear.

NOTE.—The rainfall is measured at 7 A. M. for the preceding 24 hours.

Observer's office in Custom-house.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 23, 1871.

PROBABILITIES.

The area of lowest barometer will probably continue to move northeastward into Canada, with snow on its northern borders, but rain to the south. Southeasterly winds veer to southwest, and increase in force in the Middle and Eastern States, with cloudy and clearing weather on Sunday. Northwesterly winds and clearing weather prevail in the Gulf States.

Mortuary Report.

The following is the report of deaths for the week ending Dec. 23, 1871:

HEALTH OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 23, 1871.

Corrhosis of liver	1	Paralysis (general)	1
Congestion of brain	2	Pericarditis	1
Consumption	5	Pleuro pneumonia	1
Convulsion	1	Pneumonia	8
Diarrhea, chronic	2	Premature birth	2
Diphtheria	1	Still born	5
Enteritis	1	Small-pox	1
Fever, congestive	1	Suicide	1
Fever, typhoid	2	Typhoid pneumonia	1
Inanition	1	Unknown	1
Inflam'tn of bladder	1	Valv. dis. of heart	1
Old age	3	Whoopingcough	1
Total			47

SEX.

Male	26	Female	21

COLOR.

White	36	Black	11

AGE.

Under 1 year	15	1 to 5 years	3
5 to 8 years	2	6 to 10 years	0
10 to 20 years	1	20 to 30 years	3
30 to 40 years	6	40 to 50 years	6
50 to 60 years	2	60 to 70 years	3
70 and over	6		

NATIVITY.

America	33	Ireland	5
Germany	8	Italy	1

NUMBER OF DEATHS IN EACH WARD.

First ward	4	Second ward	2
Third ward	3	Fourth ward	4
Fifth ward	5	Sixth ward	3
Seventh ward	2	Eighth ward	5
Ninth ward	4	Tenth ward	4
Eleventh ward	4	Twelfth ward	4
Without medical attention			5

C. B. BLACKBURN, M. D.,
Sec'y Board of Health.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

CATLETTSBURG, KY., Dec. 23.—The ice broke up at noon to-day. No damage done. Had a warm rain this morning, and strong southwest wind since noon. Thermometer 63 all day; since rising. Weather clear and mild.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23, Night.—River 7 feet and rising. Ferries running. Steamboatmen believe that navigation will open early next week. Snow all gone.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Dec. 23, Night.—Cloudy and mild. River clear and snow all gone. River rising. Fayette, Henderson and return; Gray Eagle, Owensboro and return to Louisville, constituted port list to-day. Growing colder and wind shifted to north.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 23, Night.—River stationary, with fifteen inches on Harpeth Shoals. Weather mild and variable. Heavy rain this morning.

CAIRO, Dec. 23, Noon.—Arrived: T. J. Eckert, from gorge near Columbus, noon. Departed: Ada Hellman, Nashville, 9 A. M.; Kate Robinson, St. Louis. Very heavy rain last night, with a strong south wind. Weather very warm. The gorge above Columbus still holds fast. The packet has not made a trip since Thursday.

CAIRO, Dec. 23, Night.—No arrivals. Departed—City of Vicksburg, for Vicksburg, 8 P. M. The Mallie Ragon lost her chimneys at Grand Chain in a gale, and is aground; the Arkansas Belle is assisting her. A telegram from the Idlewild says that the transfer packet Columbus to-night reports that she has broken the gorge. This leaves uninterrupted passage for steamers South and for passengers by rail. River falling. Weather clear and colder.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23, Night.—Arrived: None. Departed: Exchange and S. S. Merrill, New Orleans; W. J. Lewis, Vicksburg; Minnie, Arkansas river; Alice, Memphis. River rising, with probably 5 feet water to Cairo. Weather warm with very high wind this morning; since then clear and colder. A large part of the gorge above the bridge piers broke up and ran out to-day, but the ice is still strong at and above Bissell's point.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 23.—The little steamer Roseville, belonging to the Arkansas Packet company, bound from Little Rock to New Orleans, with 1,000 bales of cotton, sunk in the Arkansas river, on Wednesday, in 4 feet of water. She was worth $15,000 and insured in Pittsburgh and Wheeling. It is doubtful if she can be raised. The steamer Phil. Allen was blown on Reeve's Bar last night, during the gale, and sunk in shallow water. She can be raised. The Dexter and Indians are aground near Helena. The gale last night was very severe. Clear and cool. River falling. Arrived—St. Joseph, Cairo. Departed—Emilie Labarge, Chas. Bodmann, New Orleans; Walt, White river.

VICKSBURG, Dec. 23.—Down: Pauline Carroll, 8 A. M.; Mary Alice and barges, 4 P. M.; Gov. Allen, 2 P. M. Up: Kate, 10 A. M.; Emma C. Elliott, 1 P. M.; City of Cairo, 8 P. M. Weather cool and clear. River falling.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23, Night.—No arrivals. Departed: Glencoe, Lady Lee, St. Louis; Adra, Louisville; John Howard, Arkansas river. Weather warm and cloudy.

JAMES SPROULE & CO.

92 and 94 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

Gents' Business Suits;
Gents' Dress Suits;
Gents' "Star" Shirts;
Overcoats, King William Coats.

UNDERCLOTHING

Splendid assortment, at the lowest prices.

Stock can not be Excelled.

JAMES SPROULE & CO.

E. B. NUGENT.

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE

OF

Millinery Goods

CHOICE HATS IN VELVET

For Ladies, Children and Misses.

ALSO A

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FINE FLOWERS

For Hats, Bonnets, Evening Parties, &c.

ALSO

BEAUTIFUL FEATHERS.

In Black Ostrich, Fancy Colored Feathers, Pompons, &c.

GREAT BARGAINS AT

E. B. NUGENT'S.

THE BLEES

Noiseless Link-Motion Lock-Stitch

SEWING-MACHINE,

The Best Family and Manufacturing Sewing-Machine in the World.

FUNK, KINDRED & KIZER, General Agents, No. 49 West Jefferson st., below Second, Louisville, Ky.

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CHRISTMAS!

Splendid Display

OF

CHROMOS AND ENGRAVINGS,

ELEGANTLY FRAMED.

Wall Brackets,

Wall Pockets, Medicine Chests,
Side Brackets, Corner Closets,
Parlor Tables, Towel Racks,
Book Shelves, Letter Racks,
Card Tables, Match Safes,
And an elegant line of new and beautiful

SWISS CARVINGS

☞ We also announce our New Gallery of Fine Arts now open to the public. Admission Free.

FITCH & LINDSEY,

75 Fourth Street.

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A rare Assortment of FINE CHANDELIERS and GAS FIXTURES.

SOLE AGENTS

STEAM & HOT-WATER HEATING A SPECIALTY.

FOR

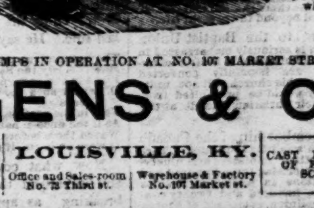
BLAKE'S PATENT

STEAM PUMP,

THE BEST STEAM PUMP IN THE MARKET.

Hand Power. Lever detached.

PURCHASE MONEY REFUNDED IN CASE A PUMP FAILS To Do the Work for which it is warranted.



Every Pump Fully Warranted.

☞ SAMPLE PUMPS IN OPERATION AT NO. 107 MARKET STREET. ☜

MAGENS & CO.,

RAILWAY, MACHINISTS, & FOUNDERY SUPPLIES.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office and Sales-room No. 73 Third st. Warehouse & Factory No. 107 Market st.

CAST IRON PUMPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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1871. Holiday Trade. 1871.

WALTON & BROTHERS,

DIRECT IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

French and English China,

IRONSTONE CHINA, and COMMON EARTHENWARE,

Bohemian and American Glassware, Silver-plated Ware, Table Cutlery; House, Hotel, and Steamboat Furnishing Goods,

136 Main street, south side, between Fourth and Fifth.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

We will offer our immense stock at greatly reduced prices for thirty days, in order to make room for our spring stock, now being shipped from Europe, thus offering a rare opportunity to those who wish to replenish their table-ware, and especially to those beginning housekeeping. Our stock is now larger and better-assorted than ever before, comprising everything to be found in a first-class China and House-furnishing establishment. In our stock may be found a very large assortment of

Rich and Elegant French China; Decorated Gold-band and Plain White Dinner, Breakfast, Tea, and Toilet Sets; Bohemian and American Glassware in endless variety; Table and Pocket Cutlery, all grades;

Everything pertaining to the complete outfit of the table in

Rich Silver-plated Ware, Table Mats, Fire-Sets, Plate-Warmers, Coal-Vases, Coal-Buckets, Tea Trays and Waiters, Japanned Toilet Sets, etc., etc.

ALSO A GREAT VARIETY OF

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

We invite the attention of merchants, housekeepers, hotel proprietors, and steamboat owners to an examination of our stock before making their purchases, assuring them that we will offer rare inducements to buy of us.

WALTON & BROTHERS.

de3 SuTu&Fim

[C]OURIER-JOURNAL

LOUISVILLE.

[SUN]DAY MORNING, DEC. 24, 1871.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

THE DAILY.

[illegible] by mail......$12 00
[illegible] months...... [illegible]
[illegible] months...... [illegible]
[illegible] month...... [illegible]

To city subscribers, per week, 25 cents, payable to [the] carrier, or $13 per year when paid at the office. To [News] Agents, 3 cents per copy.

THE SUNDAY COURIER-JOURNAL.

[illegible] by mail......$2 00
[illegible], delivered [in the] city...... [illegible]

[illegible] by mail, $14 per year; delivered [by] carriers, $15 per year when paid at the office. [Paid] to the carriers six times a week for 25 cents; seven times a week, 30 cents.

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An extra copy is allowed to the club agent for every club of ten at $1 65 each, and an additional extra copy for every additional ten subscribers, and an extra copy is allowed for every club of twenty at $1 50 each, and an additional extra copy for every additional twenty subscribers.

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Money may be sent in postoffice orders or drafts, and when these cannot be procured, by mail at our risk; in the latter instance the money to be inclosed in the presence of the Postmaster, whose certificate will be required in case of its loss.

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DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL.

ON THE FIRST OR FOURTH PAGE—$1 25 per square for each insertion.

ON THE SECOND OR THIRD PAGE.—$1 per square for each insertion for the first week; 80 cents per square for each insertion for the second week, and 70 cents per square for each insertion thereafter. One square, one month, $18; two months, $32; three months, $45; every other day one month, $10; two months, [illegible]; three months, $25.

"For Sale," "To Rent," "Wants," "Boarding," &c., Marriages, Deaths, Obituaries, Society and Religious Notices, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement for less than 30 cents.

"City Features" 40 cents per line, "City Items" 30 cents per line, "Local Notices" 20 cents per line, and "Special Notices" 15 cents per line, each insertion.

"Medical," "Astrological," and "Lottery" advertisements 50 per cent. additional.

Cuts and stereotype advertisements double price.

Double-column advertisements 50 per cent. additional. Advertisements to occupy fixed places 50 per cent. additional.

All advertisements, except for established business firms with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

All bills due on first insertion of advertisement. All bills with regular advertisers rendered monthly.

Weekly Courier-Journal.

Two dollars per square of eight lines solid Agate for each insertion. No advertisement or notice for less than $1—Special Notices, Items, &c., double the rates of daily.

☞ Rejected articles will not be returned to writers and all news matter which is used will be paid for if the charge be specified by the correspondent.

RELIGIOUS.

The Baptists of New Jersey report a total membership in the State of 25,108, being a gain of 351 within the present year.

The converts from Mormonism have contributed funds for the purpose of spreading the Gospel among the Latter-Day Saints.

The Greek Church and the American Episcopal Church are said to be in a fair way to be brought into fraternal relations in the Far West.

Rev. Mr. Cracraft, of Gambier, Ohio, formerly an Episcopal clergyman, has accepted a call to the Oakland Congregational Church, Chicago.

The Protestants in Turkey now number 25,000, representing twelve different nationalities. The greater part of them are connected with the American missions.

A Cumberland Presbyterian church in a Western city has been without a pastor for six years, because they have not been able to support a married preacher.

Rev. D. S. C. M. Potter, formerly a Unitarian minister in Massachusetts, has been admitted to holy orders in the Episcopal Church, by the Bishop of New York.

Revival meetings are in progress in many of the churches in the city of Indianapolis, in which there are nightly conversions and additions to the number of professors.

The last Religious Telegraph reports revivals at a great many places in the United Brethren church. The prospects are hopeful for a very general awakening in the denomination.

Father Hyacinthe has commenced a series of lectures in the great hall of the Museum at Munich, and is attracting large audiences. He stands firm in his opposition to Papal infallibility.

The Jews in Birmingham, England, have formed an association to oppose the London Society for the Conversion of the Jews. Everybody paying a shilling a year is to be a member.

The Congregational church (white and colored) at Corpus Christi, Texas, is the second one organized in that State. A revival is in progress, which is regarded as an earnest of future prosperity.

Rev. James C. Beecher, youngest brother of Henry Ward Beecher, and his substitute at Plymouth church last summer, has accepted a call from the Congregational Society at Poughkeepsie, New York.

Quite a number of the burned-out congregations in Chicago have extemporized places of worship—temporary chapels or halls—that will be used until permanent and commodious buildings can be erected.

The church buildings belonging to the United Brethren in this country are estimated at $1,000,000, and the income of the missionary department for the last year was $88,048, all of which has been expended.

The Episcopalians of Cincinnati propose to erect an additional church next year, to be called St. Thomas. This will make the fourth Protestant Episcopal church organized in that city within the last two years.

An actor from one of the New York theaters and a Roman Catholic physician were recently converted at the Fulton-street daily prayer meeting, New York, and have joined the old North Presbyterian Church.

The Roman Catholic church at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, with all its contents, and the adjoining house, occupied by the priest, have been entirely destroyed by fire; supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The Charles-street Methodist Church, of Baltimore, Maryland, of which Rev. Dr. Eddy is pastor, is gradually reaching completion. It will probably cost $100,000 when completed, and will be one of the finest on the continent.

In the Ohio Conference of the Methodist Church there are one hundred and twenty-five charges, fifteen of them paying a salary of twelve hundred dollars and upward to their pastors. All the charges except twenty-nine are supplied with parsonages.

The Quakers, throughout the country are deeply interested in the progress of revivals among them. Very prosperous meetings have been held in the West, and more recently in the East. In the city of Brooklyn they are holding daily services with marked success, attended by all denominations.

The old Episcopal church at Lancaster, [illegible], dating back to colonial times, has just been enlarged, remodeled and modernized, so as to make a most attractive, convenient and tasteful church edifice. This congregation has enjoyed in the past the pastoral services of a number of very eminent ministers.

Ten years ago the Episcopalians had four church edifices in San Francisco, or one church to about twelve thousand people. Now, they have seven parishes, being one to about thirty-four thousand of the inhabitants. The church papers do not consider the result as indicating satisfactory progress.

The order of Deaconess is growing in favor in the English Church. The Dean of Chester publishes some rules for their guidance—among others a deaconess must wear a dress that should be plain and distinctive—should aim at a constant progress in religious knowledge, and ought not to drop her surname.

George A. Jackson was recently refused ordination in the Congregational Church, North Adams, Mass., because he was inclined to accept the doctrine of a second probation after death, and the final salvation of all men. His views on other subjects were regarded as in harmony with the evangelical standards.

The older advocates of Universalism, such as Murray, Winchester and others, though believing that sin and punishment would extend into the coming world, taught the final holiness and happiness of all. Ballou and others, coming later, were of opinion that the punishment of sin would not extend beyond the present life.

A correspondent to the Baptist Union says that the church is seriously embarrassed in some sections by an adherence to close communion. Many who are hopefully converted through the labors of this church will not unite with it, because they would be prohibited from sitting down with their Christian friends at the Lord's table.

Last year the membership of the Canada Presbyterian Church was fifty thousand. There are three hundred settled ministers and ninety-six mission fields, comprising three hundred and five preaching stations in addition. Besides these there are one hundred and twenty congregations in the Dominion, composed of Scotch Presbyterians.

The Moravians always hold a watch night-meeting on New Year's eve. The minister begins the discourse half an hour before midnight, and continues speaking until at precisely twelve o'clock the organ, accompanied by a band of tamborinists and the songs of the entire congregation, proclaims in its loudest notes the advent of the new Year.

The Evangelical Alliance has sent forth the following programme for the week of prayer:

Sunday, January 7.—Sermons: Subjects—The faith once delivered to the saints, a universal and everlasting bond of union in the Christian Church. The duty of its defense and extension binding on all believers.

Monday, January 8.—Thanksgiving: God's "unspeakable gift;" for mercies, personal and relative; for National mercies; for the maintenance and restoration of famine and other national calamities; for mercies in the Christian church; for the progress of Christ's kingdom and the usefulness of the Christian ministry.

Tuesday, January 9.—Humiliation: For personal and national sins, weakness of faith, disobedience and worldliness in the church; acknowledgments of Divine judgment, confessions of unfaithfulness, and prayer for the revival of religion as in times past.

Wednesday, January 10.—Prayer (intercessory): For families: for the sons and daughters of Christian parents at home and in other lands; also for those at school, at colleges and universities; and for all entering upon commercial or professional duties; for the increase of spiritual life in those who confess Christ; for the conversion of the unconverted; and for the sanctifying of affliction both to parents and children.

Thursday, January 11.—Prayer (intercessory): For kings and all in authority; for nations, especially those recently visited with the calamities of war; for the prevalence of peace in the councils of statesmen; for righteousness, harmony and good will among all classes; for the spread of sound knowledge, and for God's blessing upon special efforts to resist the progress of infidelity, superstition, intemperance and other kinds of immorality.

Friday, January 12.—Prayer (intercessory): For the Christian Church, for bishops, presbyters, pastors and missionaries; for translators of the Holy Scriptures into various tongues; for office-bearers, and for committees, societies and authors engaged in Christian work.

Saturday, January 13.—Prayer: For a larger outpouring of the Holy Spirit; for the increase of Christian love and holy zeal, and the union of believers in prayer and effort for God's glory.

Sunday, January 14.—Sermons: "Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth as it is done in heaven." Matt., vi., 10.

The extraordinary measure by which Governor Scott, of South Carolina, defeated the movement for his impeachment could only have occurred in an extraordinary and lamentable state of affairs. It appears that the plans of the impeachers were hardly ripe for action, and their only hope of success was to stave off a final vote until later in the session. With this object an adjournment of the Legislature was carried two or three days since, the impeaching members hoping to so complete their preparations during the holidays as to secure the conviction of Scott when the Legislature should again meet. But, as reported in our dispatches of yesterday, the sharper Governor managed to outwit his enemies by convening the Legislature in extraordinary session, forcing a vote upon the resolution of impeachment and carried it by a large majority, thus securing his safety. Then, by another special message, the proclamation of the morning was revoked, and the Legislature thereupon adjourned. As the quarrel was at best a fight among thieves—Carpet-bagger Scott vs. Convicted-bigamist Bowen—the result one way or the other does not much affect the well being of the State.

The question as to whether American citizens can legally hold slaves in the West India Islands either as dealers, hirers, owners or mortgagers is just now puzzling the wise men of the national capital. Our special dispatches of yesterday report the Joint Committee on Foreign Relations as in a desperate quandary in regard to the matter, and the probability that it would be finally left to the President to cut the Gordian knot. The President, in his annual message, held that, as the holding of slaves is prohibited within the United States, there should be stringent legislation to prevent its citizens from having control of the same species of property in foreign lands. There has long been a law in England containing this same provision, and when infringed upon by citizens of that country the benefits of citizenship have commonly been thereby forfeited. It is urged that additional legislation is not required to accomplish this object with us, and that the prohibitory power is inherent in the Government. If enforced it will fall heavily upon a class of wealthy merchants of the Eastern cities, and particularly of sanctimonious Boston, who, it has been softly whispered, have declaimed loudly against slavery in the Southern States while holding by agency or actual purchase large plantations stocked with negro slaves in Cuba and the other sugar-producing islands.

Mr. Longfellow's New Poem.

The reputation of Mr. Longfellow is too well established to suffer from adverse criticism. He has given the world in his numerous poems a standard by which his later works must inevitably be judged. He is an acknowledged master of melodious numbers, and will always be loved for the pure and serene depth of feeling in his verses and the exquisite grace with which it is expressed.

But the public were disappointed when Hiawatha appeared, and his New England Tragedies would have had a very small circulation but for the great reputation of the author. Not much surprise, then, will be felt at the lack of character and originality in the new poem of Mr. Longfellow that has been issued in the present month by his publishers, J. R. Osgood & Co.

The subject of the new work, as most of our readers know, is the life of our Lord, and the book's title is The Divine Tragedy. The poem opens with an epilogue—or "introitus," as Mr. Longfellow chooses to call it—and closes for an epilogue with the apostles' creed, divided into twelve parts, each one of which comes from one of the apostles. The main poem is divided into three parts, called, we do not see with what propriety, respectively, the first, second and third passover.

The first scene introduces John the Baptist and the questioning Scribes and Pharisees, and from this point the story goes on following the gospel narrative through the interview with Peter after the resurrection.

Wherever the Scripture personages speak there is the most careful fidelity to the Bible narrative, and the poet has followed the old legends and traditions too faithfully. One would have expected a loftier and more sublime treatment of such a subject from Mr. Longfellow. His strict adherence to Bible words and phrases may not be censured; the severity of his taste would not allow him to put other than recorded language in the mouths of his sacred characters. But we did look for some deep, fresh views from one who holds so high a rank among poets. In discoursing upon such a theme as this, he should have boldly and decidedly pointed out paths that have heretofore been untrodden rather than to have crept tremblingly along over a beaten track. One familiar with Talmudistic legends and Eastern lore would give a satisfactory nod at the accuracy of the many scholarly allusions to these treasures of curious story that abound in this poem, but to the multitude they must seem far-fetched and incomprehensible. In the epilogue the angel says:

> "Therefore I thee have uplifted
> And bear thee aloft by the hair
> Of thy head, like a cloud that is drifted
> Through the vast unknown of the air!"

This contains an idea by no means poetical to the ordinary intelligence, though the better read may detect a reference to an old Mahometan belief. A trivial thing like this should pass unnoticed did not the subject demand a faultless piece of execution.

There is a lack of fervor and enthusiasm in the entire poem. It is too cold and polished to do anything for us, except not to offend the most fastidious. Mr. Longfellow is too nice and dainty ever to do that. We could spare a little of the smoothness, if so we could have our hearts made to burn within us at the recital of this sublimest of stories. But, to show how feeble the poet is, take this passage from the lips of Nathanael, who of course never said it, and mark how the rare beauty of the language is utterly destroyed by the false note struck in the last line. He says:

> The summer sun grows hot; I am anhungered;
> How cheerily the Sabbath-breaking quail
> Pipes in the corn, and bids us to his feast
> Of wheat sheaves. How the bearded, ripening ears
> Toss in the roofless temple of the air;
> As if the unseen hand of some high priest
> Waved them before Mount Tabor as an altar!
> It were no harm, if we should pluck and eat.

Now what could be more far-fetched and unnatural than the epithet "Sabbath-breaking," as applied to a quail? And how can any one think that the disciples had the faintest thought of violating the law or felt the slightest prick of conscience as they plucked so naturally the ears of corn? If they had thought the act needed an apology, the pharisees' fault-finding would not have received the reproof it did from the Lord.

The description of the temptation is feeble and mediæval in spirit; and all that the angels are allowed to say at the close of this scene is:

> The sun goes down; the evening shadows lengthen,
> The fever and the struggle of the day
> Abate and pass away.
> Thine angels ministrant, we come to strengthen
> And comfort thee, and crown thee with the palm,
> The silence and the calm.

This is rather pretty and harmonious, but not very angelic; for it is generally supposed that angels are not given to boasting.

In the second part the poet introduces Simon Magus, who is certainly mentioned in the book of Acts, but where Helen of Troy is to be found in the Bible, we do not know. This entire division of the poem seems to be out of place, and unnecessary to the action of the piece. But then, the same may be said of any other portion; for the connection of the parts is so slight that any one of them might be dropped and not injure the story. There is no climax in this book and nothing to secure the attention and interest of the reader, except perhaps a curiosity to see how such a poet deals with such a subject. But this feeling of curiosity will soon be satisfied. In a conversation between the disciples after the resurrection, Thomas, the Apostle, is represented as saying:

> I know he is arisen;
> But where are now the kingdom and glory
> He promised unto us? We have all dreamed
> That we were princes, and we wake to find
> We are but fishermen.

To which Peter, last of all men from whom we would expect a play upon words, is made to reply:

> Who should have been
> Fishers of men!

To sum up the whole book, we fail to see in it anything except a certain shallow cleverness in arranging given words in harmonious numbers; and some occasional passages of peculiar grace and beauty, almost of power. The speech of Barabbas to his fellow-prisoners is one of these; and some of the lines put into the mouth of Manahem stand out as impassioned and worthy of the high reputation of the author. But we feel confident that Mr. Longfellow will add nothing to his fame by this his latest work, and that the public will speedily forget it.

LITERARY NOTES.

Mr. Charles Reade has in preparation a new novel, to appear in London Society.

Mr. Gerald Massey is about to issue his book on Shakespeare's Sonnets in a second and enlarged edition.

Mr. John Morley, the editor of the Contemporary Review, has in press the life of Voltaire in one volume.

Mr. Kennan's "Tent-Life in Siberia" has had the deserved compliment paid it of being translated into Russian.

A novel by Jean Ingelow, "Off the Skillings," has been secured for serial publication by Hearth and Home.

The literary MSS. of the late Robert Blum are being published by his son, Dr. Hans Blum, the editor of the Grenzboten.

Orange Judd & Co. issue in book form the story called "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," that has been publishing as a serial in Hearth and Home.

Mr. Samuel Smiles, author of Self-Help, will shortly publish a new volume, which we judge to be of a similar description, entitled Character.

Mr. Robert Browning has a new poem, of considerable length, ready for the press, which will be published in the course of the present month.

The fifth volume of Prof. Max Muller's large edition of the Hymns of the Rig-Veda, with the Commentary of Sayana, will be published early next year.

The correspondence of Goethe's mother appears among Herr Brockhaus' publications at Leipsic, under the editorship of Herr Robert Keil, with the title "Frau Rath."

Mrs. Emilia Marryat Norris, a daughter of Captain Marryat, the novelist, has another volume for children in press, entitled "Alda Graham and her Brother Philip."

Miss Helen Taylor, step-daughter of John Stuart Mill, has edited the posthumous and miscellaneous works of Mr. Buckle. They will appear shortly, in three volumes.

A translation of that portion of the late Henry Crabb Robinson's dairy which relates to Germany has been published at Weimar, accompanied by an introduction and a memoir.

Messrs. Hurd & Houghton announce Landmarks and Other Poems, by John J. Piatt. Messrs. J. R. Osgood & Co. publish this week The Last Tournament, by Tennyson, an addition to Idyls of the King.

Miss Thackeray is about to bring out a novel on which she has been at work for several years. It will be called "Old Kensington," and will appear simultaneously in the Cornhill Magazine and in Scribner's Monthly.

As a curious sample of slipshod writing or careless punctuation, we quote the following from the prospectus of a book by a Pennsylvania clergyman, who is also its publisher: "It resembles a rich, chaste lady's quarto album."

Mrs. Oliphant, the English novelist, is reported to be engaged upon a life of the Comte de Montalembert, a translation of whose celebrated work, "The Monks of the West," was recently published by Mr. P. Donahoe, Boston.

A new volume of essays by Miss Frances Power Cobbe is in the press, entitled "Creeds of the East and Speculations of the West." It will contain her articles "On Unconscious Cerebration," "On the Religion of Childhood," and others of a similar character.

Messrs. J. E. Tilton & Co., of Boston, not having reconciled their difference with Messrs. J. R. Osgood & Co., have in press Tennyson's "Last Tournament," illustrated by Hammatt Billings, uniform with the same publishers' edition of "Enoch Arden."

A critical edition of Shelley's poems, including some hitherto unedited pieces, is about to be published in London. The text is to be that of the author's original editions, and *fac-similes* of all the original titles will be given, including the "Queen Mab" printed at a private house in Chapel street.

The able and eloquent lecture delivered upon the Darwinian Theory, by Dr. T. S. Bell, before the medical department of the University of Louisville, at the beginning of its thirty-fifth session, has just been published, at the request of the class, in a very neat pamphlet from the press of Hull & Brother.

New Historical Magazine.—Messrs. Chase & Town, Philadelphia, announce for publication, commencing with the new year, a new historical magazine, under the editorship of Benson J. Lossing, the well-known author of "Field Book of War," &c. It will be illustrated, and will be a complete record of American history and antiquities, &c.

M. Paul Lacroix, better known by his assumed name, "Bibliophile Jacob," gives us this year a companion volume to the "Art of the Middle Age," published some three or four years ago, and bought by the public with great eagerness. The work that he has now brought out is called "The Manners, Customs, and Dress of the Middle Age and of the Revival."

German Books.—Mr. E. Steiger, New York, issues several catalogues of German books imported by him, and usually to be found among his extensive stock. He has recently issued a catalogue of German books in fine bindings, suitable for presents. It includes many beautifully illustrated volumes in various departments of literature, and a great variety of children's books.

The fifth and sixth parts of the supplement to the "Conversations Lexicon," published by Brockhaus, of Leipsic, bring the eleventh edition down to our own times. In the fifth part are articles on the "Vatican Council," the "Commune of Paris," and "Darwinism;" while the sixth contains articles on the "German Empire," the "Franco-German War, and full accounts of the German army, navy, people, and literature.

Mr. John Timbs, the author of "Things not Generally Known," to which a wit has added, "because not generally true," has been telling some more "things not generally known," among others, some of the early adventures of Mr. Disraeli. These "things," says the London Bookseller, never having happened, were quite "unknown" to the statesman, and his lawyer has written to the editor of the journal in which they appeared to say so.

Gilderoy W. Griffin, of Louisville, Ky., recently appointed consul to Copenhagen, is the author of a "Biography of George D. Prentice," of "Studies of Literature," "Life of Colonel C. S. Todd," and other works. He goes abroad with the view of studying Scandinavian literature, in which the Royal Library of the Danish capital is especially rich. Mrs. Griffin (formerly Miss Alice McClure) is one of the popular poetesses of Kentucky, and was in the ante-war days a favorite contributor to the Louisville Journal. —[N. Y. Tribune.

One of the most unique holiday books of the present season will be Mr. Augustus Hoppin's new book of sketches, entitled "Ups and Downs on Land and Water." There is no letter press. The sketches are like the conversation of an observant and humorous traveler, touching those features and experiences of travel that every one desires to know about. The drawings are reproduced by a new process, which preserves the individuality of the artist. A limited edition of the volume, in an oblong folio form, will be published immediately by Osgood.

The Rev. Edward Everett Hale's "Ten Times One is Ten" appears to have taken root in Chicago, where, out of the ruins of the fire, has sprung up a Young Men's Christian Union, bearing Harry Wadsworth's motto: "Look up, and not down; look out, and not in; look forward, and not back; lend a helping hand." This new association, having a hearty, non-sectarian support, is to build, next spring, a large hall near the business center of the town, for lectures and music, in connection with a reading-room, gymnasium, etc., and a library. This last is one of the chief objects of the Union, and commends itself to those who seek an opportunity to aid in the restoration of Chicago.

The latest publication from the China press is a little brochure entitled "A Sketch of Our Relations with China during Three and a Half Centuries—1517 to 1869," by Baron de Meritens, Knight of the Legion of Honor, formerly acting Chinese Secretary to the French Legation at Peking, and, later, Commissioner of Customs at Foochow. The pamphlet has attracted much attention in China, and the China Mail and other leading papers review it at considerable length. To enter into a consideration of the many points raised in its pages would occupy too much space, but we may commend it as a useful *vade mecum* to those desirous of obtaining information upon the subject of which it treats. As a fair exposition of the views held by nearly every foreign resident, English, American, or French, in China, it possesses a value apart from the intrinsic truth or error of its arguments.—[The Nation.

"Latin Pronunciation" (Cambridge; Charles W. Sever) is an outline in a few pages of the system of Latin pronunciation introduced into Harvard College, some years ago, by Professor Lane, and now generally adopted by the Massachusetts schools. The absurdities of the English and American pronunciation have always been apparent enough. It has been kept up or submitted to, however, quite as much from indifference as from despair of certainty on a necessarily doubtful matter. An approximation to the Augustan standard of orthoepy is made feasible by the help of Quintilian, who was not very remote from the golden age, and of Priscian, who, if much later, used the works of older grammarians. The result attained by following these guides is such that we may reasonably suppose that Cicero, hearing Latin read according to the proposed system, would recognize the language as his own, though he might have a few strictures to make. We have only to read English as so much Italian to form a conception of the amazement with which the American boy declaiming *Quousque tandem Catilina* would be listened to by the original audience. We are glad to see it announced that Professor Lane is preparing an elementary Latin grammar. —[The Nation.

THE COURTS.

Louisville City Court.

[*Hon. J. Hop Price, Judge.*]

Saturday, Dec. 23.—Drunk and disorderly—Alexander T. Knight, fined $20; Geo. T. Bernan, continued; Eliza Lee, discharged; Jacob Munsch, James Scott, Mary McBride, Jos. Taylor, Michael Maley, Charles Ridge and J. W. Goodman, fined $5 each, and Harry Jones held to bail in the sum $300 for three months.

Abuse of family—Ferguson Donahue, assault upon Mrs. Donahue; $5 fine.

Jefferson County Court.

[*Hon. W. B. Hoke, Judge.*]

Saturday, Dec. 23.—John Offendoffer vs. —— Frank; case submitted on law and facts.

Speed & Barnett vs. J. M. Reamer; judgment of magistrate affirmed.

George Omer vs. —— Strait; jury trial; verdict for plaintiff, and judgment for $30; motion and grounds for new trial filed by defendant.

Wm. Weir vs. McDonald & Co.; answer and counter-claim filed herein.

United States Court.

[*Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge.*]

DISTRICT COURT.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

Saturday, Dec. 23.—In re. Wm. A. Hood, Montgomery county, Kentucky; voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed and referred to Robt. W. Colthard, register.

In re. Louis Langolf: exceptions of S. E. Jones, assignee to the claim of Amelia L. Hoffman, overruled; assignee ordered to pay P. O. Gaertner, attorney of Amelia Hoffman, the said claim in full, out of funds in his hands, if said funds are sufficient, if not sufficient, to pay as far as they will go.

Jefferson Court Common Pleas.

[*Hon. H. J. Stites, Judge.*]

SUBMITTED CAUSES.

Saturday, Dec. 23.—Hamilton & Brothers vs. P. and M. Pfeiffer; judgement for plaintiff for $468 45 interest and costs.

L. D. Lyon vs. McClellan & Peggs; motion for judgment, notwithstanding the verdict, overruled.

Ray & Connell vs. D. W. Richards; demurrer to answer sustained.

M. Erick vs. J. G. McNett *et al*; motion for judgment against Tripp overruled.

Southwestern Furniture Manufacturing Company vs. Hays & McNett *et al*; motion for judgment against Tripp overruled.

J. B. Montgomery & Co vs. John Andrewatha; motion to set aside judgment and quash execution sustained; demurrer to amended petition sustained.

Adaline Hirshburg vs. Wm. Lensing; demurrer to petition overruled.

TRIAL DOCKET.

Judgments by default were taken in the following cases:

Wm. F. Bryan vs. G. D. Oldham; judgment for $300.

M. Rosenfield vs. Henry Knabeschuh; judgment for $255 20.

Henry Thierman vs. John McCarty; judgment for $106 15.

Edward Percell vs. John Haley; judgment for $2,500.

James H. Shields vs. Cornelius Murphy; judgment for $100.

S. I. M. Major vs. W. H. Perrin et al.; judgment for $193 25.

U. B. Evarts vs. J. Fry Lawrance; judgment for $435 60.

Terry, Wheat & Chestney vs. N. O. Potts; judgment for $887 40.

A. C. Rawson vs. R. P. Huntington; judgment for $190.

Bennett Brothers' Furniture Manufacturing Co. vs. Paroquet Springs; motion for judgment for $4,104 60, submitted.

Jefferson Circuit Court.

[*Hon. H. W. Bruce, Judge.*]

Saturday, Dec. 23.—Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. John L. Pullen, indicted for incest. In this case, yesterday morning, Col. Lee, Commonwealth Attorney, moved to have the cause assigned to a day for another trial, but it being suggested by the court that there had already been two trials of this defendant on this charge; that in each the jury had disagreed without any hope of a verdict; that the facts detailed in the evidence were so vicious and obscene that the public morals were more hurt by their continued public recital than they would be by allowing the defendant to go acquit without another trial, and that it was very doubtful if a conviction could ever be had in the case without further proof, the Commonwealth Attorney, by the permission of the court, dismissed the indictment, and the defendant was discharged.

Same vs. Hiram Bohannon, charged with killing Addison Cook, in Shelby county. This defendant was tried, found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged. The Court of Appeals reversed Judge Bruce's decision, and the defendant was to-day admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000, Leroy Kessler, Nathaniel Floyd, and Benj. Scroggins became his sureties.

Thomas Bowman and John Clark both pleaded guilty of grand larceny, and the first was awarded two and the latter one year in the penitentiary.

One other case, involving the title to a certain tree, the cutting of which was charged as a misdemeanor, but the defendant was acquitted. The matter was too trifling to have been considered by the court.

The criminals who had been convicted at this term were yesterday sentenced by the court. They were as follows:

Nelly Gray, grand larceny; one year.
John Adams, receiving stolen property; one year.
Lilly Adams, grand larceny; one year.
John Harman, forgery; two years.
James C. Swift, larceny; one year.
Alonzo Spencer, horse-stealing; four years.
Caspar Weil, larceny; one year.
Adam Emmet, larceny; one year.
Jesse Leachman, larceny; one year.
Martin Thomas, manslaughter; ten years.

RIVER NEWS.

[*Special dispatches to the Courier-Journal report the condition of the weather and rivers at various points.*]

The river was stationary yesterday with 3½ feet in the canal and 18 inches in the Indiana chute. The weather since our last report has undergone a very radical change. Yesterday was really warm, with the mercury at 60 degrees the greater part of the day. The snow that had fallen on Thursday night had all disappeared yesterday morning, under the influences of the rain and warm weather. The ice also disappeared as rapidly. On Friday evening the river was frozen over from shore to shore, but yesterday evening there was not a particle of ice to be seen from the head of the canal to Pumpkin patch. The river at this point was never known, by the oldest inhabitant, to have frozen over in so short a time, nor the ice to have disappeared so rapidly. The prospect at this writing is very encouraging for a speedy resumption of navigation. It is expected that all the packets will be making regular trips by to-morrow or next day. Private dispatches received yesterday from Pittsburgh are very favorable for a rise.

The crew of the Robin, laid up at Stephensport, arrived in this city yesterday.

Capt. B. C. Levi, after an absence of several days in the country, returned to the city yesterday.

The towboat Robert Fulton, which has been lying above the bar at Evansville for two months or more with a tow of coal, was cut down by the ice Thursday night. She lies in about four feet water, near the middle of the river, and should it rise suddenly, she will be a total loss. The Nashville has gone into winter quarters at Battery Rock.

Captain Dugan, of the T. F. Eckert, says he will remove Bacon Rock in the mouth of the Ohio for $6,000, or he will take off four feet of it for $4,000. Now, here is a chance for the underwriters. The above sums are very small in comparison to the losses they have sustained, and the greater ones they will sustain, if this dangerous obstruction is not at once removed.

The Memphis Avalanche of Thursday says: "Capt. Snodgrass, of the Submarine, left for Arkansas river, where he will engage in wrecking the Celeste. Capt. Pat. Yore left for St. Louis. He came down in command of the Pauline Carroll, but turned his charge over to his brother James at this point. Martin B. Downes, who died in this city on Tuesday last, was twenty years of age, and a native of Kilkee, Clare county, Ireland. For the past six or seven years he has been employed as a clerk on the river, serving chiefly on Captain George Cheek's steamers. He was in apparently good health until Tuesday, when a sudden attack of congestion carried him to an untimely grave. Mr. Downes has several brothers who reside in this city."

The St. Louis Times of Friday says: Thermometer last evening twenty, with wind from the southeast, the direction which generally brings rain. Many boatmen prophesied on 'Change yesterday that it would rain before twenty-four hours. There was a slight snow fall during the afternoon, which threatened last evening to turn to sleet. The river is frozen over at the foot of Miller street, and opposite the docks, and the floating ice between those points and Cairo is so heavy as to entirely suspend navigation. Business yesterday on the levee was confined to the discharging of the Susie Silver and Exchange. Large quantities of freights are being forwarded to Cairo by the packet companies, by rail, for the Bismarck and John Kyle. Should the cold weather continue for forty-eight hours there will not be three feet water thence to Cairo. Captain E. Evans, of the Exchange, which arrived from Cairo Wednesday evening, reports but three feet eight inches water in the channel between here and the mouth of the Ohio. The Exchange met the E. H. Durfee at Rush Tower Bend; Esperanza, at Widow Waters'; M. J. Wicks at Chester; Commonwealth, Tower Island; Huntsville at Ste. Genevieve. The Fanny Lewis and Mary McDonald are also between here and Grand Tower detained by the ice, and the Mary E. Poe, which left Wednesday evening for Red River, is laying at the foot of Lesperance street. A telegram received yesterday by J. J. Sylvester, of the Arkansas Packet company, reported the Sioux City hard aground in the middle of the river opposite Price's Landing with her head down stream and heavy ice in the river. She had on board, however, a light cargo and will in all probability reach Cairo by this morning. Pilots say the river has changed a great deal in the last few days and it is hard to find the water. Captain John Bruner came down yesterday from his home in Alton, and reported the ice moving sluggishly by that city.

Captain Gus Lemcke, writing to the Evansville Journal, from Washington, says: After an almost uninterrupted session of five days and four nights, the Executive Committee of the Boatmen's National Convention has just closed its labors, so far as the entire revision of the laws and the submission of the same to Congress goes. We have had two conferences with the House Committee on Commerce; the last one, this morning, was of three and a half hours' duration, and we have every assurance from most members of the committee that our amendments, amounting to near thirty sections, will be by them reported essentially as we make them. Our arguments before them have been telling and effective, and for good reasons. We have steadily kept in view the fact that the intent of this law, as expressed in the title, is "the protection of life and property," &c. We have, in conformity therewith, added provisions for life-saving appliances not heretofore required by law. We have taken discretionary power out of the hands of the supervising inspectors, and have, for their voluminous rules and regulations, submitted in the proper sections of the law itself, fully and clearly, all and every requirement and appliance really needful and subserving the professed object. We have raised the character of the iron and steel from which boilers henceforth are to be constructed, and its examination and inspection, determining quality by its tensile strength and homogeneousness, instead of determining steam pressure by arbitrary rule, as heretofore. We have sought to free the law from its perplexing contradictions and indefiniteness. We have done away with "clap traps" and patents, and have placed, in every case, the responsibility where it belongs, be it with the owner or officer of the boat, or the inspector under the law. The Committee on Commerce on Monday next will report in the House a joint resolution suspending so much of the law, temporarily, as relates to "Coal towboats on the Ohio river," to enable them, without any diminution of steam pressure, to bring out the present accumulation of coal from Pittsburgh, should a rise occur before the proposed amendments can be passed by Congress. There will be serious contention between the towboat and passenger and freight-boat interest before we get through. I fear, all of which I will more fully explain before our association on my return home. Yours, truly, J. A. Lemcke, member Ex. Com. for Indiana. P. S.—Of our Indiana delegation Mr. Holman is on the House Committee on Commerce, and very friendly to our cause. Judge Niblack, as usual, is willing to do anything in his power for his constituents in the right direction; General Coburn, Judge Wilson, Mr. Tyner and General Manson will be found our friends, and Colonel Crebs, of Illinois, opposed the passage of the law, and of course is with us. Governor Morton I have not yet had time to see, but will call on him Monday.

NEW ALBANY.

Three interments in the Northern Cemetery last week.

Alonzo Harbinson still lingers, and his recovery is doubtful.

Six marriage licenses were issued by the County Clerk last week.

The aggregate sales of real estate only amounted to $7,205 last week.

Marriage license has been issued since last report to Henry Hunter and Martha Routh.

Turkeys were selling in the market yesterday at from fifteen to eighteen cents per pound.

Rev. F. Walker, of Kingsley Church, Evansville, will preach at Wesley Chapel at 10½ A. M. to-day.

Fifteen car-loads of hogs were received per the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad Friday.

Elder C. M. Robertson, of Ohio, is in the city, speding the holidays with his family and friends.

There was nothing doing in Justice Monroe's court beyond the usual routine of civil business.

City Marshal W. T. Kendall was winner of the fine gold watch at the St. Nicholas raffle, Friday night.

Over three hundred persons will be in attendance at the ball at Maennerchor Hall to-morrow night.

A Christmas sermon will be preached at John-street M. E. Church at 7 P. M. to-day by the pastor, Rev. J. D. Welker.

Up to last evening, one hundred cases had been entered upon the Criminal Circuit Court docket for the January term.

The room in the court-house that will be set apart for the use of the United States Court is being fitted up in elegant style.

The newly-organized minstrel company left for Charlestown, Ind., last evening, where they designed giving a concert last night.

Business throughout the city was very brisk yesterday. The stores were thronged with customers until a late hour last evening.

Preaching at the usual hours, morning and evening, at the Second Presbyterian Church, by the pastor, Rev. Robert Dickson, D. D.

The large sign of S. C. Day & Sons was blown down during the high winds yesterday, and fell about forty feet from the store.

The annual election of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows Mutual Aid Association will be held the second Saturday in January.

Judge William Underhill, formerly a resident of this city, died at Sellersburgh, Clark county, Friday afternoon, in the seventy-sixth year of his age.

Henry Charles, an employe at the rolling mill, had his knee dislocated yesterday morning while at work. He received prompt attention and was resting easy last evening.

Ed. Lowery, who has been confined in jail in default of $500 bail for his appearance at the next term of the Common Pleas Court, gave bond yesterday and was released.

Auditor T. J. Fullenlove and George Lyman, Esq., have been on a hunting excursion in Monroe county. They were expected to return last night with abundance of game.

In the Supreme Court last Wednesday, the case of John V. Veit et al. against Valentine Graff, appeal from the Floyd Circuit Court, the judgment of the lower court was reversed.

The remains of Thompson Curry, who died at Mound City several days ago, arrived yesterday. His funeral will take place from his late residence on Lower Market street at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

McMahan, Goodloe & Co. slaughtered 400 hogs yesterday. The prices quoted yesterday were $3 90 to $4 25 per cental gross. This makes the total number slaughtered by them this season 13,000 head.

The examination of Harryman & Sproul, bankrupts of Jeffersonville, was continued before Register Noble C. Butler yesterday. Major Casey, of the law firm of Reid & Casey, of Louisville, conducted the examination.

The store room formerly occupied by McCord & Bradley has been beautifully decorated with evergreens, flags, etc., for the festival to be given by Ivanhoe Lodge No. 15, Knights of Pythias, commencing Tuesday night and continuing until Thursday night. A fine time is anticipated.

Manning's Minstrels at the Opera-house to-morrow night, a grand ball at Maennerchor Hall, a dance at Crystal Fountain Park, a private hop at the residence of Mr. R. H. Campbell—these together with a number of private parties, Sunday-school festivals, etc., will afford everybody a chance to enjoy a merry Christmas.

The horses attached to the steam fire-engine Washington became frightened yesterday afternoon and ran down Pearl street toward the river; when about half way down the wharf the engine upset, throwing the driver, Michael Cole, violently on the rocks, seriously and probably fatally injuring him. The engine was badly damaged.

There was a terrific tornado passed down the gorge on section four of the Air Line railway, four miles below the city, at noon yesterday. About seven hundred feet of the trestle work was demolished, and the heavy timbers thrown twenty or thirty feet. A horse and buggy was carried some thirty feet, but escaped uninjured. The damage to the trestle work is estimated at $1,500.

In the City Court yesterday, William Seward, a deaf mute, was assessed in fine and costs $8 95 for being drunk and disorderly. Seward is a desperate character when under the influence of liquor, and it requires nearly all of the combined police force to arrest him. He has been let off several times on condition that he leave the city, but does not remain long before he returns, and then invariably finds his way to the lock-up.

Despite the inclement weather Friday night the Opera-house was well filled on the occasion of the concert given by the young ladies of the Female High School. It was a perfect success in every respect. The young ladies all acquitted themselves admirably. Without speaking anything disparagingly of any one, we must say that Miss Nannie Beeler's recitation of Flora McFlimsey was particularly fine. Miss Helen Frank was particularly noticeable for her singing and the excellency of her performance on the piano. Want of space prevents our notice of all deserving of praise.

A. N. Nally, Boston; L. B. Truler, J. H. Bowman, H. Morgan, Louisville; James Jones, Vincennes; Henry Bliss, Baltimore; James Stucker, Altoona, Pa.; Jerry Moore, Forest Retreat, Ky.; R. R. Sigmon, Evansville, Ind.; H. Hammersching, John M. Bodger, Cincinnati; Alex. Lumley, W. M. Winsolu, T. N. Spar, New York; Charles C. Hammond, Kentucky; F. B. Schwartz, St. Louis; B. M. Hemming, Boston; Charles H. Sprague, Terre Haute; A. A. Langsforth, Macoon, Illinois; Thomas H. Neale, Mount Vernon, Ind.; M. A. Wolfe, Manchester; S. S. Stang, Columbus, Ohio; S. B. Stercy, Cannelton, Ind., were registered at Monsch's Hotel yesterday.

Prof. John M. Bloss, principal, furnishes the following monthly report for December of the average attendance, conduct and recitation of the "A" department of the Female High School, 100 being the standard: Nellie Williams 100, Flora Lamb 100, Clara Ravenscroft 100, Jennie Deeble 100, Mattie Lafolette 92, Jennie Marsh 94, Mary E. McCulloch 100, Nannie Beeler 100, Tillie Duncan 100, Hettie D. Beeler 100, Sophia Ashton 98, Clara Plummer 96, Annie Bella Kepley 98, Hattie Fawcett 100, Ella Dowerman 97, Sallie Payne 97, Lizzie Hill 96, Lizzie Haslett 98, Anna Humphreys 99, Lillie Jones 97, Alice Plummer 100, Hattie McQuiddy 100, Mildred Moore 99, Laura Mason 99, Carrie Robinson 100, Bennie Cleveland 99, Cora Martin 98, Emma Petery 100, Bettie Stout 99.

At Centenary church the Christmas festival will be held at 9 o'clock this morning. The "Christ of Christmas," a beautiful concert and responsive exercises, in which several young ladies and misses will take part, will be the leading feature. Misses Daniels, Gwin, Shrader, Austin and Gordon, and Masters Connor and Naylor will read sacred poems. Rev. H. R. Naylor will deliver a short address. A black-board illustration of the annunciation of the birth of Christ will be given. The public are invited to attend. At Wesley Chapel to-morrow night, short addresses, dialogues, recitation of Scriptural verses, a Christmas tree and distribution of presents to the children will make up the programme. At the German Evangelical church to-morrow at 10½ o'clock A. M., divine service will be held, at the close of which the Lord's Supper will be commemorated. At 7 o'clock the church will be beautifully decorated with evergreens, the gas jets will be arranged in the form of a beautiful star, and a large Christmas tree will be laden with gifts for the children. Kingsley Mission Sunday school will observe Christmas this afternoon at 2 o'clock with appropriate exercises.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

Love Lodge, colored men, give a festival next week.

There are 800 cords of wood lying at Marysville waiting sale.

Mr. Joseph Stanley left for Martin county yesterday to spend the winter.

Business was very brisk at the Ohio and Mississippi railway depot yesterday.

The postoffice will be open between 8 and 10 A. M. and from 5 to 7 P. M. to-morrow.

A. O. Schuler, the Spring-street merchant, was presented yesterday with an heir—female.

Mr. A. J. Howard had his memorandum book stolen from him in Louisville, on yesterday.

Miss Ida Breed will have charge of "Jacob's Well" at the Rose Hill Sunday-school festival next Tuesday night.

The infant child of Patrick Boner was buried from the residence of its grandfather, Dr. McBride, yesterday morning.

There was nothing doing in the Police Court yesterday. It was very quiet throughout the city, and the police had nothing to do.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to partake of a Christmas dinner at the fashionable boarding-house of Mrs. Howell, on Spring street.

Mr. Lee Reader arrived from New Orleans last Friday. He reports meeting J. M. Ruddell in that city enjoying good health and occupying a good position.

Alva Prall, son of the late Cornelius Prall, will be married in the Presbyterian church at Henryville, to-morrow, to the daughter of Paul Martin, formerly of this city.

There will be a Christmas tree laden with gifts for the children and appropriate exercises in observance of Christmas at the Port Fulton Methodist church to-morrow night.

Mr. Jesse B. Caldwell, Assistant Auditor of State, arrived in our city yesterday. Mr. C. has charge of the Insurance Department of the State, and is here for the purpose of investigating business in that bureau.

An old bachelor resident of this city is in danger of forming a matrimonial alliance with a maiden lady well known in this city, and formerly of Pennsylvania. "Tis a consummation devoutly to be wished."

The managers of the Molders' Union ball, to be given at Mozart Hall to-morrow night, are making extensive preparations for the affair and promise that nothing shall be left undone to make all enjoy themselves.

Evaline Park is so far recovered that the physicians have ceased their visits, and the prospects are now that she will ultimately recover, though we can not think that she will ever regain her wonted health and mind.

The Christmas festivities at the prison promise to be very interesting. There will be music and speeches by the prisoners. The exercises will commence at 9 o'clock Christmas morning. Everybody is invited to attend.

Elder R. C. Flower left for Columbus on the morning train yesterday to fill an appointment at that place. We are glad to learn that his health has so far recovered that he will be able to resume his duties in the cause of religion soon.

Mr. Alfred W. Wilgus, of Buffalo, N. Y., was married to Miss Belle Cameron, of this city, at the Enon Baptist church, by the Rev. W. H. Sheets, on last Thursday night. The happy couple started for the home of the groom on Friday's noon train.

The grand ball to be given by the Molders' Union at Mozart Hall to-morrow night promises to be the finest affair of the season. Every arrangement has been made by the managers to make this a perfect success, and we have no doubt but that it will be. All should attend.

Charles Ware, son of ex-Mayor Ware, formerly of this place, arrived from Franklin on the noon train yesterday. He reports that twenty thousand hogs have been killed at that place this season. Mr. John Ware, of this city, has charge of the largest packing-house in that city.

Our ferryboats had a hard time to effect a landing yesterday on account of the high wind prevailing. The James Wathen was at the utter mercy of the wind, and her officers were unable to control her. She floated around in the middle of the river for some time before she was able to make a landing.

Parties opposed to the assessment of the Utica Gravel and Turnpike Company propose to make a big fight on the question of the legality of the assessment of property on the line of that road. It promises to be interesting to both parties, and involves some nice points at law, besides considerable money.

The Rose Hill Mission church festival will be held at Mozart Hall this week, commencing Tuesday night, and continue during the week. We do not think it necessary to urge an attendance, as we have no doubt the friends of the church will respond liberally, and the lady managers be amply repaid for the time and labor spent in their efforts to make the festival a success.

Deputy County Clerk Willis B. Goodwin issued the following marriage licenses last week: James Middleton and Elizabeth Herzog, Alfred W. Welgus and Isabella H. Cameron, Christian Myer and Elizabeth Westonberry, John H. Hoffman and Martha Cook, Samuel J. Anderson and Mary J. Thompson, Lafayette Abrams and Mary E. Nixon, William H. Withrow and Tempy Morris, George Taylor and Laura Mason.

Henry Carr, who was shot by the Friels boys, is lying in a critical condition, with but little hopes of recovery. He will be batised today by the Rev. George Green. The baptism will take place at his own house, a large bath-tub having been provided for that purpose. There will also be divine service in the house at the appointed hour. Some fears are entertained that Mr. Carr will not survive the rites of baptism.

County Auditor, Mr. V. McCaun, was in our city yesterday. He states that he has received a letter from the Governor, through the Secretary of State, in regard to the appointment of Mr. Pies James county recorder. The Governor holds that the county commissioners had no power to appoint a recorder, and refuses to issue a commission to James. Mr. James P. Applegate, under this ruling (the present incumbent), will hold the office until his successor is elected and qualified.

On account of the disagreeable weather there was not a very large attendance at the lecture of Rev. J. M. Hutchinson, Friday evening. The lecture was the best of the course that has as yet been delivered. The lecturer gave a very graphic description of the scenes and incidents of "Twenty-seven days among the Arabs." We trust that on the occasion of the next lecture the church may be crowded, assuring those who may attend that they will find that the evening has been pleasantly and profitably spent.

The Social dancing club surprised Dr. Abdell last Friday night completely. Sixteen couples marched in his parlors and took position on the floor. They were followed by a fine string band, and before Dr. A. had recovered from his surprise the light fantastic toe was being nimbly tripped. It is needless to say that a fine time was had, for how could it be otherwise when such company meet together? The success and enjoyment of this club is a source of congratulation to all the members. The company is select, the music good and the dance conducted in a decorous and cultivated manner.

The following correspondence will explain itself:

Jeffersonville, Ind., Dec. 18, 1871.

Wirt Dexter, Esq., Chairman Relief Aid Society:

Sir—I have the honor to advise you that you are requested to draw on me at sight for $1,301 80, balance in my hands contributed by the citizens of this place for the relief of the sufferers by reason of the ruinous conflagration in your city.

LEVI SPARKS, Mayor.

Chicago, Dec. 21, 1871.

L. Sparks, Mayor:

Your favor requesting me to draw for $1,301 80 has been received. I have made my drafts accordingly, which additional donation to our funds will appear to the credit of Jeffersonville in our next report of cash donations. Gratefully yours,

WIRT DEXTER, Ch'n, &c.

There was a pleasant and happy time last evening at the residence of Mr. J. G. Chaffe, pastor of the Wall-street Methodist Church. The ladies of the Fifth Ward presented to that gentleman an elegant worsted quilt (diamond within diamond style). It was a fine piece of workmanship, and plainly showed that the fair donors were well-skilled in the arts and sciences of sewing. The presentation speech was made by Miss Ida Turner in a few well-chosen and appropriate remarks. Mr. Chaffe received the gift with a hearty "thank you," and it was plainly visible that he highly appreciated the handsome donation. It was a perfect surprise to Mr. C., that gentleman not having heard a whisper of what was to be. After the presentation the assembled guests sat down to a table that fairly groaned with the many "good things" spread upon it, and partook heartily of the sumptuous repast.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mr. C. Kropp, the well-known musician of this city, is now taking contracts to tune pianos and keep them in order and repair for one year for five dollars. Orders left at A. O. Sauler's will receive prompt attention.

The fine display of Holiday Goods is at the auction sale of Sea-shells in Bruner House block. Sale Monday afternoon especially for the ladies.

Davis Bros., Practical Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters. Old gas fixtures rebronzed or gilded to look as good as new. Leave orders at McNaughton's tin store, Spring street.

☞ At the Worcester (Massachusetts) Insane Asylum the "cottage system" has been successfully tried the past year, with sixty-four patients, divided into two families. The feature of the cottages is that they have no fastenings on the windows or bars on the doors, and are every way as free as the houses occupied by these same patients before the invasion of the disease.

☞ At a concert in Boston, a young woman who was disturbing those of the audience seated near her by incessant chattering, was summarily silenced by a gentleman who handed her a piece of paper on which he had written the suggestion that she might not be conscious that she was revealing family secrets to a large circle of auditors.

CITY ITEMS.

Newman's Glycerined Camphor Ice, for sore and chapped hands, face and lips, and roughness of the skin, &c. Druggist, Fifth and Walnut.

☞ The "Heathen Chinee" is a labor-saving institution, but for house-cleaning we use Morgan's Sons' Sapolio. It brightens knives, tins, brasses, and cleans wood, paint, porcelain, and marble with little cost, time, or labor.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Worse Than Small-pox

to old sewing-machine companies is the Blees celebrated sewing machine, No. 49 West Jefferson street.

Furs Exchanged.

On the night of the 20th inst., at Dr. John Bull's reception party, the Hudson bay sable fur cape of Mrs. L. B. Porch was exchanged for a mink fur cape. Will those who wore furs on the occasion please examine them, and if they have such please call at No. 486 Fourth street, between Breckinridge and Kentucky streets, and make the exchange. de23 d2*

☞ The effect from which upper Blue Lick water obtains its highest and most valuable character, is its alterative power, or that peculiar action by which it effects salutary changes in the blood, in the various secretions and upon the various tissues of the body. For family use it is now supplied in bottles carefully filled at the spring. R. A. ROBINSON & CO., de22 d6 Wholesale Agents.

Mrs. W——, on Eleventh Street,

advises husbands who wish to keep their wives at home to buy the Blees sewing machine.

All Catholics

should call at Piaggenborg & Nurre's Catholic Book Store, No. 90 West Market street, between Third and Fourth, to purchase their Christmas Gifts. They have a complete stock of Catholic Books, Crucifixes, &c., and sell at reduced prices. Give them a call. de21 d4

☞ Newman's Sirup Hoarhound and Elecampane is an effectual and harmless remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, &c.—at the Family Drug Store, Fifth and Walnut. de13 dtf

No Cast-iron Cogs

or worthless cams in the Blees sewing machine

Just Received

A large and varied assortment of goods suitable for Holiday presents. Order Cases, Perfume Boxes, Handsome Cut Glass, and Gilt Bottles Travelling Cases, Alexander Perfumers, Plaid goods in great variety. Genuine Lubin extracts, soaps and toilet powder, elegant plate glass hand mirrors, ivory toilet sets, shell dressing combs, fine pocket cutlery. The largest and choicest selection of fancy goods offered in this market, all of which are offered at the very lowest prices at Newman's Family Drug Store, corner Fifth and Walnut streets. de17dtf.

☞ Newman's Chlorate Potash Lozenges—Fifth and Walnut. de13 dtf

Bouquet of Paradise!

An exquisite Perfume. Sold wholesale and retail by BENJ. F. ALFORD, Apothecary, de10 SuWe8* Seventh and Market streets.

☞ Newman's Bronchial Tablets—Fifth and Walnut. de13 dtf

Burnett's Cocoaine for the Hair, and Kalliston for the complexion, are the best and most popular articles (for their uses) in the world.

RELIGIOUS.

Spiritualism.

Mrs. Laura Cuppy Smith lectures to-day in Wedekind Hall (Market street, between Sixth and Seventh), 11 A. M. subject, "Our Sacred Obligations;" evening, at 7½ o'clock, subject, "Have we a Religion?" Admission free. The children's Lyceum will meet promptly at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

MEETINGS.

To the Members of the Workingman's Aid Association.

You are hereby requested to meet at your hall, on Market street, between Brook and First, on Friday night, December 29th, at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is desired as business of importance is to be transacted. A. W. DAVIS, President.

W. H. Sprowl, Secretary Workingman's Aid Association.

Knights of Pythias.

The members of Pioneer Lodge, No. 8, Knights of Pythias are hereby notified that an election of officers will take place next Friday night, 29th inst. A. JOHNSON, W. C.

S. E. Palmer, R. S.

Waddell Grays, Attention!

You are notified to meet at your armory on Wednesday evening, 27th inst. A full attendance is desired. By order of Capt. J. W. RECCIUS.

J. Kempe LaRue, Co. Cl'k.

Masonic Notice.

Stated communication of Louisville R. A. Chapter, No. 5, will be held at Chapter rooms, Masonic Temple, on Monday evening, 25th inst., at 7 o'clock. J. C. PURDY, H. P.

S. Hillman, Sec'y.

DIED.

TINDELL—On Saturday morning, December 23d, at 10 o'clock, of consumption, Thos. H. Tindell, in the 30th year of his age.

The funeral services will take place from the Cathedral, this Sunday, the 24th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ Philadelphia and Baltimore papers please copy.

HODAPP—In this city, on the 23d inst., Mrs. Maria Magdalena Hodapp, aged 72 years and 5 months.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Conrad Rapp, on Madison street, between Seventh and Eighth, this evening, at 1½ o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

Called from Earth.

At 10 minutes past 3 o'clock, on the morn of Dec. 16, 1871, whilst in the faithful discharge of his duties, at Richmond Junction, Knoxville branch of the L. and N. road, Charles William Collins, of Louisville, Ky., in the 22d year of his age.

This sad announcement serves but to make us more fully realize that "in the midst of life we are in death." Only a few brief hours it seems since our well-beloved companion, with heart beating joyfully in happy, youthful anticipations, and countenance radiant in the enjoyment of health, gave us the usual friendly clasp of his hand in parting. While we silently bow our head to the will of our Heavenly Father, how vividly appear the many claims our friend Willie had upon us. 'Twas he who ever had a cheerful greeting for all; nor did he ever by word or action express an unkind thought of his fellow-man; nor was he ever unmindful of any claims his associates might make, either upon his time or attention. In business no one was ever more prompt, reliable, and in every way trustworthy.

Socially, 'tis seldom the lot of any one, especially one so young in years, to be surrounded by as many ties of friendship as our friend Willie possessed.

In his death parents have lost a devoted son; sisters a loving brother, and brothers one whose kind counsel they will ever miss.

During our sojourn in life we shall sadly miss the kind voice of our friend and companion who has been so suddenly called from earth to enjoy the companionship of the blest.

> "You are not dead to us:
> But as a bright star unseen,
> We hold that you are ever near,
> Though death intrudes between." M.

In Memory of Mrs. Helen M. Key.

ENTERED INTO LIFE DEC. 17.

It is with a gentle hand only that one would lift the sacred veil that Death and Time draw over, look upon loved features and lay bare the hidden mysteries of a heart that has no sun nor ever dawn again—ended here; begun on those shores where Time's tidal wave no longer breaks. And yet it seems quite vain to touch a chord, whose harmony is so well known among us as the life of the one just "entered into life." Still we would lay this wreath of evergreen memory upon her grave where, though the snows may wrap it in their winding sheet, shall ever bloom the flowers of a never-forgetting affection.

Beautiful in its simplicity was the life that, with mortal tongue, we now call ended. Hidden within the sanctuary of home, beamed most brightly those virtues that made her pre-eminent among a large circle of friends—a heart full of affection for childhood and age alike, a voice ready for sympathy and cheer; a smile of greeting always, that made brighter still, ready words of welcome, a hand stretched forth, ever swift on the mission of good, and a faith that made bright the dark valley, and crowned a venerable head with its auroral light. What if, in the mysterious calendar of Time, they called her in the winter of her years; we knew the heart still blossomed as the May. She loved all the good and beautiful in Nature and in Art, and how freely little children clung around her ever secure in the affection of "good Aunt Key." They tell us that silence in kind deeds is more eloquent than any form of words. If so, her life was a sermon whose teachings all may learn. Silent in her walks, but to-day may arise and call her blessed.

All over now, and she sleeps well; but her good works shall remain. Not far beyond the noise of our city, near the wayside where it rests, a pilgrim shrine for every passer-by, stands a church, her work, her gift to the great Giver of All. There, over the trees, the cross raises its arms and tells the story that is life; there, Sunday after Sunday, grateful hearts may chant the jubilate, and on bended knee give thanks for all those who have fallen asleep in faith.

Needs she a prouder monument? Can marble praise her as does "this court where His Honor dwelleth?" Her last labor of love.. Hark! from heart and home and belfry, fall the Christmas carol and the holy Christmas chimes, while the Star in the East arises; and we almost catch the echo of that higher chorus as the "saints of all ages" welcome into the true fullness of Christ another soul within the everlasting minister of the skies. G. B. S.

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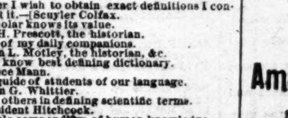

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So far as I know best defining dictionary.
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[W. S. Clark, Pres't Ag. College.

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1,040 pages octavo. 600 engravings. Price $5.

The work is really a gem of a Dictionary, just the thing for the million.—[American Educational Monthly.

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W. W. WARING & CO.,

AGENTS FOR THE

Silver Creek Cement Company,

And dealers in Cement, Lime, Plaster, White Sand, Fire Brick, Hair, &c., &c. Northeast corner Third and Main streets, Louisville, Ky. de24 d2

FIRM CHANGES.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Harris, Talmage & Given is dissolved by mutual consent, said dissolution to date with and from December the 21st, 1871. W. F. Harris will continue the business, and is alone authorized to make all settlements due by and to the firm of Harris, Talmage and given.

W. F. HARRIS,
C. M. TALMAGE,
J. A. GIVEN.

December 23, 1871. de24 dtf

TRANSPORTATION.

NOTICE.

Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis RAILROAD.

General Freight Agent's Office, Louisville, Ky., Dec. 23, 1871.

No freight will be received at or delivered from the depot of this company on Monday, December 25, 1871. H. C. HINMAN, de24 d2 General Freight Agent.

Notice to Shippers,

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

No freight will be received on Monday, Dec. 25. de24 d2 A. BROADDUS, Agent.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Notice.

Office Louisville Gas Company, December 22, 1871.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company on Monday, January 1, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M. de23 dtd GARNETT D. MARSHALL, Cashier.

Notice.

A Meeting of the stockholders of the Hiawatha Gold and Silver Mining Company of Louisville, Ky., will be held at the office of the company, No. 104 Third street, on Tuesday, January 2, 1872, at 2 P. M., for the election of seven Directors to serve for the ensuing year. A full and prompt attendance is requested. de23 d10 D. L. IRWIN, Sec'y.

Notice.

Freight Office Louisville, Cincinnati & Lexington R. R. Co., Louisville, Dec. 22, 1871.

There will be no freight received or delivered at this Depot December 25, 1871. de23 d3 B. J. HORTON, Agent.

Notice.

The coupons due 1st January next of the first mortgage bonds of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company will be paid, on presentation, at my office, on and after this date. W. BANNEY, Secretary. December 23, 1871. de23 d6

SILVERWARE—MUSIC BOXES

Solid Silver Tea Sets.

Just received at WM. KENDRICK'S, de22 d1w 114 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Music-Boxes, from 6 to 12 Airs.

Just received at WM. KENDRICK'S, de22 d1w 114 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

COAL.

COAL.

S. W. CLOYD,

Dealer in Pittsburgh Coal, is selling the best article at the lowest market price, and will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. Office No. 112 Third street, between Market and Jefferson streets. no26 SuW&Fim

LACE GOODS.

RICH CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AT—

OTTO RAUCHFUSS'

Cheap Lace Store,

103½ Fourth Street.

Real Point and Point Applique Collars.
Real Point and Point Applique Handkerchiefs.
Real Valenc. Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Real French Embroidered Collars and Cuffs.
Rich Embroidered Handkerchiefs.
Alexandre Kid Gloves at $1.
Also a lot of rich embroidered Table-Covers, which I offer at very low prices. de17

FORTUNE TELLERS.

FORTUNE TELLER.

All persons who are desirous to know what is before them, should not fail to call on

MADAM ELIZABETH VEIT,

Of New Albany, Ind.

Residence on Upper Fifth, between Main and Water streets. She can tell them concerning the Past, Present, Future, and all things connected with Love, Marriage, and Business. She can tell if anything has been Lost or Stolen—for instance, Cattle or Horses, where they are, and how to get them. Also, all persons engaged in any difficult law suits would consult their interest by calling on me, for I never fail to give satisfaction.

Madam Veit possesses a secret by which she is able to show persons their absent friends who are at a distance from them. She will give them entire satisfaction before they leave. au12 WeSutf

INSURANCE.

CONDITION

OF THE

ANDES

AMAZON

AND

TRIUMPH

INSURANCE

COMPANIES

AS AUDITED

BY THE FOLLOWING INSURANCE DEPARTMENTS:

AUDIT

By New York Insurance Department, H. E. SICKLES, Examiner, December 12, 13, and 14, 1871:

AUDIT OF

ANDES INSURANCE CO.

Chicago Losses Paid up to Dec. 15, 1871	$626,810 41
Other Losses paid from Jan. 1, '71, to Dec. 1, '71	582,951 44
Total	$1,209,761 85

TOTAL ASSETS

Dec. 15, 1871, After Payment of above Losses.

Cash on hand, in bank, and in transit	$ 404,822 58
Bonds, U. S., State, City and County, Market value	390,560 65
Collateral Loans and Accrued Interest	126,500 00
First Mortgage Bonds	462,819 58
Bills Receivable, and 2d and 3d Assessment Notes (1st paid)	389,490 55
Book Accounts, Premiums, and Agency Balances	116,974 15
Railroad Bonds and other Investments	91,215 00
	$1,982,312 46

LIABILITIES.

Losses in process of adjustment and all other Liabilities (including Chicago)	$ 398,365 00
Net Assets December 15, 1871	1,583,947 46

Funds separate and distinct from Amazon and Triumph Insurance Companies.

AUDIT OF

Amazon Insurance Co.,

SAME TIME AND PARTY.

Capital all Paid in Oct. 1, 1871,

$500,000 00.

NO CHICAGO LOSSES

First Agency Appointed Oct. 12, 1871.

Gross Surplus above Capital for 60 Days' Business,

$232,982 55.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in bank, and in hands of agents	$321,027 30
First mortgages on Ohio property, worth twice the amount loaned	308,696 67
United States Bonds, market value	68,733 12
Accrued Interest, not yet due	10,540 37
Bills receivable (notes taken for Hull premiums)	16,517 75
Office Furniture, Iron Safes, Desks, Cases, new and permanent office fixtures	7,467 34
Total Assets	$732,982 55

LIABILITIES.

Losses—Fire—Adjusted and not paid	None.	
Losses—Fire—In process of adjustment	$ 8,966 19	
Inland and Marine, adjusted and not paid	None.	
Inland and Marine, in process of adjustment	22,993 00	
All other Liabilities, not exceeding	10,000 00	
		41,959 19
Net Assets		$691,023 36

Funds separate and distinct from Andes or Triumph Insurance Companies.

AUDIT OF

TRIUMPH INSURANCE CO

SAME TIME AND PARTY.

Capital, all paid in, Oct. 1, 1871,

$500,000 00.

NO CHICAGO LOSSES.

First Agency Appointed Oct. 12, 1871.

Gross Surplus above Capital for 60 Days' Business

$234,085 00.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand, in bank, and in hands of Agents	$351,204 47
First Mortgages on Ohio property worth twice the amount loaned	293,833 87
United States Bonds, market value	52,266 87
Accrued Interest, not yet due	9,970 52
Bills receivable (notes for Hull premiums)	17,166 00
Office Furniture, Iron Safes, Desks, Cases, new and permanent office fixtures	9,843 47
Total Assets	$734,085 00

LIABILITIES.

Losses—Fire—Adjusted and not paid	None.	
Losses—Fire—In process of adjustment	$15,816 87	
Inland and Marine—Adjusted and not paid	None.	
Inland and Marine—In process of adjustment	10,770 13	
All other liabilities, not exceeding	10,000 00	
		$36,587 00
Net Assets		$697,498 00

Funds separate and distinct from Andes and Amazon Insurance Companies.

Net Assets Andes, Amazon, and Triumph Insurance Cos. Dec. 15, 1871,

$2,972,448 82.

JAS. H. GODMAN, State Auditor of Ohio, has also personally examined the condition of these Companies, devoting almost a week's time to such duty.

GEO. W. SARGENT, Attorney for Massachusetts Insurance Department, has likewise personally examined the condition of these Companies SINCE THE CHICAGO FIRE.

On account of the public distrust of Insurance Companies, arising from the Chicago fire and GROSS CALUMNIES and DETRACTIONS CIRCULATED by a DEFEATED OPPOSITION, the above facts are published.

J. B. BENNETT, Pres't.
J. H. BEATTIE, Secretary Andes.
B. D. WEST, Secretary Amazon and Triumph.

SLAUGHTER, TYLER & CAMPBELL,

Agents for Andes and Amazon, northwest corner Fourth and Main

JAS. S. LYMAN,

Agent for Triumph, No. 134 West Main street. de24 SuWATh

MISCELLANEOUS.

Storage.

Cellar and sub-cellar for rent. Apply to J. M. DAVIS & CO., de22 d3 217 Main, between Eighth and Ninth.

Cider! Cider!

50 BBLS choice sweet just received in store and for sale by McCALLUM & CO., de24 Tu&Su 25 Third street.

Notice.

Parties with capital wishing to engage in one of the best paying and most regular manufacturing businesses of the country (the manufacture of stoves), can learn of an opportunity by addressing D. M. HITCHCOCK, No. 25 South Main street, St. Louis. de13 TuTh&Su

Drafts on Ireland.

Cabin and steerage tickets by the Cunard Steamship Line. Apply to J. D. O'LEARY, no22 deod&Sulm At the Franklin Bank, 45 Fifth st.

JEWELRY.

Holiday PRESENTS.

COOK & SLOSS, JEWELERS,

154 Fourth Street,

DEALERS IN

WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

A GRAND assortment of Cameo, Coral, Pearl and Etruscan Jewelry, French Clocks, Bronzes, Music-Boxes, Opera-glasses, and an extensive display of new Silver ware.

FOR

Wedding GIFTS.

Special agents for the justly celebrated Watches of the New York Watch Company, which we have in all the different grades, at prices ranging from $18 50 to $300 for the movement. The superior quality of these Watches recommends them, particularly for railroad purposes. They are warranted by special certificate. At wholesale and retail by de17 SuTuTh&Su COOK & SLOSS.

Christmas is Coming!

M. C. RAMSEY'S

Jewelry Store

Is overflowingly full of new and beautiful good no26 codtJa1

CLOAKS—SUITS.

Holiday Presents!

Largest Stock, Best Goods, Lowest Prices

Exciting Times!

Our Immense Stock of Cloaks, Suits, and Furs Offered to the Public, Regardless of Cost.

50 elegant Velvet Cloaks, from $30 upwards.
300 Cloth Cloaks, from $2 upwards.
50 Plush Cloaks, from $10 upwards.
200 Suits and Costumes of every description from $12 upwards.

These Goods must and will be sold during the holidays regardless of cost. Ladies, call and examine for yourselves.

ARON & CERF,

de18 MTh&Su 113 Fourth street.

METHODIST BOOKS.

HOLIDAY AND BRIDAL PRESENTS.

Methodist Hymn Books.

Velvet Hymns.

12mo.	$12 00
18mo.	10 00
24mo.	8 00
32mo.	5 00

Turkey Morocco Hymns—Best Quality.

12mo.	$5 75
18mo.	5 25
24mo.	4 50
32mo.	1 50

Turkey Morocco Hymns—Cheaper Quality.

12mo.	$5 00
18mo.	4 00
24mo.	$3 00 to 4 00
32mo.	2 00

Bibles.

Family Bibles......from 75 cents to 30 00

For sale by WILLIAM CROMEY, de20 d6 290 West Main street.

METHODIST BOOKS.

For the convenience of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in Kentucky and adjoining States, I have completed such an arrangement with the Southern Methodist Publishing House as will enable me to keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of the books published by them, including the books of their general catalogue, which will be sold at the same price as by the publishing house. All orders promptly attended to.

Terms cash, accompanying the order, or goods sent C. O. D. WILLIAM CROMEY, de20 d6 290 West Main st., Louisville, Ky.

DRY GOODS.

JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, 70 and 72 Sixth street, are in receipt of the following Goods, viz:

500 pcs Louisville-manufactured Jeans;
25 cases Eastern-manufactured do.;
15 cases Park Mills Plaid Linseys;
5 cases Irvin & Stinson do.;
10 cases White Rock do.

OSNABURGS.

20 cases assorted plaid Osnaburgs;
20 bales brown do.

FLANNELS, &c.

20 bales white Flannels, assorted;
20 bales red do do;
10 bales orange do do;
10 bales blue and black mixed Flannels, assorted;
5 bales twilled red do. do;
5 bales do mixed do. do;
5 bales do blue do. do;
1 bale do orange do. do;
10 cases assorted plaid do;
3 cases do do twilled do;
5 cases French do do.

KNITTING YARNS.

1,700 lbs black, white, and colored Yarn;
200 lbs super fancy do.

FURNITURE.

JOHN SIMM & CO.

Steamboat and Cabinet Furniture.

Store and Office 205 West Main. Warerooms Eighth street, between Main and river. Factory in rear of store.

Elegant Chamber and Parlor Sets. no15 WF&Sutf

MILLINERY.

MAD. F. LANG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Millinery, Cloaks, & Fancy Goods,

No. 295, northeast corner Eighth and Market.

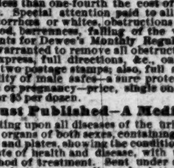
Velvet Cloaks made to order at reduced rates.

oc25 W&Sutu

MEDICAL.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,

Established 1830, Chartered 1861.



By the Legislature of Kentucky, for the treatment of all diseases of a private nature incident to both sexes, including gonorrhea, gleet, stricture, inflammation of the bladder and kidneys, syphilis in all its stages, scrofula, &c., seminal weakness, impotency, sexual debility and all the evil effects arising from youthful indiscretion and excess, causing premature decay, loss of vitality, &c. A varix clasp that will cure varicocele in half the time and for less than one-fourth the cost of a surgical operation. Special attention paid to all Female diseases, leucorrhoea or whites, obstructions of the menstrual period, barrenness, falling of the womb, &c. Also, Agents for Dewee's Monthly Regulator Pills—price $2, warranted to remove all obstructions, sent by mail or express, full directions, &c., on receipt of price and two postage stamps; also, full supply of the best quality of male safes—a sure protection against disease or pregnancy—price, single one, $1; half dozen, $3, or $5 per dozen.

Just Published—A Medical Report,

treating upon all diseases of the urinary and generative organs of both sexes, containing 80 large pages, 30 cuts and plates, showing the condition of the organs in a state of health and disease, with the author's new method of treatment. Sent under seal for 25 cents. Consultation personally or by letter free of charge, and strictly confidential. Address

Galen's Head Dispensary,

No. 73 West Jefferson street, (Between Second and Third) de21 d3Th&We* LOUISVILLE, KY.

DR. LANCASTER

A GRADUATE of all the branches of Medicine, Surgery, Diseases of Women, Venereal Diseases, &c.—a permanent resident of Louisville for years—has had more experience in his "specialty" than any other physician in America, and has cured in Louisville alone upward of 10,000 cases.

Gonorrhea cured in from two to five days.

Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Itch, &c., cured in half the usual time.

Spermatorrhea, Impotency, Pain in the Back, and all troubles arising from self-abuse positively and speedily cured.

MEDICINE FURNISHED

in all cases, saving extravagant prices charged by druggists, which usually amount to several times our whole charges.

Those seeking medical advice ought to know that many who pretend to be "doctors" are not graduates of medicine, and have no right to practice. Dr. L.'s diploma hangs in his office, and other satisfactory testimony will be shown to patients.

Female Diseases treated with EMINENT SUCCESS. Suppressions, Irregularities, Whites, Painful Menstruation, &c., speedily cured.

FEMALE PILLS (sugar-coated) for all obstructions. Price $2.

Best quality Male Safes 50 cents each; 5 for $2. Medical Pamphlet sent free.

Office 104½ Fifth street, near Market. Consultation free. Patients treated by mail or express. Hours—8 A. M. to 9 P. M.; Sunday, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. 3a30 dtf

WINTERSMITH'S REMEDIES.

WINTERSMITH'S

BUCHU

—AND—

PAREIRA BRAVA.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

This admirable combination of Buchu and Pareira Brava, the two best diuretics known to the materia medica, is meeting with unparalleled success. It is infinitely superior to the other preparations of Buchu, so-called, and, wherever it has been introduced, none other can be sold. For all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel, Diabetes, Chronic Gleet, Leucorrhea or Whites, &c., it is a certain cure. Those with shattered constitutions, and who long for youthful vigor, in fact, a new existence, will find in this remedy the long-looked-for "fountain of youth." It gives health, life and strength to all who follow its explicit accompanying directions.

TESTIMONY.

After All Other Remedies Had Failed.

Testimony of Robert Haskins, a Well-known and Prominent Citizen of Haskinsville, Green County, Ky.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Sir—For several years I have been afflicted with what the doctors called "hemorrhage of the kidneys," frequently passing bloody urine, which caused me great pain and suffering. I was treated for it by the best physicians, both herein the country and in your city. They did me very little or no good. I tried some of the Extract of Buchu so largely advertised, but experienced only temporary relief. I was advised to try your Buchu and Pareira Brava, and was told it was considered by physicians and druggists to be greatly superior to any other diuretic in the market. I commenced taking it with little hope of being benefited, but, from the time I took the first dose, I began to improve, and can say it has done me more good than all the other medicines I have ever used. I am still taking it, and am confident it will effect a complete cure. Very respectfully, ROBERT HASKINS.

From John H. Kerr, Passenger Agent of the Louisville and Henderson Packet Company.

Louisville, February 20, 1871.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Sir—For some time past I have been suffering with a kidney and spinal disease. I could find no relief for it. I tried many remedies I saw advertised—the buchus, &c. Nothing seemed to do me any good. I found no relief until Mr. H. G. Isler, of this city, advised me to try your Extract Buchu and Pareira Brava; that it had cured him of a similar disease.

I have taken one bottle, and am happy to say it has given me great relief.

I will continue to take it, as I am fully convinced that it will cure me entirely.

I am satisfied that your Buchu and Pareira Brava is the best medicine for kidney and spinal diseases, inflammations, &c., now in use.

Yours truly, JOHN H. KERR, Passenger Agent Louisville and Henderson Packet Company.

Stricture and Inflammation of the Urethra and Bladder Cured after Several Years' Standing.

Columbia, Ky.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Friend—Having had severe inflammation of the urethra and bladder, accompanied by obstinate stricture, for four or five years, and, after trying a variety of remedies, none of which gave me any apparent relief, I at last thought I would give your Buchu and Pareira Brava a trial. I am extremely happy to state that, by the use of two bottles, I am almost entirely cured. I think, by the use of another bottle, I will be completely relieved. E. H. BENTON.

February 17, 1871.

Testimony of W. P. Benedict, U. S. Gauger for the City of Louisville.

Louisville, March 11, 1871.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Sir—About one year ago a member of my family, who had been suffering for some time with a disease of the kidneys and bladder, was advised to try your Extract Buchu and Pareira Brava. I procured her a bottle. She took it, and, I must say, its effects were miraculous. It cured her at the time completely. She had no return of it until within the last month. After taking another bottle she is again entirely relieved. She thinks it the greatest medicine in the world. I most earnestly recommend it to all suffering from this disease.

I am, very respectfully, your friend, W. P. BENEDICT.

PREPARED BY

C. H. WINTERSMITH,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.,

Wholesale Agents,

my31 eodtf 227 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

WINTERSMITH'S

Tonic Sirup

—OR—

IMPROVED CHILL CURE.

A Certain Remedy for Every Form of Fever and Ague.

The Cure is Permanent—The Chill Once Broken, Will Not Return.

This preparation contains no quinine or arsenic, nor any deleterious substance whatever. All who have had chills and fever, and have taken quinine, calomel or arsenic (which are the principal ingredients of most of the medicines now in use), are aware that the medicine often leaves the system in an unhealthy condition, making it more difficult to relieve it of the effects than of the original disease. Wintersmith's Improved Chill Cure leaves the system in a perfectly healthy condition, with no bad effects in any way to be worn off. Unlike chill remedies generally, it requires no purgative to be taken with it, the medicine itself acting gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels, effectually removing the causes of the disease, not merely temporarily checking it. Herein consists its great superiority over all other chill preparations. The cure is a permanent one; the chill will not return periodically, as is the case when broken by quinine or other medicines.

TESTIMONY.

Read the Certificate of a Prominent Citizen of Forrest City, Arkansas.

Forrest City, Ark.

Dr. C. H. Wintersmith:

Dear Sir: This is to certify that I used your Chill Tonic with success, after various other remedies failing. I had been chilling for fourteen months regularly, never missing more than six weeks at a time.

I used quinine and other chill medicines, but obtained no satisfactory result until I tried your Wintersmith's Tonic. It has made a permanent cure. W. W. CASTEEL.

February 27th, 1871.

Remarkable Cure

of a case of Fever and Ague contracted on the distant prairies of the West. Read the testimony of Mr. John W. Ferguson, of the old and well-known grocery house, Gardner & Co.:

Louisville, Ky., August 25, 1871.

Dr. C. H. Wintersmith:

Dear Sir: While out hunting on the prairies I contracted Fever and Ague. After my return to this city I was treated for it by an able physician, who gave me the usual remedies—quinine, &c. They gave me no relief. I continued to have chills regularly for five or six months. Hearing your Tonic Sirup highly spoken of as certain cure, in a lucky moment I concluded to try it. It gave me almost instant relief—made a complete cure. Though it is now near a year since I commenced taking it, I have not felt the slightest symptom of a return of the disease. I take great pleasure in recommending it as a sure cure for Fever and Ague.

I am, Doctor, Gratefully yours, JOHN M. FERGUSON.

Certificate of Bridget Griffin.

She was cured by Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup, after all other remedies had failed:

Louisville, March 18, 1870.

DR. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Sir—For several months last year I was suffering with fever and ague. During that time I had two doctors attending me. They gave me dose after dose of quinine and other medicines, but with only temporary effect. They would break the chills for a few days, but they would return again. I tried several other chill remedies I saw advertised, but it was just the same thing; they would break the chills for a short time only, when they would come back again worse than ever. I was advised to try your Tonic Sirup, and was told that it never failed. I took only one bottle. It cured me right off, and, though it has been several months since, I have had no more chills. BRIDGET GRIFFIN.

Testimony of Richard McCourtney, Assistant Steward at Louisville Hotel.

Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., June 20, 1871.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Sir—I was suffering with chills and fever, and tried a great many chill-medicines advertised, but none proved beneficial. Captain Jack Horne, of the wholesale drug-house of Arthur Peter & Co., gave me a bottle of your Chill Cure. I had taken only half the bottle before the chills were broken. It has been nearly a month since I commenced taking your valuable Chill Cure, and have had no symptoms of a chill since. I still continue the use of your medicine, as I consider it a valuable tonic. I take great pleasure in recommending it as a sure cure. DICK McCOURTNEY, Assistant Steward Louisville Hotel.

Testimony from Indiana—A Sure Cure for Chills and Fever.

Saltilloville, Ind.

DR. C. H. WINTERSMITH:

Dear Sir—I write you these few lines, knowing it is my duty to my family as well as yourself. I cheerfully recommend your valuable medicine to the public. This is to certify that three of my family were taken with the chills and fever, all at about the same time. Our family physician being absent, I was advised to try a bottle of Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup, and, to my utter astonishment, it cured them like a charm. I only used half of the bottle, and it cured all three of my family.

Thanking you for your valuable remedy, I cheerfully say to all, try it.

September 9, 1869. C. H. RICHARDS.

Testimonial of E. C. Colgan, corner of Third and Breckinridge, Druggist and Proprietor of Colgan's Breath Purifier and Tooth Preserver.

DR. WINTERSMITH:

Sir—I have sold, during the past season, a large quantity of your Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure, and not a single case has been reported wherein it has failed to effect a cure. It gives more satisfaction than any chill remedy I ever sold. Respectfully, E. C. COLGAN, Practical Apothecary, corner of Third and Breckinridge streets, Louisville, Ky.

☞ Price $1 per bottle; six for $5.

ARTHUR PETER & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, 273 Main st., Louisville, Ky. au2

COURIER-JOURNAL

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 24, 1871.

The Monday COURIER-JOURNAL, next to our Sunday issue, has a larger amount and greater variety of interesting news and miscellaneous matter than any other issue during the week. It reaches both city and country, and is especially valuable as an advertising medium.

The Courier-Journal Tuesday.

Yielding to the demands of an inexorable public, who always want their paper after a holiday more that at any other time, we will issue the COURIER-JOURNAL on Tuesday as usual. After editors and printers and clerks have enjoyed their Christmas dinner they will, at 8 o'clock Monday evening, resume their usual labors in the office, and our readers will have their favorite paper before them fresh with all the current news at their breakfasts Tuesday morning.

Our counting-room will be open until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and from 7 to 11 o'clock to-morrow evening.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Cady, Union Pacific railroad; John A. Fleet, Memphis; C. B. Cornish, England; Edgar Hill, Richmond, Va., and G. M. Corditt, McLean county, are stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

Col. H. Victor Redfield, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, was meandering among the gayly-lighted shops of Louisville last night, enjoying the Christmas air and watching the human tide that poured resistlessly along the frosty sidewalks. About midnight he tore himself away and passed out of town on one of the trains going South. He likes Louisville so well that he expects to come this way on his return to Washington.

Mr. Chas. E. Raddin, of the firm of C. E. Raddin & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, met with an agreeable surprise yesterday. The employees of the firm, numbering one hundred and fifty, consisting of men and girls, assembled in the third floor of the factory, which had been prepared for the occasion, when Mr. Charles Deems, in an address on behalf of the employees, presented Mr. Raddin with an elegant gold-headed cane. Mr. Raddin responded with emotion and expression of thanks, after which Mr. A. H. Harris presented to Mr. R., in the name of the book-keepers and salesmen, a beautiful oil-painting. Mr. R. returned his thanks. A cotillion band being present, the boys and girls had a fine time.

Letters received from Dr. W. Walling speak in the most glowing terms of the courtesy extended to him by gentlemen of his profession in Dublin, Edinburgh, and London. To Messrs. Butcher, Stokes, and Maypother, in Dublin; to Lester, Bennet, and others, of Edinburgh, and to Erichsen, Berkly, Hill, Heath, and West (of the Children's Hospital), and many more in London, he expresses himself as having been placed under the most lasting obligations for the attention given and the facilities afforded him while visiting the various hospitals in those cities. Their kindness runs as free as water, and seems to disappear in the afternoon in a gentle mist only to return the following day in a refreshing shower; never tiring, but always ready to spread the rich professional feast over which they preside before him, and bid him partake of the mental nourishment until he tires, for they never will. It must be gratifying to the profession on this side the waters to know that the most eminent men of their profession on the other side will thus extend, at the expense of time and labor, such facilities as are offered in the fields which they occupy to all Americans who visit them. In the words of the toast of Rip Van Winkle, "May they live long and prosper."

Yesterday's Gale.

The gale yesterday caused a number of serious accidents in the western portion of the city. About twelve o'clock the large sign of Messrs. Moore, Bremaker & Co., thirty feet in length, was blown loose from its fastenings by the gale, falling and striking a colored girl named Susie Thomas on the head and felling her to the sidewalk. She was afterwards taken into the office and Doctor Rogers sent for, who arrived in a few moments and found the result to be concussion of the brain. She was then taken to the house of her step-father, at No. 22 Eighth street. She was unconscious from the time of the accident, and at 2½ o'clock she died. It was found that her neck was also broken.

A sign fell from the building occupied by John Duff, No. 33 Fourth street, striking a soldier of the 7th United States cavalry on the head and otherwise injuring him. He was taken into a back and carried to the barracks, and at last report was in a very critical condition.

The roof of R. Dunlop & Co.'s tobacco factory, Twenty-fourth and Main, had about fifty feet of the roof carried away.

Grant & Co.'s building on Portland avenue had the roof of the building carried away and doing considerable damage.

About fifty feet of the fence around the colored grave-yard was carried away.

A carpenter shop on Eighteenth and Bridge streets, belonging to John Dennis, was blown down.

Fences and trees also suffered severely, and a large number of other houses were unroofed.

Sunday-School Festival.

The Mission Sunday-School of St. Paul's church had their Christmas festival yesterday afternoon. The large lecture room of the church was pretty well filled with children, whose smiling faces showed that they enjoyed the scene. A magic lantern exhibition occupied the time from two to four in the afternoon, and then there was a distribution of candy, cake and fruit among all the children present. Some very pretty and some comic pictures were thrown upon the screen by the lantern, and the children enjoyed them very much. But the two well-loaded tables, one with cakes and candy and the other with fruit, were perhaps to the little ones the most attractive part of the entertainment. They marched up to the tables by classes, and to each child was given an equal quantity of the good things. The tables were handsomely arranged by the teachers, and looked very attractive with their sweets upon them; but in a few moments after the classes began to march up they were stripped of their burdens. The school is a large and prosperous one, and is not confined to the children of communicants of that church. It is a Sunday-school free to all children, no matter what their faith, and to this characteristic it owes its prosperity.

CITY BUSINESS.

☞ Will S. Hays was busy yesterday receiving and shipping Chambers' pianos and selling holiday presents. More pianos coming this week.

On Christmas Day.

To accommodate his patrons the great clothing house of Julius Winter will be open until 11 o'clock A. M. to-morrow. Those who failed, on account of the rush on Saturday, will be attended to.

Certainly, I Must

have a new suit for Christmas. Yes, and Julius Winter's is the place to buy it. I'm always suited there.

Don't Miss the Chance

offered you to-day at J. Winter's, corner Third and Market. His clothing are all home-made, and prices still further reduced.

Reflectors.

The best show-window reflector made is the one for which Messrs. Magens & Co. are sole agents. A sample can be seen in use at their counting-room, No. 73 Third street, between Main and Market.

☞ The grand Christmas Ball so long anticipated comes off at Masonic Temple on Tuesday next. It is enough to say that Mr. Frank Bake has charge, assisted by John Smith and Frank Smith, all young gentlemen whose experience and continued success in such matters are a guarantee of its excellent conduct. A quiet, enjoyable and general good time awaits all who may attend.

☞ D. B. Grable having just refitted and enlarged his store, northeast corner Jackson and Walnut streets, and supplied it with a fresh stock of drugs, medicines, toilet articles, perfumery, &c., tenders his thanks to the generous public for the patronage of the past, and trusts to merit a continuance of the same. Especial care and attention are bestowed upon the prescription department, every article used being of the purest quality and compounded by experienced clerks.

Fine Paintings.

One of the best displays of choice oil paintings of the higher grade of art, from the Belgium, Dusseldorf, French and American schools, will be exhibited at the skating rink in Weisiger building to-morrow. There are over one hundred and fifty of these fine works of art, and they will well repay a visit. They are to be sold at auction by S. G. Henry & Co. on Tuesday and Wednesday, and we feel sure that a critical examination of them will result in a determination on the part of our citizens not to let the collection be taken out of the city. We hope, therefore, that all who can will visit the exhibition, and determine for themselves the different standards of excellence attained by the different schools mentioned above.

☞ I would respectfully announce to the public that my 54th monthly drawing will take place at Odeon Hall, Bowling Green, Ky., Christmas night. The drawing will be conducted by a committee selected from the audience by the ticket-holders present, a statement of which will be forwarded to all agents and ticket-holders. There are one thousand splendid prizes, selected especially for the Christmas holidays. Among them are $1,000 in greenbacks, four splendid pianos, fine top-buggy, wagons, fine stock, gold and silver watches, diamonds, solid silverware, standard and gift books, fine mirrors and paintings, blankets, coverlets, &c., &c. Tickets $1, or six for $5. For sale at W. Scott Glore's, Louisville, and by other agents throughout the State. Orders addressed to me will be filled promptly up to the departure of the last mail on Monday, 25th. J. R. Golladay.

THE CHILES AFFAIR.

Coroner's Inquest Yesterday—Testimony—Verdict of the Jury.

Analysis of the Stomach.

The coroner's jury for the investigation of the death of N. R. Chiles met yesterday afternoon at the jail and proceeded to examine witnesses. The first was Mr. Vincent Davis, druggist at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets. Mr. Davis said he knew Mr. Chiles very well. Mr. C. had come to his drug store between 6 and 7 o'clock Tuesday evening and asked for ten grains of morphine in half-grain powders. He inquired of deceased if his wife was sick again, and was answered in the affirmative. Mr. Davis suggested putting up the morphine in solution, so that it could be conveniently taken—a half grain to a teaspoonful—and Mr. Chiles consented. Mr. Chiles seemed to be in his usual spirits, and the druggist thought nothing of the matter, as he had frequently put up narcotics for Mrs. Chiles, who had suffered from neuralgia. The bottle was carefully labeled, and Mr. Davis remarked to Mr. Chiles that he did not think there was any possibility of making a mistake with it. Mr. Chiles asked what would be the effect on a person who should take the contents of the bottle, and Mr. Davis told him that after such a dose the man would not need any more medicine. Mr. C. was in the store about ten or fifteen minutes. On Thursday, hearing considerable talk about the affair, he had told William Walker, a medical student who boards at the house, to inform his brother, Dr. Walker, of the purchase of the morphine by Mr. Chiles.

Dr. Rademaker, the chemist to whom the stomach of the deceased was intrusted, was then sworn, and proceeded to give the result of his analysis as follows:

Upon opening the stomach, the blood vessels were found highly injected with blood, down as far as the pylorus. The duodenum looking perfectly healthy, the congested state of the stomach leads me to believe that he might have been suffering from some irritant poison.

The stomach and duodenum were then divided into two equal parts, one-half of which was tested for mineral poisons, the other half for poisonous alkaloids. The mineral poisons tested for were the following: Arsenic, antimony, mercury, copper, and lead.

The following processes were resorted to for the detection of mineral poisons:

First—One-half of the stomach and duodenum were treated with hydrochloric acid (pure) and chlorate of potash until all organic matter was dissolved. The solution thus obtained was filtered and divided into four equal parts. The first portion was submitted to Reinsch's test; the second portion was submitted to Marsh's test; the third portion was treated with sulphuretted hydrogen; all of which showed the absence of antimony and arsenic. The fourth portion was then tested for mercury, copper and lead, which also gave a negative result. I therefore concluded that the stomach and duodenum contained no mineral poison.

ORGANIC ALKALOIDS.

In testing for organic poisons, the object of the chemist should be to isolate the base. The process adopted by me for isolating any organic base that might exist in the stomach or duodenum, was the following: The other half of the stomach and duodenum was cut into small pieces, and treated with about three times its weight of absolute alcohol, to which two grammes of tartaric acid had been added. This mixture of stomach, alcohol, and tartaric acid was digested at a temperature of 150° Fah. for two hours; the solution filtered from the undissolved matter and evaporated almost to dryness, and again treated with alcohol. The alcoholic solution thus obtained was again filtered and evaporated to dryness; the dryness thus left was exhausted with water, and treated with bicarbonate of potash (pure) until the solution had an akaline reaction.

To the alkaline solution thus obtained we added a small amount of caustic potash, and then treated with five times its volume of ether, the ether separated and allowed to evaporate; but in the residue I was unable to find any organic base.

But my inability to find poison is no proof that poison has not been taken, for the organic poisons are very rapidly absorbed into the blood, and are then out of reach of the chemist.

I may remark here that the following organic alkaloids, all of which are poisonous, may be isolated by the above process, conini, nicotin, morphine, strychnine, veratrin, aconitin, atropin, and hyoscyamin.

Dr. Blackburn was then sworn. He was called in soon after the alarm was given, and found Mr. Chiles apparently lifeless; but, on turning him over on his side, the unfortunate man gave a long respiration. The case presented symptoms of narcotic poison. Afterwards one of the young men boarding at the house told him that he had seen a morphine bottle on a stand at the bedside, with a small portion of the solution remaining in it. He told the young man to say nothing about it there. Mrs. Chiles was not sick that night. The amount of the solution that had apparently been taken out of the bottle, as reported by the young man who told him of it, would have produced death. He did not think it could have been given to Mr. Chiles in his usual state without his knowledge. He couldn't say whether or there was foul play or not.

The jury, after consultation, adjourned to the residence of the widow, and William Walker was examined. His statement of the affair was similar to the accounts already published. He said he had understood that a Mr. Bracken, who boarded in the house at the time of the occurrence, but was not there during the inquest, had seen a bottle containing morphine by the side of the bed on Tuesday night. He did not remember that Mr. Davis had told him to inform his brother about the purchase of the morphine. On being asked whether there had been any ill-feeling between his brother and Mr. Chiles, he replied that there had not. On being asked if his brother had been requested to leave the house, but, on Mrs. Chiles interfering, he had remained, Mr. Walker replied that there had been no such occurrence to his knowledge.

Mrs. Chiles was then sworn, and gave pretty much the same account of the affair published in the COURIER-JOURNAL of Thursday morning. She said Mr. Chiles came home about 7½ o'clock on Tuesday night. He was later than usual, generally coming straight home from the hotel. She had noticed in the morning that he appeared as if something unusual was the matter, but on inquiry he had told her it was nothing. Mr. Andrews came down to get some water just after they had retired, when Mr. Chiles got up to let him in. After that one of the children, a little girl, woke. It was Mr. Chiles' habit to take the children into bed when they were disturbed, but he seemed sleeping so soundly that she did not like to disturb him, and rose and took the child into bed herself. She then went to sleep, and in about ten minutes was awakened by a strange noise. She called to Mr. Chiles several times but he did not answer. She then felt his pulse, and it beat so strangely that she rose quickly, threw on her clothes and turning on the gas said that Mr. Chiles was "as white as a sheet." She then gave the alarm, as has been previously related. She had no idea that Mr. C. had died of anything but apoplexy. Dr. Blackburn had told her positively that was the cause of his death, and on that account she objected to the examination. If she had dreamed that there was a suspicion of anything else she would have been as willing as anybody to have the post-mortem examination made; but she had been led to believe all along that the cause of his death was apoplexy, and in such a case the examination would do no good. Mr. Davis, the druggist, had sent word on Thursday evening that Mr. Chiles had purchased ten grains of morphine at his drug-store. She could not believe that Mr. Chiles poisoned himself, and she thought it very unkind in the COURIER-JOURNAL, or whatever paper it was, to cast such a slur upon her. Mr. Chiles was one of the most melancholy of men. When they were first married he would sit for hours without speaking a word, unless she addressed him. He had told her on several occasions that he intended to kill himself; but all that had passed away. He had once been dissipated, but had been very temperate during the last four years. She had seen nothing of the bottle spoken of as being by the bed, but there were a number of bottles about the house, as she had been taking medicine for some time.

This ended the testimony. But little inquiry was made for the man who was said to have seen the bottle. After consultation it was found that the jury were somewhat divided in opinion upon some of the points presented by the case, and they agreed upon a verdict that the deceased came to his death from causes unknown to the jury. The circumstances pointed clearly to death by morphine, but the chemist had found no trace of the poison in the stomach, and the jury did not feel authorized to render a verdict upon circumstantial evidence, however strong.

A Little Waif.

Yesterday afternoon a gentleman discovered a little boy wandering about the corner of Second and Market streets, apparently lost. He asked the little fellow several questions as to who were his parents, and where they lived, and tried to learn his full name, but the child only knew that his name was "Pink," and could tell nothing more. The gentleman took him in his arms and walked off up the street, doubtless with the purpose of taking care of the little fellow until his parents could be found. We could not learn the name of the Good Samaritan.

"Luck in Leisure."

A Mr. Rearden, who keeps a coffee-house near the corner of Main and Preston streets, about two weeks ago, bought a load of coal at Cromie's float at the foot of Preston street. By some accident the team and cart fell into the river, but got out safely, leaving the coal at the bottom. Since that time the river has fallen considerably, and coal has gone up to $8 per load. A day or two since Rearden went with a cart to the river, shoveled up the sunken coal and hauled it home, thus making three dollars by the accident.

Solicitor General Bristow.

Information was received in this city yesterday of the resignation of Solicitor General Bristow. He will return in a few days to the practice of the law in this city, and give his undivided attention to his private interests, which have doubtless suffered by reason of his residence in Washington. We regard this as a serious loss to the Administration of President Grant. Col. Bristow, during his term of office, has largely added to his very high reputation as a lawyer.

The Dental Infirmary.

The Louisville Dental Infirmary, in room No. 16, third floor, McDowell's block, corner Fourth and Green, was opened yesterday at 2 o'clock P. M. Here those needing their teeth attended to and are not able to pay full price for it, can have the work done for the cost of the materials. The infirmary is in charge of the members of the Kentucky State Dental Association. The services rendered will be first-class in every particular.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

MR. W. D. SPALDING has presented a fine gilt-edged Bible to Pioneer Lodge No. 11, K. of P.

EIGHT thousand dollars were realized from the Catholic fair for the benefit of St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.

AN election of officers of Washington Division 111, Sons of Temperance, will be held next Wednesday night.

WM. KESSLER was arrested by Officer Howard and incarcerated in the Twelfth street station last night, for drunkenness.

CAPT. J. W. RECCIUS and Lieuts. David Messenger and R. E. Gissel, of the Waddell Grays, received their commissions from the Governor on Friday.

THE young lady employés of N. Sid. Platt, the shirt-man, numbering thirty-five, were the recipients at his hands of a can of oysters, each, yesterday.

THE thermometer at Cook & Sloss' was 8 degrees above zero on Thursday. Yesterday it was 58 degrees above zero—having risen 50 degrees in 48 hours.

REV. FATHER J. L. SPALDING will deliver a lecture at Weisiger Hall on the 21st of January for the benefit of "St. Vincent's Home." Fifty cents will be charged for admission.

HIRAM BOHANNON, convicted of the murder of Addison Cook in Shelby county, was yesterday admitted to bail in $10,000, the sentence of Judge Bruce, that he be hung, having been reversed by the Court of Appeals and the case returned to the lower court for revision.

ALBERT WHITE, of the Fire Department, yesterday resumed his duties with the Bunce Hook and Ladder company. He is the young man who was seriously injured by being run over by a hose-carriage while on its way to the fire at the bridge depot, some months since.

AS THE bad weather of last week compelled the ladies to cut short their Christmas shopping, and as Sunday intervenes before the shopping, it is understood that most of the fancy and variety and dry goods stores will keep open doors until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

AT No. 730 Walnut street, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, Ida Bell King, aged two months, was discovered by its mother to be dead. The coroner was notified, and returned a verdict of death from spasms. The child was in good health the previous night, and had never been sick before.

A WAGON laden with meal, and belonging to a Mr. Thierman, passing down Market street yesterday afternoon, came down with a crash while pulling over the railroad track, breaking an axle and smashing a wheel. Considerable time was consumed in removing the wreck, detaining the passage of four or five cars. Several bags of meal were spilled in the street.

AT the Orphans' fair at Weisiger Hall which closed Thursday evening, the fine horse contributed by Mr. Pat Dillon, was raffled for $361 and was won by Mr. Jeff. Williams; the lard contributed by the same gentleman, who deserves great credit for his liberality, was won by Mr. J. C. Dennis, who threw the smallest number. A fine set of silver which brought $333 was won by Mr. R. D. Slevin, and another fine set, raffled for $431, fell to Miss Kate Rodgers.

THE Critic, which is well-known to the people of Louisville and elsewhere as the organ of the drama, music, the turf and society, and an admirable weekly critical journal, is to be hereafter published monthly, and, besides having its former excellent typographical appearance improved, will be enlarged, and its pages filled with solid and substantial magazine matter. There is room in this region of the country for just such an institution as the Critic, and it is to be hoped that its managers, who are undoubtedly able and energetic, will make it what the necessity of the times and the occasion requires.

THE STATE PRISON.

Criminals Sentenced to the Penitentiary Yesterday.

The following cases were among those in which Judge Bruce pronounced sentence yesterday, viz:

Martin Thomas, for manslaughter, sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The prisoner earnestly protested his innocence; said if he ever struck the woman whom he was charged with murdering he did not know it; that he had picked the woman up in the streets and had protected her, given her a home, and was never her husband. He said that the witnesses against him had not sworn to the truth.

James Clark, for larceny of clothing, sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. This prisoner withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. On being asked by the Commonwealth's Attorney why he had changed his plea, he said "the boys," meaning others of the prisoners sentenced, "were going to Frankfort, and he wanted to go along with them."

John Adams, for receiving stolen property, sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. When this prisoner was asked by the court if he had anything to say why the penalty of the law should not be enforced, he made quite a long statement, asserting his entire innocence of the crime. He compared himself to our Saviour when he was being unjustly condemned by Pontius Pilate; and again, when talking of the argument of his lawyers, said that they wandered about from point to point, like the children of Israel in the wilderness. Adams said he knew nothing whatever of the robbery committed by his daughter Lilly (whose case is given below), and that he had done all he could to prevent the daughter from leading a riotous life. His speech was very rambling, and, in some points, quite foolish, but he did not hesitate to put the blame on his daughter.

Lilly Adams, for grand larceny, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. This was indeed a hard case. Lilly Adams is a little girl only a little over fourteen years of age. She does not look like a hardened criminal, but like a tender, rather well-raised child. She was reared in this city. When she was but two or three years old her parents moved to the city from Somerset county, Pennsylvania. Her mother has tried to teach her the precepts of virtue, and to give her a Christian education. She regularly attended a city school in the upper-end for nearly four years, and during that time also regularly attended a Sunday-school on Cable street. She has been leading a life of shame for only a few months. She was persuaded to it by some evil associates she had formed, and yielded partly at first for the purpose of covertly bettering the fortunes of her parents. She says her father is not guilty of the crime charged against him, and that she would gladly serve out his time in the penitentiary if she could do so. She pleaded guilty to the indictment against her, and the jury gave her the shortest term—one year. Every member of the jury expressed his willingness to sign a petition for her pardon, believing that the permanent injury she would receive by a term in the penitentiary would overbalance the good to the public by a vindication of the law in her case.

The appearance of this prisoner before the court when receiving her sentence was indeed sad and pitiful. It is doubtful if there was a single person in the court-room at the time who would not have been glad to see her released. But the law was inexorable; all the jury could do was to find a verdict of guilty, giving her the shortest term in the State prison, and all that the Judge could do was to pass the sentence upon her.

"Honor to Whom Honor is Due."

There was a high time among the railroad-men last night. A number of the leading officers and representatives of railroad interests at this point assembled in the parlor of Walker's Exchange, and proceeded to present Mr. C. P. Atmore, general passenger agent of the Great Jackson Route, with a splendid gold watch and chain. The watch was inscribed: "C. P. Atmore, Gen. Pass. Ag't, from the Officers, Employes, and Patrons of the J., M. and I. Railroad." The speeches on the occasion were eloquent and appropriate—and so were the wine and cigars. Mr. Atwood was completely taken by surprise, but soon so far recovered his presence of mind as to make a feeling and suitable response to the handsome compliment.

Merited Presentation.

Yesterday Mrs. E. H. Gary, Superintendent of the City Hospital, was the recipient of a beautiful gold watch and chain, inscribed: "Presented to Mrs. E. H. Gary by the employés of the City Hospital." The watch and chain were presented in a short speech expressing the respect and regard they had for her for her kindness toward them. The unexpected gift so surprised Mrs. G. as to forbid utterance of her gratitude to them.

Christmas Tree at St. Paul's.

A Christmas tree was erected yesterday evening in the Sunday-school room of St. Paul's church, Sixth street near Walnut, and presents distributed from it to the children and teachers. The pupils were also entertained with a magic lantern exhibition, which they enjoyed very much. The room was made perfectly dark, so much so that the children could not see each other during the various and changing scenes.

A Dangerous Spot.

On Monday a team and cart laden with coal ran off O'Connor's float, at the foot of Preston street, dumping the load of coal in the river. On Friday last the same team again became unmanageable at the same place, and the lead mule ran into the water throwing the cart into such a position as to sink another eight dollars' worth of black diamonds in the same spot.

Pullen Discharged.

Pullen, the Market-street auctioneer, who has been before the courts for nearly a year past, on a charge of incest, and the facts of whose case are very generally known, was discharged from custody yesterday, for the reason that two juries had failed to find him guilty.

Christmas and the Home.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

On reading the appeal in your Wednesday's issue, signed "The Home," calling attention to the Young Woman's Boarding Home, of this city, I was moved by the earnest spirit which pervaded the article, and could but feel that, if every business man in Louisville would ponder for a moment on the subject, the result would be a gratifying one to the noble ladies who have identified themselves with this work. I would suggest the following plan to the managers, feeling confident that, if carried out, a large number of subscriptions could be obtained. My plan is to interest in the work one business man on each square, devoted to business, in the city, and have him solicit from other business houses one or more annual subscriptions. A popular merchant can obtain money from his neighbors on a purely personal appeal, the persons giving looking on the gift simply as a business transaction. The money is asked for by one whose good will they wish to have, and is paid without a murmur. MERCHANT.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 23, 1871.

THE CHURCHES.

Directory of Religious Worship for To-day.

Morning services at 11 o'clock; evening at 7½ o'clock.

Methodist Church, Chestnut street, between Eighth and Ninth; Rev. Mr. Messick, pastor. Usual services morning and evening.

Church of the Messiah—Rev. Dr. Hosmer, formerly of Buffalo, New York, is expected to preach.

Rev. Dr. McKee will preach, morning and evening, at Warren Presbyterian church, corner of Nineteenth and Jefferson streets.

Christ's church, Episcopal, Second street, between Green and Walnut—Reverend Dr. Craik, rector. Services, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.

St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Portland—Rev. A. F. Freeman, rector. Service this morning at 11 o'clock; Sunday-school this afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

Fourth Presbyterian Church, Hancock street, between Main and Market; Rev. W. C. Matthews, D. D., pastor. Usual services morning and evening.

Christian church, corner of Fifteenth and Jefferson streets—Services morning and night by Elder O. P. Miller, in place of the regular pastor, who is absent.

Broadway Baptist Church—Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor. Morning subject: David's remembrance of God from the Hill Mezar. Evening: Faith the only condition of salvation.

Methodist church, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets—Reverend H. C. Settle, pastor. Morning text: Luke ii, 13, 14. Subject: The song of the angels and its meaning. Regular services at night.

Broadway Methodist Episcopal Church South—Rev. R. H. Rivers, D. D., pastor. Morning subject—"The Incarnation and its Lessons;" John i, 14. Evening—"Christ, His Representative Character."

Spiritual lecture by Mrs. Laura Cuppy Smith, at Wedekind Hall, Market street, between Sixth and Seventh. Morning subject: Our sacred obligations. Evening: Have we a religion? Admission free.

James S. Greene, one of the convicts, who was a minister, and a very eloquent speaker, will lecture to the convicts in the Jeffersonville penitentiary, at 11 o'clock this morning. Subject—"The Folly of Atheism."

Market-street Methodist Episcopal church, near Eighth—Reverend J. McKendrie Reiley, pastor. Sunday-school at 9 o'clock, A. M. Morning text: Haggai ii, 7; subject: Christ the Desire of Nations. Usual services in the evening.

Presbyterian Church, College street—Morning services will be conducted by Dr. W. L. Breckinridge, of Missouri, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. Reverend Dr. Humphrey, regular pastor, will preach at night.

Chestnut-street Christian church, corner of Chestnut and Floyd streets—Elder W. C. Dawson, pastor. Morning subject: "The Nativity"—Matt. ii. Evening: "My yoke is easy and my burden light"—Matt. xi., 30. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

Presbyterian church, corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets—Rev. G. H. Robertson, pastor. Morning text: Hebrews III., 13, "But exhort one another daily while it is called to-day, lest any of you be hardened through the deceitfulness of sin." Subject: Sin's treacheries.

Calvary Episcopal Church, corner of Third and Guthrie streets—Rev. Wm. Platt, pastor. Morning sermon in keeping with the day (fourth Sunday in Advent). Sunday night the fifth lecture to young men will be postponed and a Christmas Eve service held for the children of the Sunday-school.

Rev. James Ryan, Richard Daly and Eberhard Hulsmann will be ordained to the sacred order of priesthood at the Cathedral this morning, at 10½ o'clock. The two first-named are from the Right Rev. Bishop's Seminary near Louisville; the latter a member of the Franciscan Seminary of St. Boniface's Church, of this city.

The first quarterly meeting for Shelby-street Station will be held to-day. Preaching morning and evening by Rev. E. W. Sehon, D. D., Presiding Elder. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. Love feast on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock.

St. John' German Evangelical church, corner of Clay and Market streets—Reverend Theodore Dressel, pastor. Morning text: St. John i, 19—28. Subject: Are we prepared for a blessed celebration of the birth of Christ and of His holy supper? Evening text: Philippians iv, 4—7. Subject: The Lord is at hand!

Baptist church, on Chestnut street, between Ninth and Tenth—Rev. Mr. Weaver, pastor. Morning text: Philippians iii, 8 to 12 inclusive; subject: Striving for Perfection. Evening: Romans ix, 32 and 33; subject: The Plan of Salvation, or How to be Saved. Administration of baptism at the close of the discourse.

Christian church, corner of Fourth and Walnut streets—Reverend Dr. Hopson, pastor. Morning text: Matthew xi., 2. "Verily I say unto you, among them that are born of women there hath not risen a greater than John the Baptist, notwithstanding he that is least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he." Subject, John the Baptist. Usual services in the evening.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Jefferson street, between Eleventh and Twelfth.—Reverend W. C. Butler, rector. Morning subject: "Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh." Evening: "Thy will be done as in heaven so in earth;" which is a continuation of the series on Lord's Prayer. Holy communion is celebrated at 7 o'clock this morning, and at the same hour to-morrow morning.

Quinn's Chapel, Walnut street, between Eighth and Ninth (colored congregation)—Rev. G. H. Graham, pastor. The Sunday-school exercises occupy all the morning. The pupils are taught to read, sing and write upon the black-board. A short lecture by the pastor is also delivered. The church services are at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Text: John XIV., 3. "If ye love me, keep my commandments." Subject: The principles of love and the evidences of its possession. Usual services at night.

THE COAL QUESTION.

The People's Relief and Remedy for High Prices—How We May be Blessed.

In our article yesterday we demonstrated the importance of the development of the Kentucky coal fields as the only solution of the question of cheap and unlimited supply of coal for our manufacturers and citizens.

The only plan for this development is for Louisville to invest some of the capital which we are in the habit of investing in Pittsburgh coal in the spring, in order to provide against high prices, and devote it to the mining and bringing of this coal to market. Every acre of coal land on the E. and P. railroad contains four workable veins of good coal, of an average thickness of five feet each, which makes 700,000 bushels of coal to the acre. These lands can now be purchased at twenty dollars per acre, making the whole cost of an annual supply of twelve millions of bushels in the ground not to exceed $400. Owing to the advantageous location of these lands, and their proximity to the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad, the works for opening and operating mines can be constructed at a comparatively small cost. A company organized with a cash capital of fifty thousand dollars could purchase a sufficient quantity of coal land for all their purposes, erect proper machinery for successful mining, provide houses for miners and sufficient carts and depots in this city for delivery, and could furnish to the city a daily supply of seven thousand five hundred bushels, or an annual supply of two millions of bushels. Six companies organized upon this basis could furnish the city with all the coal that she would require, and it could be delivered as consumers might want it, without the necessity of locking up all our coal-houses so much unproductive capital as is now the case.

These companies could be organized upon a mutual basis, as is the case in all other large cities, say in shares of the value of $100 and each stockholder for every share of stock should be entitled to receive annually ten tons of coal at its net cost to the company and be a sharer according to his interest in the profits of the company, upon their sales to outside parties. Companies organized upon this mutual basis would be able, we think, to deliver coal at the depot of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad to their own stockholders at a net cost of 10 cents per bushel, and to other consumers at a profit of 2 cents per bushel. The cost of delivery over the city would have to be added to this estimate, but ought not to exceed 2 cents per bushel.

We urge upon our citizens the necessity of doing something to bring this Kentucky coal into our market, and think that companies organized upon this mutual basis are feasible, and would accomplish all that we have said in regard to them.

The E. and P. R. R. Coal Transportation.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

In the very interesting article in your local columns of yesterday upon "The Coal Supply," the following paragraph appears:

"Baltimore city carries the bituminous coal used by her manufactories an average distance of 210 miles, and yet the expense of transportation never exceeds the price of five dollars per ton of 2,240 pounds. Our roads have lighter grades and we are less distant from the mines, yet we pay enormously more for transportation. Coal coming in by the Elizabethtown and Paducah road, for instance, costs $7 per ton of 2,000 pounds."

There are serious errors in the above, made by the writer, no doubt, unintentionally, which are so unjust to the E. and P. road as to require prompt correcting. We are at a loss to know where the author of the article obtained his information, or how he could be led into such mistakes, when it has been stated again and again in your columns that the Elizabethtown and Paducah road is transporting coal to this city for $15 per car load of ten tons, or six cents per bushel. Now, compare these rates with those of Baltimore, and it will be seen that the Elizabethtown and Paducah road transports coal 100 miles (the average distance is 120 miles) for $1 50 per ton, while the Baltimore roads charge $5 per ton for 220 miles, which is 60 per cent. higher than is charged by the Elizabethtown and Paducah road. These rates were fixed when the Pittsburgh coal was selling for $5 per load or 20 cents per bushel, in order that the operators of the mines on the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroads, might sell their coal at 15 cents per bushel, and drive the Pittsburgh monopolists out of the market. That the price of this coal has been advanced to 20 cents per bushel, is no fault of the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad company, as they continue to haul it at six cents per bushel to this city. JUSTICE.

Coal at Five Dollars—A Suggestion.

[To the Editor of the COURIER-JOURNAL.]

Let everybody turn out to-morrow and go to church; let every pastor offer a prayer for pouring rains, a booming river, and abounding coal, and let all the people say amen. The rains will descend, the floods will come, the pointers will fly from their homes, but we shall have all the Pittsburgh coal for the poor at $5. Reason: The people will pray with a will to an Almighty Helper who gives to those who ask. ONE WHO KNOWS.

CHRISTMAS.

The Grand Opening Last Night—125,000 Persons Present—Great Preparations for the Festivities—Continuation of Sales on Monday.

We may be Happy Yet.

There was a general outpouring of the people of this city yesterday and last night, and the streets, markets, shops and stores were literally thronged with people with pockets full of money or baskets and arms full of Christmas things. There never was a finer, or more tempting display in the meat and vegetable markets of Louisville, and the sellers could not complain at the illiberality of the buyers. We trust there will be no necessity for interference on the part of the Health Officer, but if much eating and drinking will endanger the health of our citizens we may expect unfortunate results from last night's purchases.

The toy shops were literally besieged, and the toys have been assigned to duty in thousands of places throughout the city. Armfuls of toys, stockingfuls of candies, stacks of dry goods, cartloads of groceries, and deadloads of turkeys and things were purchased and carried away by the men, women, and children, independent of the carriers or deliverers of goods, who were utterly inadequate to the task. There was a general running to and fro, and everybody seemed to be in a fair way to spend the great holiday in an appropriate and happy manner.

There were a great many, however, who, for want of time or on account of the great crowds in the stores and shops, were compelled to defer their purchases till to-morrow, and it is for the benefit of these and the edification of others—everybody—that we mention a few more of the leading places where appropriate purchases may be made.

Newman's Family Drug-store,

corner of Fifth avenue and Walnut street, although not in the central thoroughfare, has been as busy a place as we have seen during the past week. The enterprising young proprietor and his assistants have had more than they could do to serve the crowds of people who called to make selections from the elegant stock of fancy goods which Mr. Newman brought with him recently from the East. There is not a finer array of goods suitable for holiday presents in Louisville than that of Mr. Newman's. His charming store, always a model of neatness and beauty, is unusually attractive in its holiday attire. He has the faculties of showing his goods to great advantage, of waiting upon a great many people in a very short time, and of sending everybody away under the impression that they have got a little more than their money's worth. The great popularity of Mr. Newman's drug-store is the result of industry, a thorough knowledge of and attention to business, and is owing to the purity of all drugs and medicines sold, the reasonable prices charged and the invariable urbanity of the attendants. A list of holiday goods to be had at Newman's will be found in another part of this paper.

Pictures on the Wall.

Those of our citizens who have patronized Webster's gallery within the last quarter of a century are not disposed to give up an artist who has always taken the lead and given satisfaction in the various branches of the art, to trust their faces in the hands of others, and, after all the sensational advertising which has been done by other artists, Webster's gallery holds its rank at the head of the list. While Capt. Webster is prepared to make pictures in all the popular styles he is making specialties of Rembrandts and porcelain pictures. He was the first to advertise the Rembrandts in Louisville and continues to excel in them. More exquisite life-like pictures can not be made than Webster's porcelain, and a more appropriate or acceptable token could not be given a friend than a picture of one's self, particularly if the subject be a beautiful lady, or a handsome gentleman (and if there be a little doubt on that point the porcelain is the style of picture to flatter a little, don't you see, and set you off to advantage).

One of the secrets of Captain Webster's success is the fact that he is always in the operating room and gives his personal attention to visitors, securing the best position, which is the foundation of the picture, and, while he employs a number of artists in the various departments of his establishment, he is emphatically his own photographer, does the most important work himself, and never allows a picture to go out unless it gives satisfaction. He is truly a conscientious, hard working and progressive man, striving always to advance the interests of photography, keeping up with all improvements, and studying to please his numerous customers.

Although his gallery is often crowded with visitors, some of whom may have to await their turn, they will find enough to interest them in the way of curious pictures—shadows of familiar countenances—in all the styles that have been introduced for twenty-five years. We could name hundreds of citizens and prominent men of the State and nation whose pictures were taken and retained by Webster more than a score of years ago. Among them we mention President Pierce and his Cabinet, Rev. Dr. E. P. Humphrey, Archie Dixon of Henderson, D. P. Faulds, Rev. Dr. C. B. Parsons, Prof. A. Gunter, Geo. D. Prentice and many others living and dead, which carry us back in pleasant reveries to those better days when all of us were younger, if not wiser and better men. The endless collection of groups, classes, pictures of important meetings, &c., including views of the "Laying of the Corner-stone of Masonic Temple," "Hoisting the Stars and Stripes on the Court-house," "Reception of President Johnson," and hundreds of others of equal interest, make this gallery one of the most desirable places to visit in the city. While some may consider a new thing better than an old, this gallery, although the oldest, is always new and up to the times. A merited compliment was paid Capt. Webster by the National Photographic Association, by his election as vice president of that association, at its annual meeting in June last.

Imported Cigars.

Messrs. Edward Peynado & Co. are the veteran importers of Havana cigars in Louisville. They have been established in this city since 1855, and are at the head of the business in the Southwest. Their store is situated at No. 17 West Main street, between First and Second, on the north side. They have also branches or stands in the Galt House and Louisville Hotel in this city, and in the Maxwell House in Nashville, Tenn. Possessing tact, energy and a large business acquaintance in Cuba, they are enabled to bring to this market the choicest brands of cigars manufactured in Havana. We have often noticed the large sums in gold paid into the custom-house in this city by this firm for duties on their importations, and a visit to their store-room confirmed our idea of the size of their stock. They have in store *two hundred and fifty thousand* cigars of the finest Havana brands.

Mr. Peynado, the senior partner, makes frequent business visits to Havana, and we understand he purposes going again to that city, soon after the holidays, in the interest of his firm.

Speaking of holidays reminds us of Christmas and New Year's gifts, and we would suggest to those contemplating making presents to gentlemen friends who are smokers, that a box of fine cigars is very appropriate, and always sure to please. Ladies desiring particularly to please their husbands or beaux should bear that in mind. The gentle sex do not object to the flavor of a prime Havana; on the contrary, they like it; and we can assure every one that the aroma of a Caoba, Flor del Fumar, Flor del Creta, Intimidad, Figaro, or Partagas, of Messrs. Peynado & Co.'s importation is perfectly delightful. Therefore we advise everybody desiring to make a present of that kind to go to the "fountain head"—Messrs. E. Peynado & Co.'s.

A Louisville Enterprise.

This is the name of a paper, the publication of which was commenced several months ago, and will be continued on a larger scale during the ensuing year by C. P. Barnes & Bro., jewelers, 224 Main street (Louisville Hotel block). It is handsomely printed (by Stackhouse of course), and contains much valuable and reliable information about the manufacture of American watches, "extra" gold pens, "Seththomas clocks," fashionable gold chains, fine gold seal rings, plain gold rings, hair jewelry, emblematic pins for Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Good Templars and Sons of Temperance, Ladies' Watches and Chains, fine gold bracelets, gold spectacles, gold-headed canes, solid silverware and a great many other beautiful and useful genuine articles in which Messrs. Barnes & Bro. deal. We have carefully read the Enterprise, and have also examined the stock of goods to which it refers, and can vouch for the truth of every word in the one, and the genuineness of every article in the other. We commend Messrs. Barnes & Bro. for the strict regard for truth manifested in advertising one of the largest and finest stocks of watches, clocks, pens and jewelry ever afforded in Louisville. Take a copy of the Enterprise, look over the list, and select a handsome present for your friend, and then, during the holidays, call and make the purchase.

Messrs. Barnes & Brother also publish a complete pocket Directory of Masonic, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Good Templars and Sons of Temperance lodges for gratuitous distribution.

Julius Winter.

This old-established clothing house, so long and favorably known to the citizens of the South and West, is entitled to a more extended notice than we fear our space will admit at this time. A visit to this magnificent establishment will richly repay you. The first, or ground, floor is the repository of the ready-made clothing—all strictly home-made, and all in the latest styles—no old stock and refuse goods being allowed to accumulate. Gents' furnishing goods of every description, from the daintiest tie to the largest sized undershirt. Here you will also find a variety of perfect-fitting shirts, which are made a specialty. Indeed, we were surprised to find such an extensive stock of furnishing goods in connection with the immense assortment of ready-made clothing as is here to be found. On the second floor is the merchant tailoring, or custom department, where you will find displayed in endless variety all the latest styles of piece goods for men's wear to be made to order. His cutters are artists of taste and experience, and the fact of your having left your measure at Julius Winter's is a safe guarantee that you will have a satisfactory fit, and one that will challenge all criticism.

It is with pleasure we recommend the above house to our readers, and we trust those who are not already advised will go and see for themselves.

Butterick's Patterns.

These patterns were first introduced in full stock in our city last April, and owing to their sterling merit came rapidly into favor, and the trade in them now is simply immense. They are now known everywhere in the State, and Mr. Dorris, the agent, informs us his mail orders are largely in excess of his former retail sales at the counter. They give special advantage to the country lady, remote from city shop-windows and quasi-Parisian dress-makers, in giving her, through the illustrated catalogue which is furnished free on application, all the latest novelties in dress, monthly, and the patterns always fit perfectly. There is scarcely a household in this city that cannot vouch for their superiority. These patterns virtually make every lady her own dress-maker. New patterns are received monthly of every garment worn by lady, miss, or child, with full printed instructions as to what kind of goods and how much to buy, how to cut and trim, and they only cost from ten to fifty cents per pattern. The most wealthy and fashionable rely upon them, and, with the aid of a sewing girl, make their costly garments at a trifling expense. Should any one read this article who has not tried these patterns, we advise them to call at 166 Fourth street, between Green and Walnut, and ask the accommodating saleswoman for an illustrated catalogue.

The "Bee Hive"

was yesterday the scene of considerable activity, being thronged from morning to night with the fair sex making purchases for gentlemen friends and relatives—the latter including "cousins." Platt still has a most beautiful and extensive stock of holiday goods, and the ladies will do well to bear this fact in mind if they desire to remember their friends substantially. Men generally, and young men especially, are as fond of fine dress and display as the ladies, notwithstanding their assertion to the contrary, and Platt has spared no pains to procure the articles essential to a first-class make-up. A word more to the gentlemen alone. The party season is approaching its hight, and, of all men in Louisville. N. Sid Platt is the man prepared for it. His "bee-hive" is located at No. 61 Fourth street.

Joseph Wolf's Confectionery.

The best place to get candies, cakes and other sweet things for Christmas is at Joseph Wolf's confectionery, Jefferson street, just above Second. Mr. Wolf has some of the most handsome ornamental cakes to be found in the city, and a general assortment of the choicest fresh cakes and candies. He is supplying parties, weddings and balls on short notice. He has a large assortment of French fancy candies and cornucopias, candied fruits, tropical fruits, &c. He will furnish families or parties with ice cream and sherbets, in large or small quantities.

Christmas Presents.

Affection seeks some suitable offering to enhance the joy of Christmas. Nothing is more acceptable than a Florence Sewing Machine. Husbands, do you wish elegant presents for your wives? Fathers, do you desire appropriate gifts for your daughters? Young men, do you seek tasteful and lasting presents for your sweethearts? If so, get a Florence Sewing Machine, which is at once appropriate, tasteful, elegant, useful and lasting. Office and sales-room, No. 110 Fourth street.

Very Kind in the Fonda Boys.

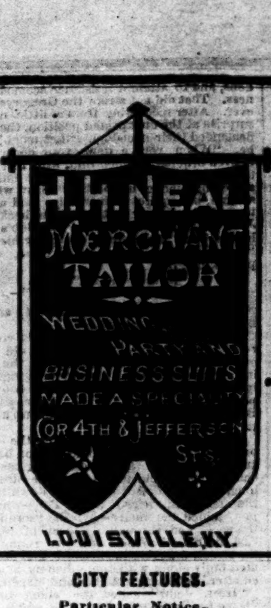
The Italian Warehouse was crowded up to a late hour last night, and the Fonda boys, finding it impossible to fill all the orders, many persons having been sent away empty (so to speak), and it being natural to suppose that some folks will eat up to-day pretty much all they had laid in for Christmas, have concluded to keep open doors to-morrow till twelve o'clock, till everybody has an opportunity to get something to eat. Noble fellows!

QUEENS OF THE CHRISTMAS PACK.

To Mattie Belle Shreve.

The tiny reindeer were asleep in their stalls!
And the sleigh still remained in its house,
And the quiet that reigned through those bright elfin halls
Might have startled a trespassing mouse.
Yet St. Nick was awake
And gay Christmas was near,
And his fat sides would shake
As he guzzled his beer;
And blew the thin smoke from his pipe;
But his features looked doubt, and his mind seemed perplexed.
Though the halls were o'erloaded with candies and toys,
And all sorts of gifts, both for girls and for boys,
Yet this good-natured Saint almost frowned, and was vexed.
He rose from his seat and he flung the toys round,
And he swore, in low Dutch, and bellowed for more,
And they came in, by magic, from ceiling and ground,
And passed in review in long files through the door;
But it all would not do,
Though an army went by,
There was nothing in view
That could pleasure his eye,
Or banish the shade from his brow!
Then he bounced from his chair—stirred the coals in his fire,
And muttered "I know not what else I can send her!"
Placed his hand on the mug and his feet on the fender,
And seemed solving grave doubts as he gazed on the fire.
"She's so peerlessly sweet, and so graceful withal!"
(Thus he mused as he viewed the bright coals.)
"And she's only a child, though so slender and tall,
"And she stirs to their depths human souls!
"But she thinks she's too old
"For such nick-nacks as these,
"And rich mines of gold
"Would I squander to please
"My darling, my dear Mattie Belle!"
At last watching closely the leaping red flame,
As it seemed darting upward in mischief and mirth,
It quickened his thoughts, and those quickened gave birth
To a grand inspiration he called "a new game."
"Ha! I have it, at last!" and he paced up and down,
And picked up some cards, which he tossed in the air;
But threw out the kings and the knaves, with a frown,
And bade them reform or despair.
"Tis a new Christmas game,"
He remarked, with a smile,
"And my wits are to blame
"If it does not beguile
"Mattie Belle of her mirth and her praise.
"Her mother —— yet hold! Such a creature of worth,
"So lofty of soul, so surpassingly fair,
"Is above little games, and I only may dare
"To praise, and to name her—an angel on earth!"
Then he seized the brown mug, with its remnant of beer,
Winked his eye, while his lips gave a smack,
And, drinking, exclaimed, "To your health, Mattie, dear,
"And your new Christmas toy and new pack!
"Which before you may mix
"You should know and should feel,
"All the cards that take tricks
"When you scuffle and deal
"To those who partake in the game;
"And the rules—as you'll find these brief pages expound—"
(Then he wrote them in less than a page and a half,
With such speed as would distance the best telegraph)
"Show the why above queens she of hearts should be crowned.
"The clubs and the spades, and the diamonds and hearts,
"Shall be mingled together, and just as luck jumps,
"They shall each, as in life, play the prominent parts,
"And each one in its turn shall be trumps.
"But the knaves shall lose place,
"And forthwith disappear,
"And the kings, as a race,
"That are looked on with fear,
"Shall dwindle and vanish from sight!
"But who shall be queens? for the queens must remain,
"And their crowns shall be gentleness, virtue and truth,
Gemmed with charity, mercy, and beauty and youth,
"Which, modestly wearing, forever they'll reign."
Then the Lady of Diamonds, he christened Adele,
Sketched a face and a form quite enchanting to view;
Made the Mistress of Clubs, the bright-eyed little Belle,
While the Sovereign of Spades, he declared, should be Sue.
"Still one suit remains,"
Thus he muttered and smiled,
"O'er which Mattie now reigns,
As my favorite child,
And, as queen, she shall hold it by right.
For Heaven, 'tis plain, from the hour of her birth,
Designed, as her features and nature disclose,
She should be and remain—like the beautiful rose—
Above all the flowers that blossom on earth!"
The clock now struck twelve, and he called for his sleigh,
And the "tiny reindeer," whose fleet pace is like thought,
And ere he could say, to his servants, "obey!"
The bells at the door told the sleigh had been brought.
Then, St. Nick, muffled snug,
Tied his cap round his chin,
And said: "Sprites! take my mug
And my nick-nacks all in,
And be sure that my fire's kept bright!"
He leaps to his seat, and the sleigh upward starts,
And he cries, with a chuckle: "Before I come back
The world shall huzza for a new Christmas pack,
With three times three cheers for the bright Queen of Hearts!"

JOSEPH A. NUNES.



CITY FEATURES.

Particular Notice.

In order to supply all with Christmas presents who have not yet had a chance to purchase an American Sewing Machine, we will keep open to-morrow until 10 o'clock. No. 90 West Jefferson street.

Just in Time.

Our friend, and everybody's friend, H. J. Monsch, will have on exhibition at his game store, 111½ Third street, another car-load of those choice young buffaloes, from the plains of the far west, which he will be prepared to furnish to his customers on and after Monday, 25th instant, at wholesale and retail, and expects to have a full supply of this choice meat during the entire season.

Roll of Honor, Second Grade, Second-ward School.

Isaac Helburn,	Bion Arnold,
Aleck Hilpp,	Neville Duvall,
John Duff,	Eddie Kosiol,
Busey Snowden,	John Seigel,
Lonnie Crane,	Ernest Zimmermen,
Jacob Nuss,	Herman Knauer,
Morris Buttimer,	Christ Sohns,
Hollie Rink,	John Ruth,
August Fischer,	Willie Bohon,
Robert Strong,	Willie Schruff,
Harry Wolford,	Joseph Kohlepp.

☞ A Christmas lunch will be given at Mundy Hotel, between Fifth and Sixth, Market street, at half-past ten o'clock, Monday, December 25, 1871. D. S. Mundy, proprietor.

☞ The man replied, "I always aim to get the best article, and *that* is why I buy Alford's Stomach and Liver Pills."

☞ The great Weber Piano is the best in the world. What a holiday gift this would be! You can find them at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main st., sole agents.

Notice.

The undersigned will empty privy-vaults from this day at the rate of 15 cents per cubic foot. Office No. 230, south side of Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets. T. G. Berger.

☞ Nicely bound volumes of Sheet-music very, very, very cheap at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Dolls.

Wax, China, India Rubber, Talking, and Walking Dolls at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ A large assortment of French and German Accordeons, at low prices, just received at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Toys! Toys! Toys!

A large line of Tin, Iron, Wood, and imported and Rubber Toys wholesale and retail at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ For your Musical Toys and Holiday Gifts go to Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street. They have a large stock.

Genuine Lubin's Extracts.

Farina Cologne, Face Powders, Toilet Soaps, Combs, Brushes, &c., wholesale and retail at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ The great Weber Piano is the best in the world. What a holiday gift this would be! Tripp & Linton, sole agents, 118 Main street.

☞ The Estey Organ is the best in the market. New styles at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market during the week has been generally strong in consequence of the light receipts, and these were consequent on the cold weather and the closing of navigation. The close shows a strong market, but no change in prices. The range for new and old is as follows:

	OLD. Light.	Heavy.	NEW. Range.
Trash	....	....	$6 00@ 6 50
Planters' com. lugs	$7 50@ 8 25	$7 50@ 8 25	7 00@ 7 50
Planters' good lugs	8 00@ 8 25	8 00@ 8 25	7 50@ 8 25
Com'n sound leaf	8 50@ 9 00	8 50@ 9 00	8 25@ 9 00
Med'm sound leaf	9 00@10 75	9 00@10 75	9 25@10 00
Good sound leaf	12 25@14 25	11 25@13 25	10 50@12 00
Med. cutting leaf	12 25@16 25	12 25@16 25	....@ ....
Good to fine ct'g lf	18 25@26 25	....@	....@ ....
Choice cutting leaf	28 75@30 75	....@	....@ ....
Brig't wrap's nom.	30 25@60 25	....@	....@ ....

The sales for the week fall 197 hhds behind last week, and are 100 less than for the corresponding week of 1870—yet the year to date shows an excess over the same date last year of 122 hhds. The sales for the week are 299 hhds; for the month 1,405, and for the year to date 2,700, as in the following table:

Warehouses.	Week.	Month.	Year.
Louisville	64	271	570
Ninth-street	39	214	528
Farmers'	48	281	473
Pickett	73	328	518
Planters'	32	158	301
Boone	40	149	249
Kentucky	8	94	61
Total	299	1,405	2,700
Dec. 24, 1870	399	....	2,578

The sales to-day at six of the warehouses foot up 60 hhds as per statement below. The receipts have been 22 hhds; shipments 4.

The LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold 11 hhds: 7 hhds Hancock county old leaf at $15, 10 50, 10, 10 50, 9 80, 9 10, 8 70; 1 hhd Illinois leaf at $9 40; 2 hhds Hart county leaf and lugs at $6 80, 9 20; 1 hhd Metcalfe county leaf at $10.

The NINTH-STREET HOUSE sold 17 hhds: 11 hhds rejected; 11 hhds Breckinridge county old leaf, $9 to $13; 5 hhds Warren county new lugs, $6 40 to $7 80; 1 hhd Logan county new leaf, $9 60.

The FARMERS' HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 2 hhds Owen county cutting leaf at $15 75 and 17 75; 1 hhd Owen county common lugs at $8 40; 2 hhds Barren county old leaf at $11 and 12 25; 1 hhd Sumner county (Tenn.) old leaf at $10; 1 hhd Hart county new leaf at $9 90; 1 hhd Barren county common new lugs at $6; 1 hhd Adair county common new lugs at $6; 1 hhd Simpson county common new lugs at $6 35.

The PICKETT HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 3 hhds Webster county old leaf at $15, 13 50 and 12 75; 1 hhd Oldham county lugs at $8 40; 1 hhd Hart county lugs at $6 60; 1 hhd Alabama leaf at $12 25; 4 hhds Brown county (Indiana) lugs at $6 90, 6 70, 6 50 and 6 40.

The PLANTERS' HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 2 hhds Indiana leaf at $12, 11 75; 1 hhd Hardin county low leaf at $7 60; 1 hhd Hardin county low lugs at $5 90; 1 hhd Hart county leaf at $8 80; 3 hhds Hart county lugs $7 10, 7, 6 60; 1 hhd Henry county lugs at $8 20; 1 hhd Larue county low leaf at $7 50.

The BOONE HOUSE sold 2 hhds: 1 hhd Simpson county new leaf, $9 30; 1 hhd Hart county new common lugs, $6 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; middling uplands 20¼c. Flour, the market is dull and holders are anxious to sell; receipts 5,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $5 50@5 90; common to good extra $6 20@6 50; good to choice do $6 40@7; white wheat extra $7@7 15; extra Ohio $6 35@7 30; St. Louis $6 60@9 25. Rye flour, the market is dull at $4 50@5 15. Cornmeal, the market is unchanged. Whisky, the market is firmer at 97c. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; receipts 11,000 bushels; No 2 Chicago and Milwaukee spring in store $1 46@1 50; amber and red Western $1 56@1 59; amber $1 60 @1 62½; white $1 60@1 72; No 2 Milwaukee in store $1 50 and afloat $1 52½@1 53; prime winter red Western delivered $1 57; mixed spring $1 45. Rye, the market is dull and prices are unchanged. Barley, the market is heavy. Malt, the market is dull. Corn, the market is less active and very heavy; receipts 17,000 bushels; new Western mixed afloat 76@77½c; old Western mixed in store 77½c. Oats, the market is dull and heavy; receipts 7,000 bushels; Western and Ohio in store and afloat 51@56c. Eggs, the market is more active at 34@37c. Hay is in fair request; shipping $1 35@1 40 and retail lots $1 50@1 80. Hops, the market is firm at 35@62c for 1871; 20 @30c for 1870; 10@20c for 1869; 9@15c for 1868. Leather is active; South American 26@29c and Orinoco 24@27½c. Wool, the market is firm and prices are advancing; extra Ohio 70c; pulled 58@72c; unwashed 45@47½c; tubbed 75½c. Coffee and Sugar are unchanged. Molasses, the market is steady. Rice, the market is dull at 9½ @9c. Petroleum, crude 13¼c and refined 23c. Mess pork, the market is dull. Beef, the market is unchanged. Dressed hogs, the market is dull at $5 37½@5 50. Cut Meats are more active; shoulders 5@6c and hams 9@10c. Middles are heavy; long clear 7¼@7½c; Cumberland cut 6¾c; short cut hams 9½c. Lard, the market is quiet but steady; No 1 prime steam 8¾@9¾c and kettle rendered 9¾c. Butter and Cheese are unchanged.

Metals—Manufactured Copper is firm. Ingot copper, Lake Superior is firm at 27½c cash. Pig iron is quiet; Scotch $33 50@38; American is more active at $34@36. Bar iron, refined English and American $86. Sheet iron, Russia 15½ @16c gold. Nails, cut $4 65, clinch $6 15@6 65 and horse-shoe 19@33c.

DRY GOODS—The market is languid in all its departments, owing partly to the inclement weather, but prices are firmly maintained. Rockport corset jeans have advanced to 13½c. P. O. A Co's bleached muslins have advanced to 18c; Amoskeag D ticks 18c; do C do 20c; do B do 22c; do A 25c; do A C A do 30c; Easton B do 11½c; Boston improved denims 11½c; Franklin C do 15c; Oakland A A do 20c; Otis C C do 17c; Workingmen's do 18c. Brooks, J. & P. Coats and Clark's O N T 6-cord spool thread 80c; Green & Daniels' do 42½c; do 3-cord do 38c. Worsted braids 25c; Alpaca do best brands 85a, and printed calicoes of the best makes 11½c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Flour, the market is dull and prices are unchanged. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 1 spring $1 21¾; No 2 spring $1 19¾; No 3 spring $1 08¾; seller January $1 18¾; seller last half of January $1 19¾; seller February $1 21¾. Corn, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 mixed 40½@40¾c; rejected 39c; ear 41c at stock yards; seller January 40¾c; seller February 41¾ @42¾c; seller April 43¾@44c; seller May 46¾@47c. Oats, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 32c; rejected 29¾@29c; seller January 32¾c; seller May 37¾c. Rye, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 62¾@62¾c. Barley, the market is steady with a moderate demand; No 2 61¾@61½c; No 3 49@49c; seller January 62¾c. Pork, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; mess $13; seller January $13 10; seller February $13 35@13 40; seller March $13 50@13 55; seller April $13 65 @13 70. Lard, the market is dull and prices are drooping at 8¾c; seller January 8¾c; seller February 8¾c; seller March 9c. Hams 8¾@9c. Bulk meats, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Green meats are unchanged. Beef products are steady. Whisky, 90c asked. Exchange, sight drafts on New York 1-10 premium. Receipts for the past 24 hours: 5,000 barrels of flour, 21,000 bushels wheat, 121,000 bushels corn, 24,000 bushels oats, 1,000 bushels barley, 11,000 bushels rye, 27,000 head hogs. Shipments: 3,000 barrels of flour, 3,000 bushels wheat, 6,000 bushels corn, 9,000 bushels oats, barley none, 2,000 bushels rye, 2,000 head hogs. Total number of hogs packed this season 629,000 head. The Board of Trade will not be in session on Monday.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—The general markets are dull and the business is very small. Flour, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are nominal; only sample lots sold. Corn is in fair Eastern demand; No 2 mixed in elevator 42½@43c. Oats, the market is quiet; No 2 in elevator 35@37c. Rye and Barley, there is nothing doing. Whisky, the market is dull at 90c. Mess pork is held at $13 25; no sales. Dry-salted meats are dull and prices are drooping; jobbing lot loose shoulders at 4¼c; clear rib sides 5¾c; packed lots 5c, 6c and 6¾c. Bacon, the market is unchanged, with only an order trade. Lard, the market is dull at 8¾@8¾c. Hogs, the market is dull and buyers and sellers are apart in their views; small sales at $3 50@4; they were mostly at $3 75@3 90. Cattle, the market is unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the demand is light but holders are firm; low middling 18@18½c; middling 19¾@19¾c. Flour and Grain are unchanged. Groceries are firm and prices unchanged. Pork, the market is dull and prices have declined; sales of mess at $13 37½. Lard, the market is dull and prices are drooping; sales of steam at 8¾c. Bulk meats, the market is quiet and prices are weak; holders are asking 5¼c, 6c, 6¾c and 6¾c; sales of 100,000 lbs of shoulders at 4¾c, seller February. Bacon, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; shoulders 6¾c; clear rib and clear sides 7¾c. Hams 12¼@13¾c. Green meats are dull and the market unsettled: holders are asking 4¼c for shoulders; pickled hams are dull at 9¾@10c.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—Flour is firm and scarce; no superfine here; double extra $7 50; triple extra $8 12¾. Corn, the market is lower at 85c. Bran and Hay are unchanged. Mess pork is dull and offering at $14 50. Bacon, no shoulders here; sides are dull at 8@8¾c. Sugar is dull and unchanged. Molasses, the market is easier: inferior 20@25c; common 23@3 c; fair 32@3 c; prime 38@39c; strictly prime to choice 41@44c. Whisky unchanged. Coffee has advanced: fair 19@19¾c; good 20@20¾c; prime 21 @21¾c; choice 22¾c. Sterling exchange 118¾; sight drafts ½ discount. Gold 109¾. Cotton, the market is quiet; sales 5,000 bales; good ordinary 18¾c; low middling 19c; middling 19¾c; receipts 10,486 bales; exports to Liverpool 2,552 and coastwise 2,404 bales; stock 155,888 bales.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Flour, the market is dull; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $7 50@7 62¾; Iowa $7@7 50. Wheat, the market is very dull; State red $1 63@1 65; white $1 60@1 70. Rye, the market is dull. Corn, the market is dull; old yellow 75c; new 69@74c; new Western high mixed 70@72c. Oats, the market is dull; white 53@54c; mixed 50c. Provisions are firm; new mess pork $15 25. Lard 9¾@9¾c. Petroleum, crude 16¾c and refined 21¾@22c. Whisky is dull at 95@96c.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices have declined to 19c; receipts for the past day 2,229 bales; shipments 650 bales. Flour, the demand is fair and market firm, but prices are unchanged. Corn, the demand is good at full prices; sales at 62@63c. Oats, the market is quiet and prices unchanged. Hay, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Bran is scarce and firm at $27. Bulk meats are quiet and unchanged in every respect.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; low middling 18¾c. Flour and Grain are quiet and unchanged in every respect. Cornmeal 55@60c. Bulk meats, the demand is good at full prices; shoulders 5¾c; clear sides 6¾c; clear rib sides 7c. Mess pork $14 50; rump pork $11 50. Hams, sugar-cured 14¾c. Lard, prime steam 9c; kettle rendered 9¾c. Hogs are scarce and firm at $4 25 @4 50.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 23.—Flour and Grain markets are steady and prices unchanged. Provisions, the market is dull and there is but little doing. Hogs, the market is lower at $4@4 10; receipts 2,360 head.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 23.—Flour, Wheat, Corn and Oats are nominally unchanged. Butter, the demand is fair and market firm. Whisky 95@97c.

Pittsburgh Live Stock Market.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., Dec. 23.—Cattle, the arrivals are light and the prospects are not so good; the demand is light; best $6@6 25; stockers $3 25@4. Sheep, the arrivals are light and prospects unchanged; best $6@5 25; medium $4 50@5; common $3 50@4. Hogs, the arrivals are fair and prospects fair; Philadelphia $4 60@4 75; Yorkers $4 25@4 30.

FUTURE AUCTION SALES.

Catalogue Sale of a Choice and Valuable Collection of High-Class

OIL PAINTINGS,

By Eminent European and American Artists,

At Weisiger Hall, Central Skating Rink.

ON TUESDAY, Dec. 26, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., and continue each day at same hours. Paintings now on free exhibition. Call and see for yourselves. Sale positive.
de24 d3 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.

AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE,

No. 418 Washington st., bet. Campbell and Wenzel,

Tuesday Morning, Dec. 26, at 10 o'clock, AT AUCTION.

PARLOR, chamber, dining-room, and kitchen furniture; parlor, chamber, dining-room, and hall carpets; oil-cloth, mattings, rugs, hat-racks, one very fine cook-stove and heating-stoves, &c.
N. B.—The above is a nice lot of goods, and sale peremptory, as the parties are returning to the East.
de24 d3

Market-House at Auction.

ON Wednesday, Dec. 27th, at 4 o'clock P. M., I will sell the Market-house situated on Seventh street, between Broadway and York, containing eight stalls; lot 35x200 feet. de14 dts RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALES.

Assignee's Sale.

IN the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky.—In the matter of M. Leopold & Co., bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.—As Assignee of the estate of said bankrupts, I will sell at public auction, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 28th of December, 1871, at No. 89 Sixth street, between Market and Main streets, a superior stock of tobaccos, cigars, &c., and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is sold. HARRY WEISSINGER,
de17 dts Assignee.

THE PHŒNIX HOTEL

TO BE

PUBLICLY SOLD.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY authority of the Fayette Circuit Court in the action of W. S. Downey's administrator vs. W. S. Downey's heirs, creditors, et al., I will sell, publicly, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1872, (County Court day) at 12 o'clock M., the purchaser to execute bonds for the purchase money, bearing interest from the day of sale, and having the force and effect of judgment, and secured by every personal surety joining therein, and by a lien on the property sold—said bonds to be made payable in six, twelve and eighteen months from date, in equal installments.

The Phœnix Hotel Lot,

On the southeast corner of Main and Mulberry streets, in the city of Lexington, Ky., together with all the buildings, furniture and fixtures thereon. The entire property, real and personal, will be sold together as a whole. BARAK G. THOMAS, M. C. F. C. C.
de9 S&W tja7

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

THE AMERICAN SEWING-MACHINE

Does every class of sewing from a plain seam to a perfect button-hole. A fine lot on hand for Christmas presents.

Sales-room No. 90 West Jefferson street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. H. PERRIN & CO., Agents.

de19 TuTh&Su

Singer's Sewing-Machines.

Over 650,000 are now in use all over the world, of which over 500,000 are of the Popular Family Machine, which, since the improvements of 1866, have had a greater sale than any other family sewing-machine ever offered to the public, as is shown by the sworn returns of all manufacturers. The Singer Manufacturing Company are now making machines at the rate of 180,000 per annum, which is 3,600 per week, 600 per day, or one machine for every minute of the ten working hours of each day. Handsome stock for holidays.

J. B. KENNEDY, Agent,
164 Fourth street.

de21 ThSa&Su

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

AT THE

Parlor Furniture Manufactory

On north side Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, No. 231.

Having made preparations for a large trade this fall, I have on hand an immense stock of fine and ordinary Parlor Suits, of which I want to dispose of 100 to 150 Suits this month in order to make room and give employment to my workmen through the winter. Those who want to furnish their parlors now have a chance to purchase at New York prices and save expense of freight and packing and get the goods delivered in good order.

Very respectfully,

JOHN FENSTER, Proprietor.

oc29 SuW&FtJal

REMOVAL.

J. W. MORRILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, AND COLLARS,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SADDLERS' MATERIAL,

Removed to No. 315 Main st., bet. Eighth and Ninth.

del deodim&Su5-4thp

GAS FIXTURES.

The largest stock and the best assortment in the city for sale at net cost price by

ROBERT BIGGS,

PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

No. 78 West Green street.

oc19 Su&We3mistorithp

AMUSEMENTS.

Opera-House.

CHRISTMAS WEEK!

GREAT HOLIDAY ATTRACTION!

WYNDHAM COMEDY COMPANY!

2 Performances Christmas Day!

TWO GREAT PIECES!

Matinee - - - - PROGRESS.
Evening - - - - OURS.

☞ Seats can be secured for any night. de20 dtf

GRAND BALL

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

St. Dominic Benevolent Society,

OF LOUISVILLE, AT

WEISIGER HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 26th, 1871.

Committee of Arrangements—J. A. P. Glass, John Connelly, John Gillen, Nick Dunn, Thomas McNally, Ed. Barrett, John O'Day, Mat. Curran, W. Hughes, Stephen Connel, Stephen DeCourcy, D. Cantwell.
Musical Director—Thomas Riley.
Floor Managers—Joseph Ryan, Jeremiah Mooren, Andrew Boyle, R. Fitzgerald, Cornelius O'Bryan, Thos. Casey. de24 d3

FREE EXHIBITION

—AT—

Weisiger Hall Central Skating Rink.

THIS DAY AND MONDAY, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M., of one hundred and fifty high-class

Oil Paintings,

By distinguished American and European Artists.

Weisiger Hall.

Friday, Saturday and Monday Evenings, Dec. 22d, 23d, and 25th.

The Colloquial Actor and Popular Author, Mr.

ALBERT W. AIKEN,

SUPPORTED by his Splendid New York Company, in his famous Realistic play of city life, as played by him over two hundred nights to crowded houses in all the principal cities of America, entitled the

"WITCHES OF NEW YORK."

Popular prices, 75 cents, 50 cents, and 35 cents. Reserved seats for sale at Will. S. Hays' music store. Grand matinee Saturday and Monday afternoons, at 2:30 o'clock. Admission, 25 and 50 cents. de22 dt

GRAND CHRISTMAS BALL,

To be given at Masonic Temple

On Tuesday Evening, Dec. 26, 1871.

COMMITTEE:
Jno. Smith, Frank. Smith, Frank. Bake.
Admission $1. de20 dtd

GRAND CHRISTMAS BALL

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

MARION SOCIAL CLUB,

AT Odd Fellows' Hall, Monday evening, December 25th, 1871. Tickets can be had of the members or at the door. de17 SuSaSu&M*

Seventh Grand Military Ball

OF THE

Waddell Grays

WILL be given at Wedekind Hall on Thursday Evening, Dec. 28, 1871. Tickets $1—to be had from the members of the company or at the door on the evening of the ball. d17 SuSu&Mo

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI AND THE EAST.

U. S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

MORNING LINE, 9 A. M.

GEN. BUELL..........Capt. DAVID.
BEN. FRANKLIN..........Capt. HILDRETH.

EVENING LINE, 4 P. M.

GEN. LYTLE..........Capt. WHITTEN.
UNITED STATES..........Capt. DUFOUR.

[Sunday one boat—4 P. M.]

Boats make close connection at Cincinnati with fast through trains for the East.

Meals and State-rooms Free.

Fare Same as Other Lines.

Tickets for sale at all hotel offices, on boat, and at company's office, S. W. corner Fourth and Main.
FRANK CARTER, Sup't.
JAMES FERRIER, G. P. A. de

For New Orleans.

NICK LONGWORTH..........LEW KATES, Master.

Will leave Cairo as above on Tuesday, 26th.

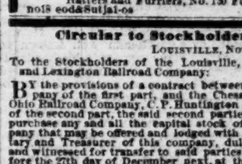
J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS,

Bar Stores,

Corner Fourth and Main sts.

no24 dtf4thp

FURS! FURS! FURS!



No. 120 4th St.

LEWIS & LUCAS,

Hatters and Furriers, No. 120 Fourth st.

no18 eod&Sutjal-os

Circular to Stockholders.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 28, 1871.

To the Stockholders of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad Company:

BY the provisions of a contract between this company of the first part, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, C. P. Huntington and others, of the second part, the said second parties agree to purchase any and all the capital stock of this company that may be offered and lodged with the Secretary and Treasurer of this company, duly indorsed and witnessed for transfer to said parties, on or before the 27th day of December next, at the price of sixty cents on the dollar, in the notes or bills of said parties at ninety days from said 27th day of December, or at the price of sixty-five cents on the dollar in the notes or bills of said parties at six, nine and twelve months from the said 27th day of December. The bills, which in either case bear interest from the said 27th day of December, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, will be payable to and collected by this company in trust for such stockholders, and when collected will be paid over to the order of the stockholder selling, on the presentation of the receipts, which will be given for said stock by the Secretary and Treasurer of this company, when said stock shall have been lodged as above stated, duly indorsed and witnessed for transfer. N. GREEN, Pres't.
R. M. COURTNEY, Sec'y and Treas. no29 dtf thp

☞ Advertisements under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, &c., will be inserted at ... CENTS per line for each insertion, ... less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER—... an old-established house, ... standing, on Main street; ... $10,000; to an active business man ... and Southern trade; object ... ness. To any such a rare opp... per cent. profit guaranteed. ... Address "Merchant," this office.

WANTED—SITUATION—... man, as salesman, bill clerk ... generally useful. Can give the ... Address W. L., this office.

WANTED—CITIZENS. ... office will be opened only ... mas, from 8 A. M. till noon. ... MENT AGENCY, cor. Fourth ...

WANTED—BOARDERS—... 2 pleasant rooms. References exchanged. Apply ... First street, between Green and Walnut. de24

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL FARM ... be on L., C. & L. R. R., within 20 miles ... Inquire of HANCOCK, JOHNSON & C...

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM ... a gentleman, with or without board. Ad... D. D., Courier-Journal office.

WANTED—SITUATION—In a confectionery ... notion store, or to travel with a lady or fa... Address Miss LINA, this office. de23

WANTED—PARTNER—With $5,000 or $10,000, ... old-established tannery—capacity 5,000 hi... year. Apply at 27 East Main st. de23

WANTED—COOK AND GIRL—A good cook ... house girl, colored. Apply at 45 Fourth s... de23 d6*

WANTED—TO SELL— ... splendid safe, ... make, nearly new. ... be bought ... Inquire at No. 36 Fourth street, between Main ... river. de22

WANTED—All dealers in chewing tobacco to ... and examine my Fig and Pancake brands, ... ufactured from pure Virginia leaf, in packages ... 10 and 20 lbs. Factory corner of Eleventh and G... streets. R. GILCHRIST. de... d...

WANTED—TO SELL—GROCERIES, &c.—... of groceries and fixtures, in a good loc... worth $600. Will be sold for $450. (Reason for sell... other business to attend to. Address C. T., this o... de21 d6

WANTED—SITUATION—A gentleman, a G... gian, who has a number of years' experience ... teaching schools of high grade, desires a situation ... some high school, or will teach a private school. ... graduate of two literary institutions. Can ... German and French fluently. Best references ... character and qualifications given. Address imm... ately, stating salary, THEODORE HUNTER, ... Mt., DeKalb co., Georgia.

WANTED—SALESMAN—To sell notions, ho... and white goods in Kentucky; a smart, pus... man, with established trade. Address COO... BIGLOW & NICHOLS, P. O. Box 777, New York ... de19 d7

WANTED—300 GIRLS—Citizens and others w... ing to engage respectable WORK ... fem... who prefer to earn an honest living ra... cipients of charity, call at the LOU... PLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth ... son streets. Girls directed to situati... no17 dtf

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE ... and gas. Address J. H. T., at th... fying terms, number of rooms, and loca...

WANTED—OCCUPANTS—... two nice ... rooms, for single gentlemen or ... cured by early application at No. ... between Fourth and Fifth sts. ... oc8 Su&Wtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE—... Eighth street, bet... Apply to THOS. PEA...

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—... prettiest homes in the ... beautifully set with flowers ... contains seven rooms, hall, ... room, thirteen-foot ceilings, ... metal roof, iron mantles, ... quire of V. ROSE, Agent A... no28 TuF&Sutf

FOR SALE—LOTS—Of size ... Broadway from Twenty-... street; on Magazine, between ... Twenty-fifth streets; on Chestnut, be... third and Twenty-sixth streets; on Madison ... Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Tw... ty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, and Twen... eighth cross streets. Inquire at GRAVES & SO... Laboratory, Twenty-fifth and Chestnut sts. mh15

FOR SALE—The RESIDENCE of the late J... Cochran, on the south side of Jefferson, betw... Seventh and Eighth streets. The lot fronts 48 feet ... Jefferson and extends southwardly 210 feet to Gre... Apply to THOS. PEARSON, 66 Fourth stre... jy18 dtf

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE— ... On west side of Fourth street, betw... Chestnut and Broadway, containing 12 rooms, ... lot 60x200. Apply to THOS. PEARSON. oc11 eodtf

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—A FARM—Of 148 acres, 10 miles ... the city, near the Ohio river. Can be bought at a ... bargain. Apply to THOS. JOHNSON, at Monitor ... ble, or to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 269 West Market. de24

FOR SALE—VALUABLE LANDS—A valuable ... meadow and grazing farm, containing 160 acres ... within a few miles of Louisville, for sale as a whole ... or in quantities to suit purchasers. About one-third ... of the tract is fully cleared and in cultivation, and ... as productive of corn, wheat, grass, &c., as any ... land in Jefferson county. The rest is timbered and ... ficiently of its timber for the growth of grass and ... now well set and ready for grazing purposes. The ... most reliable and profitable crops that can be cultivated. Also 600 acres of land in Bullitt county, Ky., ... salt river, about one mile from its mouth. This ... land is known as the table lands of Bullitt, and is ... upon it the finest timber, such as ... black walnut, poplar, &c., to be found in the ... well adapted to the growth of the cereals. It will be ... sold altogether or in quantities to suit purchasers. ... For full particulars and terms of sale, apply to ... DURRETT, Law Office of Bramlette, Durrett & Briggs, 105 Fifth street. oc29 d&Sutf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSE—A desirable three-story brick business house, in good repair, ... No. 109 north side Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, for rent. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to I. N. LONG, No. 78 Main street, near Third.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSE—A three-story ... occupied by Burton, Middleton & Weaver. Possession given the 1st of March. Inquire of W. L. SMITH, No. 24 West Green street.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A 2-story frame, containing 6 rooms, in good repair, situated on Portland avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first. Apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Market street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—No. 273, on Preston street, between Madison and Chestnut, east side. Rent $600 per year. Possession given 1st January. Apply to COCHRAN & FULTON. de21 dtf

FOR RENT—ROOM—One nicely-furnished room, suitable for a single gentleman, at 157 Chestnut street, between Fourth and Fifth. Reference required.

FOR RENT—THE STORE-HOUSE—North side Main street, below Seventh street, hitherto occupied by Vacaro Brothers. Apply to T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN. de13 dtf

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—On Bullitt street, west side, first house north of Main. Apply to HACKETT, ANDERSON & FORMAN. de21 dtf

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A handsome residence, situated on the Brownsboro pike, ... miles from city limits, containing 10 rooms, hall ... and fine porticoes, with 20 acres of land attached ... a fine orchard of excellent fruit, good garden, and ... necessary out-buildings, including ice-house. Possession given immediately. Rent low. Apply to M. A. THOMPSON, No. 411 Second street. de24

FOR RENT—STORE—Four-story house, No. 27 north side Main street, between Seventh and Eighth. Apply to M. ROGERS, corner Eighth and Chestnut.

FOR RENT—STORE—A first-class store-house on Main street, between Fifth and Sixth, Apply to HANDBROUGH & PRIEST, Real Estate Agents, 88 Jefferson st.

FOR RENT—"ROSE COTTAGE"—The property known as "Rose Cottage," containing 25 acres, situated on the Fountain Ferry road, near the city limits. Apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 269 West Market street.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE—Containing four rooms. Apply to W. L. MURPHY & CO.'S coal office, Third street, near Main. de30

FOR RENT—BUILDINGS—The large four-story building on Main, bet. Fifth and Sixth streets, now occupied by Bamberger, Bloom & Co. Possession given January 1, 1872. And the large four-story building No. 141 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, lately occupied by J. D. Bondurant. Apply to WM. PRATHER, No. 141 Main st. de15 dtf

FOR RENT—GROCERY, COUNTRY PRODUCE, and FEED STORE—My old stand, on Broadway, opposite the Nashville Depot. Will be put in complete repair, and possession given 1st January next. Apply to W. E. CURD, Nos. 384 and 386 West Main st. de3 WaSutf

FOR RENT—BOARDING-HOUSE—The most desirable and centrally located boarding-house in the city. Rooms all occupied at present, and doing a paying business. Gas and water on every floor. S. MEDDIS.

FOR RENT—A STORE—With dwelling above, on south side of Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, by HENRY L. POPE, northwest corner Chestnut and Seventh sts. de13 dtf

FOR RENT—A HOUSE—Of six rooms, on Fifth and Kentucky streets, in good order. Apply to F. MADDEN, No. 105 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth. Rent $35 per month. de12 dtf

FOR RENT—A BRICK RESIDENCE—On Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway, containing 8 rooms, gas, water, bath-room, and all modern improvements. Apply to C. BAMBERGER, 201 Main street.

FOR RENT—STORE-HOUSE—A new four-story store-house, with a good cellar and new-style front, situated on First street, near Main. Apply to J. ESTEN COOKE, 113 West Main. de5 dtf

FOR RENT—OFFICES—Two very desirable offices, in the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky building, one of them on the second and the other on the third floor. J. H. LINDENBERGER, Cashier. no25 dtf

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A two-story brick dwelling-house, No. 97 north side Jacob, between Brook and Floyd streets, containing 9 rooms, gas and water, with stable and carriage-house, all in good condition. Possession given December 25, 1871. Apply to KAHN & WOLF, No. 270 Main street, Louisville. no19 dtf

FOR RENT—STABLE AND RESIDENCE—A large fine stable, with yard, on Market, between Jackson and Hancock; also a comfortable residence on Chestnut, near Jackson street. Apply to FERGUSON SMITH, Market, between Jackson and Hancock. no17 dtf

FOR RENT—A LARGE FRAME BUILDING—80 by about 100 feet, situated on a lot 151 feet front on Garden street, between Chestnut and Magazine streets, running back 474 feet to the connecting railroad. The above property is very suitable for manufacturing purposes. F. W. MERZ, Louisville, Ky. no14 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—An elegant house, with large lot, on Magazine, near Seventh, with twelve rooms and out-building, stables, &c., in thorough order; rent low to a good tenant. JAMES L. BROWN, Agent, 130½ Jefferson, near Fifth.

FOR RENT—TOBACCO FACTORY—The finest tobacco factory in the West, 60x200, a three-story brick, with metal and slate roof. Abundant storeroom. Large lot. Now occupied by Lorillard & Co. of New York. Everything complete, and just the thing for a large business in plug, strips, or drying. Fixtures, presses, &c., for sale. Apply to T. J. COCHRAN, Spec. Rec. Shurman Estate, or HANDBROUGH & PRIEST, Real Estate Brokers, 88 Jefferson st. oc7 dtf

STRAYED.

STRAYED—MULE—Strayed from the stable of A. Stone, on Fulton street, between Floyd and Preston streets, a black horse mule, with high back and harness marks, 15 hands high. Any person returning the same to the office of McCLOSKEY & STONE, No. 55 east side of Third street, between Main and Market streets, will be suitably rewarded. de23 dtf

STRAYED—COW—Red, with white spots on her back, short horns, about 5 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to JOHN WEIR, 133 West Market.

STRAYED—MULE—From the corner of Ninth and Madison streets, Sunday night, Dec. 4, a bay horse mule, 13 or 14 hands high, in good order, and mark on back from harness. Any person returning same to R. T. SMITH, Ninth and Madison, will be rewarded. de5 dtf

LOST.

LOST—BITCH—Several weeks since, a small, stylish pointer bitch, black and white spotted, or blue roan, with black spots, about 18 months old. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery to Dr. L. P. YANDELL, Jr., Sixth and Chestnut sts.

LOST—BUNCH KEYS—12, on a ring, on Jackson, Walnut, or Hancock. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery at 240 Hancock, between Walnut and Green.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Mrs. J. G. Jack has taken the large and commodious house of Mr. Bakewell, corner of Eighth and Jefferson streets, which has been newly and splendidly repaired, and is prepared to accommodate boarders in the very best style.

...MISS FINCH.

...Seaside Story.

By WILKIE COLLINS,

...Author of "The Woman in White," "No Name," "Armadale," "Man and Wife," etc.

...RATED FROM HARPER'S WEEKLY.

...AT THE SECOND.

[CONTINUED.]

...R THE THIRTY-EIGHTH.

...ND SO EXCUSE FOR HIM?

...your chalk and your book." I threw the volume to it as an end. In leaving ...have one last word to say. You ...your time in remaining at Dim-

...judge of that," he answered, ...me to go out

...you are not in a position to judge at all. You don't know what I mean to do as soon as I get back to the rectory."

He instantly changed his position, placing himself in the doorway so as to prevent me from leaving the room.

"What do you mean to do?" he asked, keeping his eyes attentively fixed on mine.

"I mean to force you to leave Dimchurch."

He laughed contemptuously, and sat down as before. "You have persuaded your brother to Lucilla this morning." I said. "You have done that, Mr. Nugent Dubourg, for the last time."

"Have I? Who will prevent me from doing it again?"

"I will."

This time he took it seriously.

"You?" he said. "How are you to control me, if I may please?"

"I can control you through Lucilla. When I get back to the rectory I can and will tell Lucilla the truth."

He started, and instantly recovered himself.

"You forget something, Madame Pratolungo. You forget what I have said to you in attendance on her has told us."

"I remember it perfectly. If we say or do anything to agitate his patient, in her present state, the surgeon refuses to answer for the consequences."

"Well?"

"Well—between the alternative of leaving you free to break both their hearts, and the alternative of setting the surgeon's warning at defiance, dreadful as the choice is, my choice is made. I tell you to your face, I would ...rather see Lucilla blind again than see her your wife."

He estimate of the strength of the position on his side had been measured by the coolness—the conviction—that Grosse's professional authority would tie my tongue. I ...ed scattered his calculations to the winds. ...e was no limit to the deadly rage that, did ...e the case, I could see the change in his face. "I believe you!" he said ...ent yourself at the rectory to-mor-

I answered, "and you will see. I have ...g to say to you. Let me by."

I must suppose I was really trying to ...en him. I was doing nothing of the sort, ...me or anyone of me as you please, I ...ing the position which I had in ...when I spoke. Whether my coun...have held out through the walk ...so many words I wished I had never come to Dimchurch. What reason had you and I—the ...ughable of all subjects—for striking fire in ...ther's presence? Was it that you never even asked me what I meant?"

"You forget," I interposed. "that I had no opportunity of asking him. Lucilla interrupted us, and diverted my attention to other things. What do you mean by putting me on my defense in this way?" I went on, more and more irritated by the tone he was taking with me. "What right have you to question my conduct?"

He looked at me with a kind of vacant surprise.

"Have I been judging your conduct?" he asked.

"Yes!"

"Perhaps I was thinking, if you had seen my infatuation in time, you might have checked it in time. No!" he exclaimed, before I could answer him. "Nothing could have checked it —nothing will cure it but my death. Let us try to agree. I beg your pardon, if I have offended you. I am willing to take a just view of your conduct. Will you take a just view of mine?"

I tried hard to take a just view. Though I resented his manner of speaking to me, I nevertheless secretly felt for him, as I have confessed. Still I could not forget that he had attempted to separate Dimchurch Lucilla's first look on the day when she tried her sight; that he had persuaded his brother to Lucilla that very morning; that he had suffered his brother to go away heart-broken, a voluntary exile from all that he held dear. No! I could not for him, try I could not take a just view of him. I sat down and said nothing.

He returned to the question between us, treating it as if I had not rejected his politeness when he spoke next. For all that, he alarmed me by what he now said, and by the tone in which he said it.

"I repeat what I have already told you," he proceeded. "I am no longer accountable for what I do. If I have injured you, you have believe it will be useless to trust me in the future. While I am capable of speaking the truth, let me tell you, Whatever happens a later time, remember that you have honestly made a clean breast of it to-night."

"Stop!" I cried. "I don't understand your reckless way of talking. Every man is accountable for what he does."

He checked me there by an impatient wave of his hand.

"Keep your opinion! I don't dispute it. You will see, you will see. Madame Pratolungo, the day will come when I shall have a small object for righteous indignation. And yet—and yet—it is sometimes so very hard, however you may judge me, to be true to my poor Oscar ended with that day. The efforts I have made since then have been little better than mere outbreaks of despair. They have done more ...ing to help me against the passion that has become the one feeling and the one misery of my life. Every time I see her, every time I hear ...nce stops at a certain point. Since the time I have told you of, *my* resistance has reached its limit. I have been on the point of struggling against temptation as long as I could resist it. I have only to tell you how I have yielded to it now."

[TO BE CONTINUED TO-MORROW.]

UNDER SENTENCE.

The Sensations and Experiences of a Man Condemned to Death.

Some time ago, a German nobleman was condemned to death for the crime of murder. The story of the crime can be told very briefly. He had loved a young and beautiful woman passionately, but, for some slight quarrel, had left her and his native land. He had wandered through strange lands for many years. Upon his return he met her again, but this time married. Instantly the old love came back with greater force than ever, and attracted sympathy from the object upon whom it was brought in bear. Then began a secret intrigue, a trifling in her household, and his passion was increased by his mortification and remorse at seeing and knowing that she belong. An, the powerfully did this love control his whole being that he brought himself to the conception of murder. The only obstacle that stood between her and him. The thought soon developed into a purpose, and, one night, at the husband and lover were visiting together in the former's house, he ...horn availed himself of a momentary absence to place poison in the husband's cup. When the deed was done, however, the criminal seemed to lose all powder of controlling himself, and he hastily returned himself as soon as possible to his own home. The following is a description of his sensations and experiences during imprisonment, trial, and condemnation letnus told in himself:

When I again opened my eyes and my deadened senses gradually resumed their functions, I found that I had left my home and was in prison, but I could not bring myself to a realization of the situation. It seem to me that I was in a strange—and a terrible dream.

It was only after weeks or months that I recover my full consciousness. I could not forget that, for I had committed a crime, and the full measure of my wretchedness. Behind me, I saw my crime; before me, I saw discgrace, death, and eternity.

As I left my cell, I felt a greater courage than I had expected, but, as the trial, shrill cries of the sinner in his daughter, the small court-room that had once been a part of an ancient Franciscan monastery. During five successive days I was forced, for the trial was arranged, examined from its beginning to its end; and I was compelled to go over again every incident of my crime, and to endure the very recollection of which made me shudder. Then followed the tedious and formal defense with its legal quibbles, and the studied testimony in regard to my sanity, on which alone hung the decision of my life or death. Then the judge resumed the evidence with his charge to the jurors—and shadowed. A short question directed toward the accused, and all was over.

The jury went out. They were gone but an hour, and yet I counted each minute as the duration of an hour. They returned. There was not a gleam of hope in my bosom, and yet my eyes and soul were fixed upon the foreman as if I should read in his face the sentence that was to be pronounced. The spokesman of the jury arose, and in a few moments more I was condemned to death.

I had expected nothing else, hoped for nothing else; my life was no longer worth hoping for. And yet, what horror seized me as I heard the word of sentence pronounced! I felt all the blood in my veins rush back to the heart; it seemed suddenly to become night all about me; everything reeled, and the floor seemed to obscure; the floor appeared to rise under my feet; I reeled like a drunken man, and had to lean for support against the railing.

Two of the officers turned toward me and ...ssible attempt at suicide, but I waved them ...ay. I was in the power of fear.

...emerge from the warm air of the house to the cold atmosphere outside weighed upon me. I was back to my cell, and was a long way between the courthouse and the jail, and I was forced to bear the taunts of the excited crowd, from whose wrath it was difficult to escape. At last the long jail-doors were thrown open, but I was led to a different cell from that which I had been occupying, in order that I might be guarded more securely. It had grown dark. The cell was narrow and close. A watchman was placed with me, who took care to remove from me everything with which I might bring about my own death —taking away the very neckerchief I wore. It was night. The cell was filled with a confluence, a humanity that was more terrifying than any amount of cruelty could possibly be.

I speedily everything to be done, mechanically. I was like a frightened, helpless child that gives himself up to the guidance of others. I thought of nothing—neither of the dreariness of the cell nor of my guard, who endeavored to engage me in conversation by his constant chattering. The sentence had rendered me absolutely dull to all impressions. I sank down upon the side of the little iron bed-stead. Then I sat like a statue and gazed about incuriously and objectless upon the whitened walls. There was one thought I had —and this knocked with the weight of a hammer on my brain—it was of the headsman.

I knew this frightful executioner of a relentless law which civilized society has not yet dared to abolish; three times and I open this door, and the dark red blood. The recollection of this that brought him so vividly before my mind! I saw his big body, his crossed arms, his bloody knife, and I shrank toward the fearful thing like a magnet toward him and the scaffold.

That night I did not bought no sleep for me. When I sought sleep, and closed my eyes, a more horrible sight than that of the headsman and the knife was before me—the sight of myself. I saw myself as I was, and so like the horrible reality. It was the dead body of the unhappy man who had died in agony upon his right side, with his hands writhing about. He had long lain in the cold grave, had long since been food for worms, and his fearless face was no longer there. All that was left of his once manly form; and yet there he was before me, making the night ...

At the first gleam of day that stole into my cell through the iron shutters, the prisoners began to make a noise, and the village as a whole awakened himself of a momentary absence to place poison in the husband's cup. When the deed was done, however, the criminal seemed to lose all powder of controlling himself, and he hastily returned himself as soon as possible to his own home. The following is a description of his sensations and experiences during imprisonment, trial, and condemnation letnus told in himself:

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COURIER-JOURNAL

SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 24, 1871.

The Monday COURIER-JOURNAL, next to our Sunday issue, has a larger amount and greater variety of interesting news and miscellaneous matter than any other issue during the week. It reaches both city and country, and is especially valuable as an advertising medium.

The Courier-Journal Tuesday.

Yielding to the demands of an inexorable public, who always want their paper after a holiday more that at any other time, we will issue the COURIER-JOURNAL on Tuesday as usual. After editors and printers and clerks have enjoyed their Christmas dinner they will, at 8 o'clock Monday evening, resume their usual labors in the office, and our readers will have their favorite paper before them fresh with all the current news at their breakfasts Tuesday morning.

Our counting-room will be open until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and from 7 to 11 o'clock to-morrow evening.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Cady, Union Pacific railroad; John A. Fleet, Memphis; C. B. Cornish, England; Edgar Hill, Richmond, Va., and G. M. Corditt, McLean county, are stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

Col. H. Victor Redfield, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, was meandering among the gayly-lighted shops of Louisville last night, enjoying the Christmas air and watching the human tide that poured restlessly along the frosty sidewalks. About midnight he tore himself away and passed out of town on one of the trains going South. He likes Louisville so well that he expects to come this way on his return to Washington.

Mr. Chas. E. Raddin, of the firm of C. E. Raddin & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, met with an agreeable surprise yesterday. The employees of the firm, numbering one hundred and fifty, consisting of men and girls, assembled in the third floor of the factory, which had been prepared for the occasion, when Mr. Charles Deetms, in an address on behalf of the employees, presented Mr. Raddin with an elegant gold-headed cane. Mr. Raddin responded with emotion and expression of thanks, after which Mr. A. H. Harris presented to Mr. R., in the name of the book-keepers and salesmen, a beautiful oil-painting. Mr. R. returned his thanks. A cotillion band being present, the boys and girls had a fine time.

Letters received from Dr. W. Walling speak in the most glowing terms of the courtesy extended to him by gentlemen of his profession in Dublin, Edinburgh, and London. To Messrs. Butcher, Stokes, and Maypother, in Dublin; to Lester, Bennet, and others, of Edinburgh, and to Erichsen, Berkly, Hill, Heath, and West (of the Children's Hospital), and many more in London, he expresses himself as having been placed under the most lasting obligations for the attention given and the facilities afforded him while visiting the various hospitals in those cities. Their kindness runs as free as water, and seems to disappear in the afternoon in a gentle mist only to return the following day in a refreshing shower; never tiring, but always ready to spread the rich professional feast over which they preside before him, and bid him partake of the mental nourishment until he tires, for they never will. It must be gratifying to the profession on this side the waters to know that the most eminent men of their profession on the other side will thus extend, at the expense of time and labor, such facilities as are offered in the fields which they occupy to all Americans who visit them. In the words of the toast of Rip Van Winkle, "May they live long and prosper."

Yesterday's Gale.

The gale yesterday caused a number of serious accidents in the western portion of the city. About twelve o'clock the large sign of Messrs. Moore, Bremaker & Co., thirty feet in length, was blown loose from its fastenings by the gale, falling and striking a colored girl named Susie Thomas on the head and felling her to the sidewalk. She was afterwards taken into the office and Doctor Rogers sent for, who arrived in a few moments and found the result to be concussion of the brain. She was then taken to the house of her step-father, at No. 22 Eighth street. She was unconscious from the time of the accident, and at 2½ o'clock she died. It was found that her neck was also broken.

A sign fell from the building occupied by John Duff, No. 33 Fourth street, striking a soldier of the 7th United States cavalry on the head and otherwise injuring him. He was taken into a hack and carried to the barracks, and at last report was in a very critical condition.

The roof of R. Dunlop & Co.'s tobacco factory, Twenty-fourth and Main, had about fifty feet of the roof carried away.

Grant & Co.'s building on Portland avenue had the roof of the building carried away and doing considerable damage.

About fifty feet of the fence around the colored grave-yard was carried away.

A carpenter shop on Eighteenth and Bridge streets, belonging to John Dennis, was blown down.

Fences and trees also suffered severely, and a large number of other houses were unroofed.

Sunday-School Festival.

The Mission Sunday-School of St. Paul's church had their Christmas festival yesterday afternoon. The large lecture room of the church was pretty well filled with children, whose smiling faces showed that they enjoyed the scene. A magic lantern exhibition occupied the time from two to four in the afternoon, and then there was a distribution of candy, cake and fruit among all the children present. Some very pretty and some comic pictures were thrown upon the screen by the lantern, and the children enjoyed them very much. But the two well-loaded tables, one with cakes and candy and the other with fruit, were perhaps to the little ones the most attractive part of the entertainment. They marched up to the tables by classes, and to each child was given an equal quantity of the good things. The tables were handsomely arranged by the teachers, and looked very attractive with their sweets upon them; but in a few moments after the classes began to march up they were stripped of their burdens. The school is a large and prosperous one, and is not confined to the children of communicants of that church. It is a Sunday-school free to all children, no matter what their faith, and to this characteristic it owes its prosperity.

CITY BUSINESS.

☞ Will S. Hays was busy yesterday receiving and shipping Chambers' pianos and selling holiday presents. More pianos coming this week.

On Christmas Day.

To accommodate his patrons the great clothing house of Julius Winter will be open until 11 o'clock A. M. to-morrow. Those who failed, on account of the rush on Saturday, will be attended to.

Certainly, I Must

have a new suit for Christmas. Yes, and Julius Winter's is the place to buy it. I'm always suited there.

Don't Miss the Chance

offered you to-day at J. Winter's, corner Third and Market. His clothing are all home-made, and prices still further reduced.

Reflectors.

The best show-window reflector made is the one for which Messrs. Magens & Co. are sole agents. A sample can be seen in use at their counting-room, No. 73 Third street, between Main and Market.

☞ The grand Christmas Ball so long anticipated comes off at Masonic Temple on Tuesday next. It is enough to say that Mr. Frank Bake has charge, assisted by John Smith and Frank Smith, all young gentlemen whose experience and continued success in such matters are a guarantee of its excellent conduct. A quiet, enjoyable and general good time awaits all who may attend.

☞ D. B. Grable having just refitted and enlarged his store, northeast corner Jackson and Walnut streets, and supplied it with a fresh stock of drugs, medicines, toilet articles, perfumery, &c., tenders his thanks to the generous public for the patronage of the past, and trusts to merit a continuance of the same. Especial care and attention are bestowed upon the prescription department, every article used being of the purest quality and compounded by experienced clerks.

Fine Paintings.

One of the best displays of choice oil paintings of the higher grade of art, from the Belgium, Dusseldorf, French and American schools, will be exhibited at the skating rink in Weisiger building to-morrow. There are over one hundred and fifty of these fine works of art, and they will well repay a visit. They are to be sold at auction by S. G. Henry & Co. on Tuesday and Wednesday, and we feel sure that a critical examination of them will result in a determination on the part of our citizens not to let the collection be taken out of the city. We hope, therefore, that all who can will visit the exhibition, and determine for themselves the different standards of excellence attained by the different schools mentioned above.

☞ I would respectfully announce to the public that my 54th monthly drawing will take place at Odeon Hall, Bowling Green, Ky., Christmas night. The drawing will be conducted by a committee selected from the audience by the ticket-holders present, a statement of which will be forwarded to all agents and ticket-holders. There are one thousand splendid prizes, selected especially for the Christmas holidays. Among them are $1,000 in greenbacks, four splendid pianos, fine top-buggy, wagons, fine stock, gold and silver watches, diamonds, solid silverware, standard and gift books, fine mirrors and paintings, blankets, coverlets, &c., &c. Tickets $1, or six for $5. For sale at W. Scott Glore's, Louisville, and by other agents throughout the State. Orders addressed to me will be filled promptly up to the departure of the last mail on Monday, 25th. J. R. Golladay.

THE CHILES AFFAIR.

Coroner's Inquest Yesterday—Testimony—Verdict of the Jury.

Analysis of the Stomach.

The coroner's jury for the investigation of the death of N. R. Chiles met yesterday afternoon at the jail and proceeded to examine witnesses. The first was Mr. Vincent Davis, druggist at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets. Mr. Davis said he knew Mr. Chiles very well. Mr. C. had come to his drug store between 6 and 7 o'clock Tuesday evening and asked for ten grains of morphine in half-grain powders. He inquired of deceased if his wife was sick again, and was answered in the affirmative. Mr. Davis suggested putting up the morphine in solution, so that it could be conveniently taken—a half grain to a teaspoonful—and Mr. Chiles consented. Mr. Chiles seemed to be in his usual spirits, and the druggist thought nothing of the matter, as he had frequently put up narcotics for Mrs. Chiles, who had suffered from neuralgia. The bottle was carefully labeled, and Mr. Davis remarked to Mr. Chiles that he did not think there was any possibility of making a mistake with it. Mr. Chiles asked what would be the effect on a person who should take the contents of the bottle, and Mr. Davis told him that after such a dose the man would not need any more medicine. Mr. C. was in the store about ten or fifteen minutes. On Thursday, hearing considerable talk about the affair, he had told William Walker, a medical student who boards at the house, to inform his brother, Dr. Walker, of the purchase of the morphine by Mr. Chiles.

Dr. Rademaker, the chemist to whom the stomach of the deceased was intrusted, was then sworn, and proceeded to give the result of his analysis as follows:

Upon opening the stomach, the blood vessels were found highly injected with blood, down as far as the pylorus. The duodenum looking perfectly healthy, the congested state of the stomach leads me to believe that he might have been suffering from some irritant poison.

The stomach and duodenum were then divided into two equal parts, one-half of which was tested for mineral poisons, the other half for poisonous alkaloids. The mineral poisons tested for were the following: Arsenic, antimony, mercury, copper, and lead.

The following processes were resorted to for the detection of mineral poisons:

First—One-half of the stomach and duodenum were treated with hydrochloric acid (pure) and chlorate of potash until all organic matter was dissolved. The solution thus obtained was filtered and divided into four equal parts. The first portion was submitted to Reinch's test; the second portion was submitted to Marsh's test; the third portion was treated with sulphuretted hydrogen; all of which showed the absence of antimony and arsenic. The fourth portion was then tested for mercury, copper and lead, which also gave a negative result. I therefore concluded that the stomach and duodenum contained no mineral poison.

ORGANIC ALKALOIDS.

In testing for organic poisons, the object of the chemist should be to isolate the base. The process adopted by me for isolating any organic base that might exist in the stomach, or duodenum, was the following: The other half of the stomach and duodenum was cut into small pieces, and treated with about three times its weight of absolute alcohol, to which two grammes of tartaric acid had been added. This mixture of stomach, alcohol, and tartaric acid was digested at a temperature of 150° Fah. for two hours; the solution filtered from the undissolved matter and evaporated almost to dryness, and again treated with alcohol. The alcoholic solution thus obtained was again filtered and evaporated to dryness; the dryness thus left was exhausted with water, and treated with bicarbonate of potash (pure) until the solution had an alkaline reaction.

To the alkaline solution thus obtained we added a small amount of caustic potash, and then treated with five times its volume of ether, the ether separated and allowed to evaporate; but in the residue I was unable to find any organic base.

But my inability to find poison is no proof that poison has not been taken, for the organic poisons are very rapidly absorbed into the blood, and are then out of reach of the chemist.

I may remark here that the following organic alkaloids, all of which are poisonous, may be isolated by the above process, conini, nicotin, morphine, strychnine, veratrin, aconitin, atropin, and hyoscyamin.

Dr. Blackburn was then sworn. He was called in soon after the alarm was given, and found Mr. Chiles apparently lifeless; but, on turning him over on his side, the unfortunate man gave a long respiration. The case presented symptoms of narcotic poison. Afterwards one of the young men boarding at the house told him that he had seen a morphine bottle on a stand at the bedside, with a small portion of the solution remaining in it. He told the young man to say nothing about it there. Mrs. Chiles was not sick that night. The amount of the solution that had apparently been taken out of the bottle, as reported by the young man who told him of it, would have produced death. He did not think it could have been given to Mr. Chiles in his usual state without his knowledge. He couldn't say whether there was foul play or not.

The jury, after consultation, adjourned to the residence of the widow, and William Walker was examined. His statement of the affair was similar to the accounts already published. He said he had understood that a Mr. Bracken, who boarded in the house at the time of the occurrence, but was not there during the inquest, had seen a bottle containing morphine by the side of the bed on Tuesday night. He did not remember that Mr. Davis had told him to inform his brother about the purchase of the morphine. On being asked whether there had been any ill-feeling between his brother and Mr. Chiles, he replied that there had not. On being asked if his brother had been requested to leave the house, but, on Mrs. Chiles interfering, he had remained, Mr. Walker replied that there had been no such occurrence to his knowledge.

Mrs. Chiles was then sworn, and gave pretty much the same account of the affair published in the COURIER-JOURNAL of Thursday morning. She said Mr. Chiles came home about 7¼ o'clock on Tuesday night. He was later than usual, generally coming straight home from the hotel. She had noticed in the morning that he appeared as if something unusual was the matter, but on inquiry he had told her it was nothing. Mr. Andrews came down to get some water just after they had retired, when Mr. Chiles got up to let him in. After that one of the children, a little girl, woke. It was Mr. Chiles' habit to take the children into bed when they were disturbed, but he seemed sleeping so soundly that she did not like to disturb him, and rose and took the child into bed herself. She then went to sleep, and in about ten minutes was awakened by a strange noise. She called to Mr. Chiles several times but he did not answer. She then felt his pulse, and it beat so strangely that she rose quickly, threw on her clothes and turning on the gas said that Mr. Chiles was "as white as a sheet." She then gave the alarm, as has been previously related. She had no idea that Mr. C. had died of anything but apoplexy. Dr. Blackburn had told her positively that was the cause of his death, and on that account she objected to the examination. If she had dreamed that there was a suspicion of anything else she would have been as willing as anybody to have the post-mortem examination made; but she had been led to believe all along that the cause of his death was apoplexy, and in such a case the examination would do no good. Mr. Davis, the druggist, had sent word on Thursday evening that Mr. Chiles had purchased ten grains of morphine at his drug-store. She could not believe that Mr. Chiles poisoned himself, and she thought it very unkind in the COURIER-JOURNAL, or whatever paper it was, to cast such a slur upon her. Mr. Chiles was one of the most melancholy of men. When they were first married he would sit for hours without speaking a word, unless she addressed him. He had told her on several occasions that he intended to kill himself; but all that had passed away. He had once been dissipated, but had been very temperate during the last four years. She had seen nothing of the bottle spoken of as being by the bed, but there were a number of bottles about the house, as she had been taking medicine for some time.

This ended the testimony. But little inquiry was made for the man who was said to have seen the bottle. After consultation it was found that the jury were somewhat divided in opinion upon some of the points presented by the case, and they agreed upon a verdict that the deceased came to his death from causes unknown to the jury. The circumstances pointed clearly to death by morphine, but the chemist had found no trace of the poison in the stomach, and the jury did not feel authorized to render a verdict upon circumstantial evidence, however strong.

A Little Waif.

Yesterday afternoon a gentleman discovered a little boy wandering about the corner of Second and Market streets, apparently lost. He asked the little fellow several questions as to who were his parents, and where they lived, and tried to learn his full name, but the child only knew that his name was "Pink," and could tell nothing more. The gentleman took him in his arms and walked off up the street, doubtless with the purpose of taking care of the little fellow until his parents could be found. We could not learn the name of the Good Samaritan.

"Luck in Leisure."

A Mr. Rearden, who keeps a coffee-house near the corner of Main and Preston streets, about two weeks ago, bought a load of coal at Cromie's float at the foot of Preston street. By some accident the team and cart fell into the river, but got out safely, leaving the coal at the bottom. Since that time the river has fallen considerably, and coal has gone up to $8 per load. A day or two since Rearden went with a cart to the river, shoveled up the sunken coal and hauled it home, thus making three dollars by the accident.

Solicitor General Bristow.

Information was received in this city yesterday of the resignation of Solicitor General Bristow. He will return in a few days to the practice of the law in this city, and give his undivided attention to his private interests, which have doubtless suffered by reason of his residence in Washington. We regard this as a serious loss to the Administration of President Grant. Col. Bristow, during his term of office, has largely added to his very high reputation as a lawyer.

The Dental Infirmary.

The Louisville Dental Infirmary, in room No. 16, third floor, McDowell's block, corner Fourth and Green, was opened yesterday at 2 o'clock P. M. Here those needing their teeth attended to and are not able to pay full price for it, can have the work done for the cost of the materials. The infirmary is in charge of the members of the Kentucky State Dental Association. The services rendered will be first-class in every particular.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

MR. W. D. SPALDING has presented a fine gilt-edged Bible to Pioneer Lodge No. 11, K. of P.

EIGHT thousand dollars were realized from the Catholic fair for the benefit of St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.

AN election of officers of Washington Division 111, Sons of Temperance, will be held next Wednesday night.

WM. KESSLER was arrested by Officer Howard and incarcerated in the Twelfth street station last night, for drunkenness.

CAPT. J. W. RECCIUS and Lieuts. David Messenger and R. E. Ginsel, of the Waddell Grays, received their commissions from the Governor on Friday.

THE young lady employés of N. Sid. Platt, the shirt-man, numbering thirty-five, were the recipients at his hands of a can of oysters each, yesterday.

THE thermometer at Cook & Sloss' was 8 degrees above zero on Thursday. Yesterday it was 38 degrees above zero—having risen 30 degrees in 48 hours.

REV. FATHER J. L. SPALDING will deliver a lecture at Weisiger Hall on the 21st of January for the benefit of "St. Vincent's Home." Fifty cents will be charged for admission.

HIRAM BOHANNON, convicted of the murder of Addison Cook in Shelby county, was yesterday admitted to bail in $10,000, the sentence of Judge Bruce, that he be hung, having been reversed by the Court of Appeals and the case returned to the lower court for revision.

ALBERT WHITE, of the Fire Department, yesterday resumed his duties with the Bunce Hook and Ladder company. He is the young man who was seriously injured by being run over by a hose-carriage while on its way to the fire at the bridge depot, some months since.

AS THE bad weather of last week compelled the ladies to cut short their Christmas shopping, and as Sunday intervenes before the shopping, it is understood that most of the fancy and variety and dry goods stores will keep open doors until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

AT No. 730 Walnut street, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, Ida Bell King, aged two months, was discovered by its mother to be dead. The coroner was notified, and returned a verdict of death from spasms. The child was in good health the previous night, and had never been sick before.

A WAGON laden with meal, and belonging to a Mr. Thierman, passing down Market street yesterday afternoon, came down with a crash while pulling over the railroad track, breaking an axle and smashing a wheel. Considerable time was consumed in removing the wreck, detaining the passage of four or five cars. Several bags of meal were spilled in the street.

AT the Orphans' fair at Weisiger Hall which closed Thursday evening, the fine horse contributed by Mr. Pat Dillon was raffled for $361 and was won by Mr. Jeff. Williams; the lard contributed by the same gentleman, who deserves great credit for his liberality, was won by Mr. J. C. Dennis who threw the smallest number. A fine set of silver which brought $333 was won by Mr. R. D. Slevin, and another fine set, raffled for $431, fell to Miss Kate Rodgers.

THE Critic, which is well-known to the people of Louisville and elsewhere as the organ of the drama, music, the turf and society, and an admirable weekly critical journal, is to be hereafter published monthly, and, besides having its former excellent typographical appearance improved, will be enlarged, and its pages filled with solid and substantial magazine matter. There is room in this region of the country for just such an institution as the Critic, and it is to be hoped that its managers, who are undoubtedly able and energetic, will make it what the necessity of the times and the occasion requires.

THE STATE PRISON.

Criminals Sentenced to the Penitentiary Yesterday.

The following cases were among those in which Judge Bruce pronounced sentence yesterday, viz:

Martin Thomas, for manslaughter, sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. The prisoner earnestly protested his innocence; said if he ever struck the woman whom he was charged with murdering he did not know it; that he had picked the woman up in the streets and had protected her, given her a home, and was never her husband. He said that the witnesses against him had not sworn to the truth.

James Clark, for larceny of clothing, sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. This prisoner withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. On being asked by the Commonwealth's Attorney why he had changed his plea, he said "the boys," meaning others of the prisoners sentenced, "were going to Frankfort, and he wanted to go along with them."

John Adams, for receiving stolen property, sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. When this prisoner was asked by the court if he had anything to say why the penalty of the law should not be enforced, he made quite a long statement, asserting his entire innocence of the crime. He compared himself to our Saviour when he was being unjustly condemned by Pontius Pilate; and again, when talking of the arguments of his lawyers, said that they wandered about from point to point, like the children of Israel in the wilderness. Adams said he knew nothing whatever of the robbery committed by his daughter Lilly (whose case is given below), and that he had done all he could to prevent the daughter from leading a riotous life. His speech was very rambling, and, in some points, quite foolish, but he did not hesitate to put the blame on his daughter.

Lilly Adams, for grand larceny, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. This was indeed a hard case. Lilly Adams is a little girl only a little over fourteen years of age. She does not look like a hardened criminal, but like a tender, rather well-raised child. She was reared in this city. When she was but two or three years old her parents moved to the city from Somerset county, Pennsylvania. Her mother has tried to teach her the precepts of virtue, and to give her a Christian education. She regularly attended a city school in the upper-end for nearly four years, and during that time also regularly attended a Sunday-school on Cable street. She has been leading a life of shame for only a few months. She was persuaded to it by some evil associates she had formed, and yielded partly at first for the purpose of covertly bettering the fortunes of her parents. She says her father is not guilty of the crime charged against him, and that she would gladly serve out his time in the penitentiary if she could do so. She pleaded guilty to the indictment against her, and the jury gave her the shortest term—one year. Every member of the jury expressed his willingness to sign a petition for her pardon, believing that the permanent injury she would receive by a term in the penitentiary would overbalance the good to the public by a vindication of the law in her case.

The appearance of this prisoner before the court when receiving her sentence was indeed sad and pitiful. It is doubtful if there was a single person in the court-room at the time who would not have been glad to see her released. But the law was inexorable; all the jury could do was to find a verdict of guilty, giving her the shortest term in the State prison, and all that the Judge could do was to pass the sentence upon her.

"Honor to Whom Honor is Due."

There was a high time among the railroad-men last night. A number of the leading officers and representatives of railroad interests at this point assembled in the parlor of Walker's Exchange, and proceeded to present Mr. C. P. Atmore, general passenger agent of the Great Jackson Route, with a splendid gold watch and chain. The watch was inscribed: "C. P. Atmore, Gen. Pass. Ag't, from the Officers, Employes, and Patrons of the J., M. and I. Railroad." The speeches on the occasion were eloquent and appropriate—and so were the wine and cigars. Mr. Atwood was completely taken by surprise, but soon so far recovered his presence of mind as to make a feeling and suitable response to the handsome compliment.

Merited Presentation.

Yesterday Mrs. E. H. Gary, Superintendent of the City Hospital, was the recipient of a beautiful gold watch and chain, inscribed: "Presented to Mrs. E. H. Gary by the employés of the City Hospital." The watch and chain were presented in a short speech expressing the respect and regard they had for her for her kindness toward them. The unexpected gift so surprised Mrs. G. as to forbid utterance of her gratitude to them.

Christmas Tree at St. Paul's.

A Christmas tree was erected yesterday evening in the Sunday-school room of St. Paul's church, Sixth street near Walnut, and presents distributed from it to the children and teachers. The pupils were also entertained with a magic lantern exhibition, which they enjoyed very much. The room was made perfectly dark, so much so that the children could not see each other during the various and changing scenes.

A Dangerous Spot.

On Monday a team and cart laden with coal ran off O'Connor's float, at the foot of Preston street, dumping the load of coal in the river. On Friday last the same team again became unmanageable at the same place, and the lead mule ran into the water throwing the cart into such a position as to sink another eight dollars' worth of black diamonds in the same spot.

Pullen Discharged.

Pullen, the Market-street auctioneer, who has been before the courts for nearly a year past, on a charge of incest, and the facts of whose case are very generally known, was discharged from custody yesterday, for the reason that two juries had failed to find him guilty.

Christmas and the Home.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

On reading the appeal in your Wednesday's issue, signed "The Home," calling attention to the Young Woman's Boarding Home, of this city, I was moved by the earnest spirit which pervaded the article, and could but feel that, if every business man in Louisville would ponder for a moment on the subject, the result would be a gratifying one to the noble ladies who have identified themselves with this work. I would suggest the following plan to the managers, feeling confident that, if carried out, a large number of subscriptions could be obtained. My plan is to interest in the work one business man on each square, devoted to business, in the city, and have him solicit from other business houses one or more annual subscriptions. A popular merchant can obtain money from his neighbors on a purely personal appeal, the persons giving looking on the gift simply as a business transaction. The money is asked for by one whose good will they wish to have, and is paid without a murmur. MERCHANT.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 23, 1871.

THE CHURCHES.

Directory of Religious Worship for To-day.

Morning services at 11 o'clock; evening at 7½ o'clock.

Methodist Church, Chestnut street, between Eighth and Ninth; Rev. Mr. Messick, pastor. Usual services morning and evening.

Church of the Messiah—Rev. Dr. Hosmer, formerly of Buffalo, New York, is expected to preach.

Rev. Dr. McKee will preach, morning and evening, at Warren Presbyterian church, corner of Nineteenth and Jefferson streets.

Christ's church, Episcopal, Second street, between Green and Walnut—Reverend Dr. Craik, rector. Services, 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.

St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Portland—Rev. A. F. Freeman, rector. Service this morning at 11 o'clock; Sunday-school this afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

Fourth Presbyterian Church, Hancock street, between Main and Market; Rev. W. C. Matthews, D. D., pastor. Usual services morning and evening.

Christian church, corner of Fifteenth and Jefferson streets—Services morning and night by Elder O. P. Miller, in place of the regular pastor, who is absent.

Broadway Baptist Church—Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor. Morning subject: David's remembrance of God from the Hill Mezar. Evening: Faith the only condition of salvation.

Methodist church, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets—Reverend H. C. Settle, pastor. Morning text: Luke ii, 13, 14. Subject: The song of the angels and its meaning. Regular services at night.

Broadway Methodist Episcopal Church South—Rev. R. H. Rivers, D. D., pastor. Morning subject—"The Incarnation and its Lessons;" John i, 14. Evening—"Christ, His Representative Character."

Spiritual lecture by Mrs. Laura Cuppy Smith, at Wedekind Hall, Market street, between Sixth and Seventh. Morning subject: Our sacred obligations. Evening: Have we a religion? Admission free.

James S. Greene, one of the convicts, who was a minister, and a very eloquent speaker, will lecture to the convicts in the Jeffersonville penitentiary, at 11 o'clock this morning. Subject—"The Folly of Atheism."

Market-street Methodist Episcopal church, near Eighth—Reverend J. McKendrie Reiley, pastor. Sunday-school at 9 o'clock, A. M. Morning text: Hagai ii, 7; subject: Christ the Desire of Nations. Usual services in the evening.

Presbyterian Church, College street—Morning services will be conducted by Dr. W. L. Breckinridge, of Missouri, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. Reverend Dr. Humphrey, regular pastor, will preach at night.

Chestnut-street Christian church, corner of Chestnut and Floyd streets—Elder W. C. Dawson, pastor. Morning subject: "The Nativity"—Matt. ii. Evening: "My yoke is easy and my burden light"—Matt. xi., 30. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

Presbyterian church, corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets—Rev. G. H. Robertson, pastor. Morning text: Hebrews iii., 13, "But exhort one another daily while it is called to-day, lest any of you be hardened through the deceitfulness of sin." Subject: Sin's treacheries.

Calvary Episcopal Church, corner of Third and Guthrie streets—Rev. Wm. Platt, pastor. Morning sermon in keeping with the day (fourth Sunday in Advent). Sunday night the fifth lecture to young men will be postponed and a Christmas Eve service held for the children of the Sunday-school.

Rev. James Ryan, Richard Daly and Eberhard Hulemann will be ordained to the sacred order of priesthood at the Cathedral this morning, at 10½ o'clock. The two first-named are from the Right Rev. Bishop's Seminary near Louisville; the latter a member of the Franciscan Seminary of St. Boniface's Church, of this city.

The first quarterly meeting for Shelby-street Station will be held to-day. Preaching morning and evening by Rev. E. W. Sehon, D. D., Presiding Elder. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. Love feast on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock.

St. Johns' German Evangelical church, corner of Clay and Market streets—Reverend Theodore Dressel, pastor. Morning text: St. John i, 19—28. Subject: Are we prepared for a blessed celebration of the birth of Christ and of His holy supper? Evening text: Philippians iv, 4—7. Subject: The Lord is at hand!

Baptist church, on Chestnut street, between Ninth and Tenth—Rev. Mr. Weaver, pastor. Morning text: Philippians iii, 8 to 12 inclusive; subject: Striving for Perfection. Evening: Romans ix, 32 and 33; subject: The Plan of Salvation, or How to be Saved. Administration of baptism at the close of the discourse.

Christian church, corner of Fourth and Walnut streets—Reverend Dr. Hopson, pastor. Morning text: Matthew xi., 2. "Verily I say unto you, among them that are born of women there hath not risen a greater than John the Baptist, notwithstanding he that is least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he." Subject, John the Baptist. Usual services in the evening.

St. John's Episcopal Church, Jefferson street, between Eleventh and Twelfth.—Reverend W. C. Butler, rector. Morning subject: "Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh." Evening: "Thy will be done as in heaven so in earth;" which is a continuation of the series on Lord's Prayer. Holy communion is celebrated at 7 o'clock this morning, and at the same hour to-morrow morning.

Quinn's Chapel, Walnut street, between Eighth and Ninth (colored congregation)—Rev. G. H. Graham, pastor. The Sunday-school exercises occupy all the morning. The pupils are taught to read, sing and write upon the black-board. A short lecture by the pastor is also delivered. The church services are at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Text: John XIV., 3, "If ye love me, keep my commandments." Subject: The principles of love and the evidences of its possession. Usual services at night.

THE COAL QUESTION.

The People's Relief and Remedy for High Prices—How We May be Blessed.

In our article yesterday we demonstrated the importance of the development of the Kentucky coal fields as the only solution of the question of cheap and unlimited supply of coal for our manufacturers and citizens.

The only plan for this development is for Louisville to invest some of the capital which we are in the habit of investing in Pittsburgh coal in the spring, in order to provide against high prices, and devote it to the mining and bringing of this coal to market. Every acre of coal land on the E. and P. railroad contains four workable veins of good coal, of an average thickness of five feet each, which makes 700,000 bushels of coal to the acre. These lands can now be purchased at twenty dollars per acre, making the whole cost of an annual supply of twelve millions of bushels in the ground not to exceed $400. Owing to the advantageous location of these lands, and their proximity to the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad, the works for opening and operating mines can be constructed at a comparatively small cost. A company organized with a cash capital of fifty thousand dollars could purchase a sufficient quantity of coal land for all their purposes, erect proper machinery for successful mining, provide houses for miners and sufficient carts and depots in this city for delivery, and could furnish to the city a daily supply of seven thousand five hundred bushels, or an annual supply of two millions of bushels. Six companies organized upon this basis could furnish the city with all the coal that she would require, and it could be delivered as consumers might want it, without the necessity of locking up in our coal-houses so much unproductive capital as is now the case.

These companies could be organized upon a mutual basis, as is the case in all other large cities, say in shares of the value of $100 and each stockholder for every share of stock should be entitled to receive annually ten tons of coal at its net cost to the company and be a sharer according to his interest in the profits of the company, upon their sales to outside parties. Companies organized upon this mutual basis would be able, we think, to deliver coal at the depot of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad to their own stockholders at a net cost of 10 cents per bushel, and to other consumers at a profit of 2 cents per bushel. The cost of delivery over the city would have to be added to this estimate, but ought not to exceed 2 cents per bushel.

We urge upon our citizens the necessity of doing something to bring this Kentucky coal into our market, and think that companies organized upon this mutual basis are feasible, and would accomplish all that we have said in regard to them.

The E. and P. R. R. Coal Transportation.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

In the very interesting article in your local columns of yesterday upon "The Coal Supply," the following paragraph appears:

"Baltimore city carries the bituminous coal used by her manufactories an average distance of 210 miles, and yet the expense of transportation never exceeds the price of five dollars per ton of 2,240 pounds. Our roads have lighter grades and we are less distant from the mines, yet we pay enormously more for transportation. Coal coming in by the Elizabethtown and Paducah road, for instance, costs $7 per ton of 2,000 pounds."

There are serious errors in the above, made by the writer, no doubt, unintentionally, which are so unjust to the E. and P. road as to require prompt correcting. We are at a loss to know where the author of the article obtained his information, or how he could be led into such mistakes, when it has been stated again and again in your columns that the Elizabethtown and Paducah road is transporting coal to this city for $15 per car load of ten tons, or six cents per bushel. Now, compare these rates with those of Baltimore, and it will be seen that the Elizabethtown and Paducah road transports coal 100 miles (the average distance is 130 miles) for $1 50 per ton, while the Baltimore roads charge $5 per ton for 220 miles, which is 60 per cent. higher than is charged by the Elizabethtown and Paducah road. These rates were fixed when the Pittsburgh coal was selling for $5 per load or 20 cents per bushel, in order that the operators of the mines on the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroads, might sell their coal at 15 cents per bushel, and drive the Pittsburgh monopolists out of the market. That the price of this coal has been advanced to 20 cents per bushel, is no fault of the Elizabethtown and Paducah railroad company, as they continue to haul it at six cents per bushel to this city.

JUSTICE.

Coal at Five Dollars—A Suggestion.

[To the Editor of the COURIER-JOURNAL.]

Let everybody turn out to-morrow and go to church; let every pastor offer a prayer for pouring rains, a booming river, and abounding coal, and let all the people say amen. The rains will descend, the floods will come, the pointers will fly from their homes, but we shall have all the Pittsburgh coal for the poor at $5. Reason: The people will pray with a will to an Almighty Helper who gives to those who ask.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

CHRISTMAS.

The Grand Opening Last Night—125,000 Persons Present—Great Preparations for the Festivities—Continuation of Sales on Monday.

We may be Happy Yet.

There was a general outpouring of the people of this city yesterday and last night, and the streets, markets, shops and stores were literally thronged with people with pockets full of money or baskets and arms full of Christmas things. There never was a finer or more tempting display in the meat and vegetable markets of Louisville, and the sellers could not complain at the illiberality of the buyers. We trust there will be no necessity for interference on the part of the Health Officer, but if much eating and drinking will endanger the health of our citizens we may expect unfortunate results from last night's purchases.

The toy shops were literally besieged, and the toys have been assigned to duty in thousands of places throughout the city. Armfuls of toys, stockingfuls of candies, stacks of dry goods, cartloads of groceries, and deadloads of turkeys and things were purchased and carried away by the men, women, and children, independent of the carriers or deliverers of goods, who were utterly inadequate to the task. There was a general running to and fro, and everybody seemed to be in a fair way to spend the great holiday in an appropriate and happy manner.

There were a great many, however, who, for want of time or on account of the great crowds in the stores and shops, were compelled to defer their purchases till to-morrow, and it is for the benefit of these and the edification of others—everybody—that we mention a few more of the leading places where appropriate purchases may be made.

Newman's Family Drug-store,

corner of Fifth avenue and Walnut street, although not in the central thoroughfare, has been as busy a place as we have seen during the past week. The enterprising young proprietor and his assistants have had more than they could do to serve the crowds of people who called to make selections from the elegant stock of fancy goods which Mr. Newman brought with him recently from the East. There is not a finer array of goods suitable for holiday presents in Louisville than that of Mr. Newman's. His charming store, always a model of neatness and beauty, is unusually attractive in its holiday attire. He has the facilities of showing his goods to great advantage, of waiting upon a great many people in a very short time, and of sending everybody away under the impression that they have got a little more than their money's worth. The great popularity of Mr. Newman's drug-store is the result of industry, a thorough knowledge of and attention to business, and is owing to the purity of all drugs and medicines sold, the reasonable prices charged and the invariable urbanity of the attendants. A list of holiday goods to be had at Newman's will be found in another part of this paper.

Pictures on the Wall.

Those of our citizens who have patronized Webster's gallery within the last quarter of a century are not disposed to give up an artist who has always taken the lead and given satisfaction in the various branches of the art, to trust their faces in the hands of others, and, after all the sensational advertising which has been done by other artists, Webster's gallery holds its rank at the head of the list. While Capt. Webster is prepared to make pictures in all the popular styles he is making specialties of Rembrandts and porcelain pictures. He was the first to advertise the Rembrandts in Louisville and continues to excel in them. More exquisite, life-like pictures can not be made than Webster's porcelain, and a more appropriate or acceptable token could not be given a friend than a picture of one's self, particularly if the subject be a beautiful lady, or a handsome gentleman (and if there be a little doubt on that point the porcelain is the style of picture to flatter a little, don't you see, and set you off to advantage).

One of the secrets of Captain Webster's success is the fact that he is always in the operating room and gives his personal attention to visitors, securing the best position, which is the foundation of the picture, and, while he employs a number of artists in the various departments of his establishment, he is emphatically his own photographer, does the most important work himself, and never allows a picture to go out unless it gives satisfaction. He is truly a conscientious, hard working and progressive man, striving always to advance the interests of photography, keeping up with all improvements, and studying to please his numerous customers.

Although his gallery is often crowded with visitors, some of whom may have to await their turn, they will find enough to interest them in the way of curious pictures—shadows of familiar countenances—in all the styles that have been introduced for twenty-five years. We could name hundreds of citizens and prominent men of the State and nation whose pictures were taken and retained by Webster more than a score of years ago. Among them we mention President Pierce and his Cabinet, Rev. Dr. E. P. Humphrey, Archie Dixon of Henderson, D. P. Faulds, Rev. Dr. C. B. Parsons, Prof. A. Gunter, Geo. D. Prentice and many others living and dead, which carry us back in pleasant reverie to those better days when all of us were younger, if not wiser and better men. The endless collection of groups, classes, pictures of important meetings, &c., including views of the "Laying of the Corner-stone of Masonic Temple," "Hoisting the Stars and Stripes on the Court-house," "Reception of President Johnson," and hundreds of others of equal interest, make this gallery one of the most desirable places to visit in the city. While some may consider a new thing better than an old, this gallery, although the oldest, is always new and up to the times. A merited compliment was paid Capt. Webster by the National Photographic Association, by his election as vice president of that association, at its annual meeting in June last.

Imported Cigars.

Messrs. Edward Peynado & Co. are the veteran importers of Havana cigars in Louisville. They have been established in this city since 1855, and are at the head of the business in the Southwest. Their store is situated at No. 17 West Main street, between First and Second, on the north side. They have also branches or stands in the Galt House and Louisville Hotel in this city, and in the Maxwell House in Nashville, Tenn. Possessing tact, energy and a large business acquaintance in Cuba, they are enabled to bring to this market the choicest brands of cigars manufactured in Havana. We have often noticed the large sums in gold paid into the custom-house in this city by this firm for duties on their importations, and a visit to their store-room confirmed our ideas of the size of their stock. They have in store *two hundred and fifty thousand* cigars of the finest Havana brands.

Mr. Peynado, the senior partner, makes frequent business visits to Havana, and we understand he purposes going again to that city, soon after the holidays, in the interest of his firm.

Speaking of holidays reminds us of Christmas and New Year's gifts, and we would suggest to those contemplating making presents to gentlemen friends who are smokers, that a box of fine cigars is very appropriate, and always sure to please. Ladies desiring particularly to please their husbands or beaux should bear that in mind. The gentle sex do not object to the flavor of a prime Havana; on the contrary, they like it; and we can assure every one that the aroma of a Caoba, Flor del Fumar, Flor del Creta, Intimidad, Figaro, or Partagas, of Messrs. Peynado & Co.'s importation is perfectly delightful. Therefore we advise everybody desiring to make a present of that kind to go to the "fountain head"—Messrs. E. Peynado & Co.'s.

A Louisville Enterprise.

This is the name of a paper, the publication of which was commenced several months ago, and will be continued on a larger scale during the ensuing year by C. P. Barnes & Bro., jewelers, 224 Main street (Louisville Hotel block). It is handsomely printed (by Stackhouse of course), and contains much valuable and reliable information about the manufacture of American watches, "extra" gold pens, "Seththomas clocks," fashionable gold chains, fine gold seal rings, plain gold rings, hair jewelry, emblematic pins for Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Good Templars and Sons of Temperance, Ladies' Watches and Chains, fine gold bracelets, gold spectacles, gold-headed canes, solid silverware and a great many other beautiful and useful genuine articles in which Messrs. Barnes & Bro. deal. We have carefully read the Enterprise, and have also examined the stock of goods to which it refers, and can vouch for the truth of every word in the one, and the genuineness of every article in the other. We commend Messrs. Barnes & Bro. for their strict regard for truth manifested in advertising one of the largest and finest stocks of watches, clocks, pens and jewelry ever afforded in Louisville. Take a copy of the Enterprise, look over the list, and select a handsome present for your friend, and then, during the holidays, call and make the purchase.

Messrs. Barnes & Brother also publish a complete pocket Directory of Masonic, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Good Templars and Sons of Temperance lodges for gratuitous distribution.

Julius Winter.

This old-established clothing house, so long and favorably known to the citizens of the South and West, is entitled to a more extended notice than we fear our space will admit at this time. A visit to this magnificent establishment will richly repay you. The first, or ground, floor is the repository of the ready-made clothing—all strictly home-made, and all in the latest styles—no old stock and refuse goods being allowed to accumulate. Gents' furnishing goods of every description, from the daintiest tie to the largest sized undershirt. Here you will also find a variety of perfect-fitting shirts, which are made a specialty. Indeed, we were surprised to find such an extensive stock of furnishing goods in connection with the immense assortment of ready-made clothing as is here to be found. On the second floor is the merchant tailoring, or custom department, where you will find displayed in endless variety all the latest styles of piece goods for men's wear to be made to order. His cutters are artists of taste and experience, and the fact of your having left your measure at Julius Winter's is a safe guarantee that you will have a satisfactory fit, and one that will challenge all criticism.

It is with pleasure we recommend the above house to our readers, and we trust those who are not already advised will go and see for themselves.

Butterick's Patterns.

These patterns were first introduced in full stock in our city last April, and owing to their sterling merit came rapidly into favor, and the trade in them now is simply immense. They are now known everywhere in the State, and Mr. Dorris, the agent, informs us his mail orders are largely in excess of his former retail sales at the counter. They give special advantage to the country lady, remote from city shop-windows and quasi-Parisian dress-makers, in giving her, through the illustrated catalogue which is furnished free on application, all the latest novelties in dress, monthly, and the patterns always fit perfectly. There is scarcely a household in this city that cannot vouch for their superiority. These patterns virtually make every lady her own dress-maker. New patterns are received monthly of every garment worn by lady, miss, or child, with full printed instructions as to what kind of goods and how much to buy, how to cut and trim, and they only cost from ten to fifty cents per pattern. The most wealthy and fashionable rely upon them, and, with the aid of a sewing girl, make their costly garments at a trifling expense. Should any one read this article who has not tried these patterns, we advise them to call at 166 Fourth street, between Green and Walnut, and ask the accommodating saleswoman for an illustrated catalogue.

The "Bee Hive"

was yesterday the scene of considerable activity, being thronged from morning to night with the fair sex making purchases for gentlemen friends and relatives—the latter including "cousins." Platt still has a most beautiful and extensive stock of holiday goods, and the ladies will do well to bear this fact in mind if they desire to remember their friends substantially. Men generally, and young men especially, are as fond of fine dress and display as the ladies, notwithstanding their assertion to the contrary, and Platt has spared no pains to procure the articles essential to a first-class make-up. A word more to the gentlemen alone. The party season is approaching its hight, and, of all men in Louisville, N. Sid Platt is the man prepared for it. His "bee-hive" is located at No. 64 Fourth street.

Joseph Wolf's Confectionery.

The best place to get candies, cakes and other sweet things for Christmas is at Joseph Wolf's confectionery, Jefferson street, just above Second. Mr. Wolf has some of the most handsome ornamental cakes to be found in the city, and a general assortment of the choicest fresh cakes and candies. He is supplying parties, weddings and balls on short notice. He has a large assortment of French fancy candies and cornucopias, candied fruits, tropical fruits, &c. He will furnish families or parties with ice cream and sherbets, in large or small quantities.

Christmas Presents.

Affection seeks some suitable offering to enhance the joy of Christmas. Nothing is more acceptable than a Florence Sewing Machine. Husbands, do you wish elegant presents for your wives? Fathers, do you desire appropriate gifts for your daughters? Young men, do you seek tasteful and lasting presents for your sweethearts? If so, get a Florence Sewing Machine, which is at once appropriate, tasteful, elegant, useful and lasting. Office and sales-room, No. 110 Fourth street.

Very Kind in the Fonda Boys.

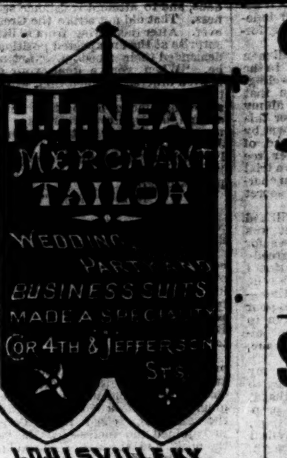
The Italian Warehouse was crowded up to a late hour last night, and the Fonda boys, finding it impossible to fill all the orders, many persons having been sent away empty (so to speak), and it being natural to suppose that some folks will eat up to-day pretty much all they had laid in for Christmas, have concluded to keep open doors to-morrow till twelve o'clock, till everybody has an opportunity to get something to eat. Noble fellows!

QUEENS OF THE CHRISTMAS PACK.

To Mattie Belle Shreve.

The tiny reindeer were asleep in their stalls;
And the sleigh still remained in its house,
And the quiet that reigned through those bright elfin halls
Might have startled a trespassing mouse.
Yet St. Nick was awake
And gay Christmas was near,
And his fat sides would shake
As he guzzled his beer;
And blew the thin smoke from his pipe;
But his features looked doubt, and his mind seemed perplexed,
Though the halls were o'erloaded with candies and toys,
And all sorts of gifts, both for girls and for boys,
Yet this good-natured Saint almost frowned, and was vexed.
He rose from his seat and he flung the toys round,
And he swore, in low Dutch, and bellowed for more,
And they came in, by magic, from ceiling and ground,
And passed in review in long files through the door;
But it all would not do,
Though an army went by,
There was nothing in view
That could pleasure his eye,
Or banish the shade from his brow!
Then he bounced from his chair—stirred the coals in his fire,
And muttered "I know not what else I can send her!"
Placed his hand on the mug and his feet on the fender,
And seemed solving grave doubts as he gazed on the fire.
"She's so peerlessly sweet, and so graceful withal!"
(Thus he mused as he viewed the bright coals,)
"And she's only a child, though so slender and tall,
"And she stirs to their depths human souls!
"But she thinks she's too old
"For such nick-nacks as these,
"And rich mines of gold
"Would I squander to please
"My darling, my dear Mattie Belle!"
At last watching closely the leaping red flame,
As it seemed darting upward in mischief and mirth,
It quickened his thoughts, and those quickened gave birth
To a grand inspiration he called "a new game."
"He! I have it, at last!" and he paced up and down,
And picked up some cards, which he tossed in the air;
But threw out the kings and the knaves, with a frown,
And bade them reform or despair.
"'Tis a new Christmas game,"
He remarked, with a smile,
"And my wits are to blame
"If it does not beguile
"Mattie Belle of her mirth and her praise.
"Her mother —— yet hold! Such a creature of worth,
"So lofty of soul, so surpassingly fair,
"Is above little games, and I only may dare
"To praise, and to name her—an angel on earth!"
Then he seized the brown mug, with its remnant of beer,
Winked his eye, while his lips gave a smack,
And, drinking, exclaimed, "To your health, Mattie, dear,
"And your new Christmas toy and new pack!
"Which before you may mix
"You should know and should feel,
"All the cards that take tricks
"When you scuffle and deal
"To those who partake in the game;
"And the rules—as you'll find these brief pages expound—"
(Then he wrote them in less than a page and a half,
With such speed as would distance the best telegraph)
"Show the why above queens she of hearts should be crowned.
"The clubs and the spades, and the diamonds and hearts,
"Shall be mingled together, and just as luck jumps,
"They shall each, as in life, play the prominent parts,
"And each one in its turn shall be trumps.
"But the knaves shall lose place,
"And forthwith disappear,
"And the kings, as a race,
"That are looked on with fear,
"Shall dwindle and vanish from sight!
"But who shall be queens? for the queens must remain,
"And their crowns shall be gentleness, virtue and truth,
Gemmed with charity, mercy, and beauty and youth,
"Which, modestly wearing, forever they'll reign."
Then the Lady of Diamonds, he christened Adele,
Sketched a face and a form quite enchanting to view;
Made the Mistress of Clubs, the bright-eyed little Belle.
While the Sovereign of Spades, he declared, should be Sue.
"Still one suit remains,"
Thus he muttered and smiled,
"O'er which Mattie now reigns,
As my favorite child,
And, as queen, she shall hold it by right.
For Heaven, 'tis plain, from the hour of her birth,
Designed, as her features and nature disclose,
She should be and remain—like the beautiful rose—
Above all the flowers that blossom on earth!"
The clock now struck twelve, and he called for his sleigh,
And the "tiny reindeer," whose fleet pace is like thought,
And ere he could say, to his servants, "obey!"
The bells at the door told the sleigh had been brought.
Then, St. Nick, muffled snug,
Tied his cap round his chin,
And said: "Sprites! take my mug
And my nick-nacks all in,
And be sure that my fire's kept bright!"
He leaps to his seat, and the sleigh upward starts,
And he cries, with a chuckle: "Before I come back
The world shall huzza for a new Christmas pack,
With three times three cheers for the bright Queen of Hearts!"

JOSEPH A. NUNES.



CITY FEATURES.

Particular Notice.

In order to supply all with Christmas presents who have not yet had a chance to purchase an American Sewing Machine, we will keep open tomorrow until 10 o'clock, No. 90 West Jefferson street.

Just in Time.

Our friend, and everybody's friend, H. J. Monsch, will have on exhibition at his game store, 111½ Third street, another car-load of those choice young buffaloes, from the plains of the far west, which he will be prepared to furnish to his customers on and after Monday, 25th instant, at wholesale and retail, and expects to have a full supply of this choice meat during the entire season.

Roll of Honor, Second Grade, Second-ward School.

Isaac Helburn,	Bion Arnold,
Aleck Hilpp,	Neville Duvall,
John Duff,	Eddie Kosiol,
Busey Snowden,	John Seigel,
Lonnie Crane,	Ernest Zimmermen,
Jacob Nuss,	Herman Knauer,
Morris Buttimer,	Christ Sohns,
Hollie Rink,	John Ruth,
August Fischer,	Willie Bohon,
Robert Strong,	Willie Schruff,
Harry Wolford,	Joseph Kohlepp.

☞ A Christmas lunch will be given at Mundy Hotel, between Fifth and Sixth, Market street, at half-past ten o'clock, Monday, December 25, 1871. D. S. Mundy, proprietor.

☞ The man replied, "I always aim to get the best article, and *that* is why I buy Alford's Stomach and Liver Pills."

☞ The great Weber Piano is the best in the world. What a holiday gift this would be! You can find them at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main st., sole agents.

Notice.

The undersigned will empty privy-vaults from this day at the rate of 15 cents per cubic foot. Office No. 230, south side of Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets. T. G. Berger.

☞ Nicely bound volumes of Sheet-music very, very, very cheap at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Dolls.

Wax, China, India Rubber, Talking, and Walking Dolls at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ A large assortment of French and German Accordeons, at low prices, just received at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Toys! Toys! Toys!

A large line of Tin, Iron, Wood, and imported and Rubber Toys wholesale and retail at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ For your Musical Toys and Holiday Gifts go to Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street. They have a large stock.

Genuine Lubin's Extracts.

Farina Cologne, Face Powders, Toilet Soaps, Combs, Brushes, &c., wholesale and retail at the RUBBER GOODS HOUSE, Janney & Perry's.

☞ The great Weber Piano is the best in the world. What a holiday gift this would be! Tripp & Linton, sole agents, 118 Main street.

☞ The Estey Organ is the best in the market. New styles at Tripp & Linton's, 118 Main street.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market during the week has been generally strong in consequence of the light receipts, and these were consequent on the cold weather and the closing of navigation. The close shows a strong market, but no change in prices. The range for new and old is as follows:

	OLD. Light.	OLD. Heavy.	NEW. Range.
Trash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Planters' com. lugs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Planters' good lugs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Com'n sound leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Med'm sound leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good sound leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Med. cutting leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good to fine ci'g lf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Choice cutting leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brig't wrap's nom.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The sales for the week fall 197 hhds behind last week, and are 100 less than for the corresponding week of 1870—yet the year to date shows an excess over the same date last year of 122 hhds. The sales for the week are 299 hhds; for the month 1,405, and for the year to date 2,700, as in the following table:

Warehouses.	Week.	Month.	Year.
Louisville	64	271	570
Ninth-street	39	214	528
Farmers'	48	281	473
Pickett	75	288	518
Planters'	32	196	391
Boone	40	149	249
Kentucky	8	94	61
Total	299	1,405	2,700
Dec. 24, 1870	399	[illegible]	2,578

The sales to-day at six of the warehouses foot up 60 hhds as per statement below. The receipts have been 22 hhds; shipments 4.

THE LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold 11 hhds: 7 hhds Hancock county old leaf at $15, 10 50, 10, 10 50, 9 50, 9 10, 8 70; 1 hhd Illinois leaf at $9 40; 2 hhds Hart county leaf and lugs at $6 80, 9 30; 1 hhd Metcalfe county leaf at $10.

THE NINTH-STREET HOUSE sold 17 hhds: 11 hhds rejected; 11 hhds Breckinridge county old leaf, $9 to $13; 5 hhds Warren county new lugs, $6 40 to $7 50; 1 hhd Logan county new leaf, $9 60.

THE FARMERS' HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 2 hhds Owen county cutting leaf at $15 75 and 17 75; 1 hhd Owen county common lugs at $8 40; 2 hhds Barren county old leaf at $11 and 12 25; 1 hhd Sumner county (Tenn.) old leaf at $10; 1 hhd Hart county new leaf at $9 90; 1 hhd Barren county common new lugs at $6; 1 hhd Adair county common new lugs at $6; 1 hhd Simpson county common new lugs at $6 35.

THE PICKETT HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 3 hhds Webster county old leaf at $15, 13 50 and 12 75; 1 hhd Oldham county lugs at $8 40; 1 hhd Hart county lugs at $6 50; 1 hhd Alabama leaf at $12 25; 4 hhds Brown county (Indiana) lugs at $6 90, 6 70, 6 50 and 6 40.

THE PLANTERS' HOUSE sold 10 hhds: 2 hhds Indiana leaf at $12, 11 75; 1 hhd Hardin county low leaf at $7 60; 1 hhd Hardin county low lugs at $5 90; 1 hhd Hart county leaf at $8 80; 3 hhds Hart county lugs $7 10, 7, 6 60; 1 hhd Henry county lugs at $8 20; 1 hhd Larue county low leaf at $7 50.

THE BOONE HOUSE sold 2 hhds: 1 hhd Simpson county new leaf, $9 30; 1 hhd Hart county new common lugs, $6 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; middling uplands 20¾c. Flour, the market is dull and holders are anxious to sell; receipts 5,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $5 50@5 90; common to good extra $6 20@6 50; good to choice do $6 40@7; white wheat extra $7@7 15; extra Ohio $6 35@7 30; St. Louis $6 60@9 25. Rye flour, the market is dull at $4 50@5 15. Cornmeal, the market is unchanged. Whisky, the market is firmer at 97c. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; receipts 11,000 bushels; No 2 Chicago and Milwaukee spring in store $1 46@1 50; amber and red Western $1 56@1 59; amber $1 60 @1 62½; white $1 60@1 73; No 2 Milwaukee in store $1 50 and afloat $1 52½@1 53; prime winter red Western delivered $1 57; mixed spring $1 45. Rye, the market is dull and prices are unchanged. Barley, the market is heavy. Malt, the market is dull. Corn, the market is less active and very heavy; receipts 17,000 bushels; new Western mixed afloat 76@77½c; old Western mixed in store 77½c. Oats, the market is dull and heavy; receipts 7,000 bushels; Western and Ohio in store and afloat 51@56c. Eggs, the market is more active at 34@37c. Hay is in fair request; shipping $1 35@1 40 and retail lots $1 50@1 80. Hops, the market is firm at 35@60c for 1871; 20 @30c for 1870; 10@20c for 1869; 9@15c for 1868. Leather is active; South American 26@29c and Orinoco 24@27½c. Wool, the market is firm and prices are advancing; extra Ohio 70c; pulled 58@73c; unwashed 45@47½c; tubbed 75½c. Coffee and Sugar are unchanged. Molasses, the market is steady. Rice, the market is dull at 8½ @9c. Petroleum, crude 13⅛c and refined 23c. Mess pork, the market is dull. Beef, the market is unchanged. Dressed hogs, the market is dull at $5 37½@5 50. Cut Meats are more active; shoulders 5@6c and hams 9@10c. Middles are heavy; long clear 7½@7½c; Cumberland cut 6¾c; short cut hams 9¼c. Lard, the market is quiet but steady; No 1 prime steam 9⅜@9⅜c and kettle rendered 9¾c. Butter and Cheese are unchanged.

Metals—Manufactured Copper is firm. Ingot copper, Lake Superior is firm at 27½c cash. Pig iron is quiet; Scotch $33 50@38; American is more active at $34@38. Bar iron, refined English and American $86. Sheet iron, Russia 15¼ @16c gold. Nails, cut $4 65, clinch $6 15@6 65 and horse-shoe 19@33c.

DRY GOODS—The market is languid in all its departments, owing partly to the inclement weather, but prices are firmly maintained. Rockport corset jeans have advanced to 13½c. P. O. & Co.'s bleached muslins have advanced to 18c; Amoskeag D ticks 18c; do C do 20c; do B do 22c; do A 25c; do A C A do 30c; Easton B do 11¼c; Boston improved denims 11¼c; Franklin C do 15c; Oakland A A do 20c; Otis C C do 17c; Workingmen's do 18c. Brooks, J. & P. Coats and Clark's O N T 6-cord spool thread 80c; Green & Daniels' do 42½c; do 3-cord do 38c. Worsted braids 25c; Alpaca do of best brands 85c, and printed calicoes of the best makes 11½c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Flour, the market is dull and prices are unchanged. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 1 spring $1 21¼; No 2 spring $1 19¾; No 3 spring $1 08¾; seller January $1 18¾; seller last half of January $1 19½; seller February $1 21¼. Corn, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 mixed 40¼@40½c; rejected 39c; ear 41c at stock yards; seller January 40¼c; seller February 41¼ @42½c; seller April 43¼@44c; seller May 46¾@ 47c. Oats, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 32c; rejected 29¾@29c; seller January 32½c; seller May 37½c. Rye, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; No 2 62¼@62½c. Barley, the market is steady with a moderate demand; No 2 61½@61¾c; No 3 48@ 49c; seller January 62¼c. Pork, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; mess $13; seller January $13 10; seller February $13 35@13 40; seller March $13 50@13 55; seller April $13 65 @13 70. Lard, the market is dull and prices are drooping at 8⅜c; seller January 8⅜c; seller February 8⅜c; seller March 9c. Hams 8¾@9c. Bulk meats, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Green meats are unchanged. Beef products are steady. Whisky, 90c asked. Exchange, sight drafts on New York 1-10 premium. Receipts for the past 24 hours: 5,000 barrels of flour, 21,000 bushels wheat, 121,000 bushels corn, 24,000 bushels oats, 1,000 bushels barley, 11,000 bushels rye, 21,000 head hogs. Shipments: 3,000 barrels of flour, 3,000 bushels wheat, 3,000 bushels corn, 9,000 bushels oats, barley none, 2,000 bushels rye, 2,000 head hogs. Total number of hogs packed this season 629,000 head. The Board of Trade will not be in session on Monday.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—The general markets are dull and the business is very small. Flour, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Wheat, the market is dull and prices are nominal; only sample lots sold. Corn is in fair Eastern demand; No 2 mixed in elevator 42½@43c. Oats, the market is quiet; No 2 in elevator 35@ 37c. Rye and Barley, there is nothing done. Whisky, the market is dull at 89c. Mess pork is held at $13 25; no sales. Dry-salted meats are dull and prices are drooping; jobbing lot loose shoulders at 4½c; clear rib sides 5½c; packed lots 5c, 6c and 6¾c. Bacon, the market is unchanged, with only an order trade. Lard, the market is dull at 8¼@8½c. Hogs, the market is dull and buyers and sellers are apart in their views; small sales at $3 50@4; they were mostly at $3 75@3 90. Cattle, the market is unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the demand is light but holders are firm; low middling 18¾@ 18½c; middling 19¾@19½c. Flour and Grain are unchanged. Groceries are firm and prices unchanged. Pork, the market is dull and prices have declined; sales of mess at $13 37½. Lard, the market is dull and prices are drooping; sales of steam at 8¾c. Bulk meats, the market is quiet and prices are weak; holders are asking 4¾c, 6¾c and 6¾c; sales of 100,000 lbs of shoulders at 5¼c, seller February. Bacon, the market is dull and prices are unchanged; shoulders 6½c; clear rib and clear sides 7¾c. Hams 12¼@13½c. Green meats are dull and the market unsettled; holders are asking 4¼c for shoulders; pickled hams are dull at 9¾@10c.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—Flour is firm and scarce; no superfine here; double extra $7 50; triple extra $8 12¼. Corn, the market is lower at 85c. Bran and Hay are unchanged. Mess pork is dull and offering at $14 50. Bacon, no shoulders here; sides are dull at 8@8½c. Sugar is dull and unchanged. Molasses, the market is easier; inferior 38@42c; common 35c; fair 43@45c; prime 48@52c; strictly prime to choice 41@44c. Whisky unchanged. Coffee has advanced; fair 19¼@19¾c; good 20@20¾c; prime 21 @21¾c; choice 22¼c. Sterling exchange 118¾; sight drafts ¼ discount. Gold 109¼. Cotton, the market is quiet; sales 5,800 bales; good ordinary 18¼c; low middling 19c; middling 19½c; receipts 10,186 bales; exports to Liverpool 2,532 and coastwise 2,404 bales; stock 155,882 bales.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Flour, the market is dull; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $7 50@7 62½; Iowa $7@7 50. Wheat, the market is very dull; State red $1 53@1 55; white $1 60@1 70. Rye, the market is dull. Corn, the market is dull; old yellow 75c; new 68@69c; new Western high mixed 70@72c. Oats, the market is dull; white 53@54c; mixed 50c. Provisions are firm; new mess pork $15 25. Lard 9¼@9½c. Petroleum, crude 16¾c and refined 21¾@22c. Whisky is dull at 95@96c.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices have declined to 19c; receipts for the past day 2,220 bales; shipments 650 bales. Flour, the demand is fair and market firm, but prices are unchanged. Corn, the demand is good at full prices; sales at 62@65c. Oats, the market is quiet and prices unchanged. Hay, the market is quiet and prices are unchanged. Bran is scarce and firm at $27. Bulk meats are quiet and unchanged in every respect.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 23.—Cotton, the market is dull and prices are a shade lower; low middling 18¾c. Flour and Grain are quiet and unchanged in every respect. Cornmeal 55@60c. Bulk meats, the demand is good at full prices; shoulders 5½c; clear sides 6¾c; clear rib sides 7c. Mess pork $14 50; rump pork $11 50. Hams, sugar-cured 14½c. Lard, prime steam 9c; kettle rendered 9¾c. Hogs are scarce and firm at $4 25 @4 50.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 23.—Flour and Grain markets are steady and prices unchanged. Provisions, the market is dull and there is but little doing. Hogs, the market is lower at $4@4 10; receipts 2,360 head.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 23.—Flour, Wheat, Corn and Oats are nominally unchanged. Butter, the demand is fair and market firm. Whisky 95@97c.

Pittsburgh Live Stock Market.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., Dec. 23.—Cattle, the arrivals are light and the prospects are not so good; the demand is light; best $6@6 25; stockers $3 25@4. Sheep, the arrivals are light and prospects unchanged; best $6@6 25; medium $4 50@5; common $3 50@4. Hogs, the arrivals are fair and prospects fair; Philadelphia $4 60@4 75; Yorkers $4 25@4 30.

FUTURE AUCTION SALES.

Catalogue Sale of a Choice and Valuable Collection of High-Class

OIL PAINTINGS,

By Eminent European and American Artists,

At Weisiger Hall, Central Skating Rink.

ON TUESDAY, Dec. 26, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., and continue each day at same hours. Paintings now on free exhibition. Call and see for yourselves. Sale positive.

de24 d3 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.

AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE,

No. 413 Washington st., bet. Campbell and Wenzel,

Tuesday Morning, Dec. 26, at 10 o'clock, AT AUCTION.

PARLOR, chamber, dining-room, and kitchen furniture; parlor, chamber, dining-room, and hall carpets; oil-cloth, mattings, rugs, hat-racks, one very fine cook-stove and heating-stoves, &c.

N. B.—The above is a nice lot of goods, and sale peremptory, as the parties are returning to the East. de24 d3

Market-House at Auction.

ON Wednesday, Dec. 27th, at 4 o'clock P. M., I will sell the Market-house situated on Seventh street, between Broadway and York, containing eight stalls; lot 32x200 feet. de24 d3 RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALES.

Assignee's Sale.

IN the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky.—In the matter of M. Leopold & Co., bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.—As Assignee of the estate of said bankrupts, I will sell at public auction, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 28th of December, 1871, at No. 69 Sixth street, between Market and Main streets, a superior stock of tobaccos, cigars, &c., and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is sold. HARRY WEISSINGER, Assignee.

de17 dts

THE PHŒNIX HOTEL

TO BE

PUBLICLY SOLD.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY authority of the Fayette Circuit Court in the action of W. S. Downey's administrator vs. W. S. Downey's heirs, creditors, &c., I will sell, publicly, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on **Monday, the 8th day of January, 1872,** (County Court day) at 12 o'clock, M., the purchaser to execute bonds for the purchase money, bearing interest from the day of sale, and having the force and effect of judgment, and secured by personal surety joining therein, and by a lien on the property sold, said bonds to be made payable in six, twelve and eighteen months from date, in equal installments,

The Phœnix Hotel Lot,

On the southeast corner of Main and Mulberry streets, in the city of Lexington, Ky., together with all the buildings, furniture and fixtures therein. The entire property, real and personal, will be sold together as a whole. BARAK G. THOMAS, M. C. F. C. C.

de24 S&W tjal

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

THE AMERICAN SEWING-MACHINE

Does every class of sewing from a plain seam to a perfect BUTTON-HOLE. A fine lot on hand for Christmas presents.

Sales-room No. 90 West Jefferson street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. H. PERRIN & CO., Agents.

de19 TuTh&Su

Singer's Sewing-Machines.

Over 650,000 are now in use all over the world, of which over 500,000 are of the Popular Family Machine, which, since the improvements of 1866, have had a greater sale than any other family sewing-machine ever offered to the public, as is shown by the sworn returns of all manufacturers. The Singer Manufacturing Company are now making machines at the rate of 180,000 per annum, which is 3,600 per week, 600 per day, or one machine for every minute of the ten working hours of each day. Handsome stock for holidays.

J. B. KENNEDY, Agent,
164 Fourth street.

de21 ThSa&Su

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

AT THE

Parlor Furniture Manufactory

On north side Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, No. 231.

Having made preparations for a large trade this fall, I have on hand an immense stock of fine and ordinary Parlor Suits, of which I want to dispose of 100 to 150 Suits this month in order to make room and give employment to my workmen through the winter. Those who want to furnish their parlors now have a chance to purchase at New York prices and save expense of freight and packing and get the goods delivered in good order.

Very respectfully,

JOHN FENSTER, Proprietor.

oc22 SuW&FtJal

R E M O V A L.

J. W. MORRILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, AND COLLARS,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SADDLERS' MATERIAL,

Removed to No. 315 Main st., bet. Eighth and Ninth.

de1 deodim&Su5-4thp

GAS FIXTURES.

The largest stock and the best assortment in the city for sale at net cost price by

ROBERT BIGGS,

PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

No. 78 West Green street.

oc19 Su&We3mistorithp

AMUSEMENTS.

Opera-House.

CHRISTMAS WEEK!

GREAT HOLIDAY ATTRACTION!

WYNDHAM COMEDY COMPANY!

2 Performances Christmas Day!

TWO GREAT PIECES!

Matinee - - - PROGRESS.
Evening - - - OURS.

☞ Seats can be secured for any night. de20 dtf

GRAND BALL

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

St. Dominic Benevolent Society,

OF LOUISVILLE, AT

WEISIGER HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 26th, 1871.

Committee of Arrangements—J. A. P. Glass, John Connelly, John Gillen, Nick Dunn, Thomas McNally, Ed. Barrett, John O'Day, Mat. Curran, W. Hughes, Stephen Connel, Stephen DeCourcey, D. Cantwell. Musical Director—Thomas Riley. Floor Managers—Joseph Ryan, Jeremiah Mooren, Andrew Boyle, E. Fitzgerald, Cornelius O'Bryan, Thos. Casey. de24 d3*

FREE EXHIBITION

—AT—

Weisiger Hall Central Skating Rink.

THIS DAY AND MONDAY, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M., of one hundred and fifty high class

Oil Paintings,

By distinguished American and European Artists.

Weisiger Hall.

Friday, Saturday and Monday Evenings, Dec. 22d, 23d, and 25th.

The Colloquial Actor and Popular Author, Mr.

ALBERT W. AIKEN,

SUPPORTED by his Splendid New York Company, in his famous Realistic play of city life, as played by him over two hundred nights to crowded houses in all the principal cities of America, entitled the

"WITCHES OF NEW YORK."

Popular prices, 75 cents, 50 cents, and 35 cents. Reserved seats for sale at Will. S. Hays' music store. Grand matinee Saturday and Monday afternoons, at 2:30 o'clock. Admission, 25 and 50 cents. de22 d4

GRAND CHRISTMAS BALL,

To be given at Masonic Temple

On Tuesday Evening, Dec. 26, 1871.

COMMITTEE:
Jno. Smith, Frank. Smith, Frank. Bake.

Admission $1. de20 dtd

GRAND CHRISTMAS BALL

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

MARION SOCIAL CLUB,

AT Odd Fellows' Hall, Monday evening, December 25th, 1871. Tickets can be had of the members or at the door. de17 SuSaSu&M*

Seventh Grand Military Ball

OF THE

Waddell Grays

WILL be given at Wedekind Hall on **Thursday Evening, Dec. 28, 1871.** Tickets $1—to be had from the members of the company or at the door on the evening of the ball. d17 SuSu&Mo

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI AND THE EAST.

U. S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

MORNING LINE, 9 A. M.

GEN. BUELL..........Capt. DAVID.
BEN. FRANKLIN..........Capt. HILDRETH.

EVENING LINE, 4 P. M.

GEN. LYTLE..........Capt. WHITTEN.
UNITED STATES..........Capt. DUFOUR.
[Sunday one boat—4 P. M.]

Boats make close connection at Cincinnati with fast through trains for the East.

Meals and State-rooms Free.
Fare Same as Other Lines.

Tickets for sale at all hotel offices, on boat, and at company's office, S. W. corner Fourth and Main.

FRANK CARTER, Sup't.
JAMES FERRIER, G. P. A. de7

For New Orleans.

NICK LONGWORTH..........LEW KATES, Master.
Will leave Cairo as above on Tuesday, 26th.

J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS,

Bar Stores,

Corner Fourth and Main sts.

no26 dtf4thp

FURS! FURS! FURS!

No. 120   4th St.

LEWIS & LUCAS,
Hatters and Furriers, No. 120 Fourth st.

no18 eod&Sutjal-os

Circular to Stockholders.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 28, 1871.

To the Stockholders of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad Company:

BY the provisions of a contract between this company of the first part, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, C. P. Huntington and others, of the second part, the said second parties agree to purchase any and all the capital stock of this company that may be offered and lodged with the Secretary and Treasurer of this company, duly indorsed and witnessed for transfer to said parties, on or before the 27th day of December next, at the price of sixty cents on the dollar, in the notes or bills of said parties at ninety days from said 27th day of December, or at the price of sixty-five cents on the dollar in the notes or bills of said parties at six, nine and twelve months from the said 27th day of December. The bills, which in either case bear interest from the said 27th day of December, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, will be payable to and collected by this company in trust for such stockholders, and when collected will be paid over to the order of the stockholder selling, on the presentation of the receipts, which will be given for said stock by the Secretary and Treasurer of this company, when said stock shall have been lodged as above stated, duly indorsed and witnessed for transfer. N. GREEN, Pres't.

R. M. COURTNEY, Sec'y and Treas. no29 dtf 4thp

☞ Advertisements of several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, &c., will be inserted at [illegible] CENTS per line for each insertion [illegible] less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER—In an old-established house, standing, on Main street; cash [illegible] $10,000, to an active business [illegible] inand Southern trade; object [illegible] ness. To any such a rare opp[ortunity] per cent. profit guaranteed. [illegible] Address "Merchant," this office.

WANTED—SITUATION—[illegible] man, as salesman, bill clerk, generally useful. Can give [illegible] Address W. L., this office.

WANTED—CITIZENS—[illegible] office will be opened only [illegible] mas, from 8 A. M. till noon. [illegible] MENT AGENCY, cor. Fourth [illegible]

WANTED—BOARDERS—[illegible] 2 pleasant rooms. References exchanged. Apply [illegible] First street, between Green and Walnut.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL FARM [illegible] be on L. C. & L. R. R., within 20 miles [illegible] Inquire of HANCOCK, JOHNSON & [illegible]

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM [illegible] a gentleman, with or without board. Ad[dress] D. D., Courier-Journal office.

WANTED—SITUATION—In a confectionery or notion store, or to travel with a lady or [illegible] Address Miss LINA, this office. de23

WANTED—PARTNER—With $8,000 or $10,000, in an old-established tannery—capacity 5,000 hides [per] year. Apply at 27 East Main st. de23

WANTED—COOK AND GIRL—A good cook [and] house girl, colored. Apply at 83 Fourth s[treet]. de23 d6*

WANTED—TO SELL—[A] splendid safe, [illegible] make, nearly new. [Can] be bought [illegible] Inquire at No. 26 Fourth street, between Main [and the] river. de22

WANTED—All dealers in chewing tobacco to [call] and examine my Fig and Pancake brands, [man]ufactured from pure Virginia leaf, in packages [of] 10 and 20 lbs. Factory corner of Eleventh and G[reen] streets. R. GILCHRIST.

WANTED—TO SELL—GROCERIES, &c.—[illegible] of groceries and fixtures, in a good loc[ation], worth $800. Will be sold for $400. Reason for sell[ing,] other business to attend to. Address C. T., this o[ffice]. de21 d6

WANTED—SITUATION—A gentleman, a C[olle]gian, who has a number of years' experience [in] teaching schools of high grade, desires a situation [in] some high school, or will teach a private school. [A] graduate of two literary institutions. Can [teach] German and French fluently. Best references [as to] character and qualifications given. Address [immedi]ately, stating salary, THEODORE HUNTER, [illegible] Mt., DeKalb co., Georgia.

WANTED—SALESMAN—To sell notions, hos[iery] and white goods in Kentucky—a smart, pu[shing] man, with established trade. Address COO[LEY,] BIGLOW & NICHOLS, P. O. Box 777, New York C[ity]. de19 d7

WANTED—300 GIRLS—Citizens and others w[ish]ing to engage respectable WORK[ING] fe[males] who prefer to earn an honest living rat[her than be re]cipients of charity, call at the LOU[ISVILLE EM]PLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth [and Jeffer]son streets. Girls directed to situati[ons]. no17 dtf

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE—[illegible] and gas. Address J. H. T., at th[is office], stating terms, number of rooms, and loca[tion].

WANTED—OCCUPANTS—For two nice rooms, for single gentlemen or [illegible] cured by early application at No. [illegible] between Fourth and Fifth sts. [illegible] oc8 Su&Wtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE—[illegible] Eighth street, bet[ween illegible] Apply to THOS. PEA[RSON illegible]

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—[illegible] prettiest homes in the [illegible] beautifully set with flowers [illegible] contains seven rooms, hall, [illegible] room, thirteen-foot ceilings, [illegible] metal roof, iron mantles, [illegible] quire of V. ROSE, Agent A[illegible] no28 TuF&Sutf

FOR SALE—LOTS—Of size [illegible] Broadway from Twenty-se[cond illegible] street; on Magazine, between [illegible] Twenty-fifth streets; on Chestnut, [illegible] third and Twenty-sixth streets; on Madison [illegible] Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Tw[enty]-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, and Tw[enty]-eighth cross streets. Inquire at GRAVES & [illegible] Laboratory, Twenty-fifth and Chestnut sts. [illegible]

FOR SALE—The RESIDENCE of the late J[illegible] Cochran, on the south side of Jefferson, betw[een] Seventh and Eighth streets. The lot fronts 56 feet [on] Jefferson and extends southwardly 210 feet to Gr[een] street. Apply to THOS. PEARSON, 88 Fourth st[reet]. jy18 dtf

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE [illegible] On the west side of Fourth street, [between] Chestnut and Broadway, containing 12 rooms, [illegible] lot 60x200. Apply to THOS. PEARSON, 88 Fo[urth] street. oc11 eodtf

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—A FARM—Of 148 acres, 19 miles [from] the city, near the Ohio river. Can be bought at a bargain. Apply to THOS. JOHNSON, at Mount [Wash]ington, or to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 398 West Main. de24

FOR SALE—VALUABLE LANDS—A valuable meadow and grazing farm, containing 300 acres, within a few miles of Louisville, for sale as a whole or in quantities to suit purchasers. About one-third of the tract is fully cleared and in cultivation, and is productive of corn, wheat, tobacco, &c. The remainder of the land is timbered. The soil is rich and varied. This land in Jefferson county. The rest is thinned out and [illegible] of its growth of grass and [illegible] well set in grass and clover. [illegible] admirably adapted to the production of [illegible] and is near to Louisville, is one of the most reliable and profitable crops that can be cultivated. Also 60 acres of land in Bullitt county, Ky., [illegible] upon the [illegible] within a few miles from the depot. This land is known as the table lands of Bullitt, and is upon it some of the finest timber, such as cherry, black walnut, poplar, &c., for sawing purposes. Fruit in this region never fails and the land is well adapted to the growth of the grapes. It will be sold altogether or in quantities to suit purchasers. For full particulars, and terms of sale, apply to R. DURRETT, Law Office of Bramlette, Durrett & Briggs, 105 Fifth street. oc29 d&w tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSE—A desirable three-story brick business house, in good repair, No. 109 north side Market street, between Third and Fourth streets. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to J. N. LONG, No. 78 Main street, near Third. de24 d3

FOR RENT—BUSINESS HOUSE—A three-story business house, south side Main, near Ninth, occupied by Burton, Middleton & Weaver. Possession given 1st of March. Inquire of W. L. SMITH, No. 114 West Green street.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A two-story frame, containing 7 rooms, in good repair, situated on Portland avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first. Apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Market street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING—No. 273, on Preston street, between Madison and Chestnut, east side. Rent $600 per year. Possession given 1st January. Apply to COCHRAN & FULTON. de21 dtf

FOR RENT—ROOM—One nicely-furnished room, suitable for a single gentleman, at 157 Chestnut street, between Fourth and Fifth. Reference required.

FOR RENT—THE STORE-HOUSE—North side Main street, between Seventh and [Eighth], hitherto occupied by Vacaro Brothers. Apply to J. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—On Bullitt street, west side, first house north of Main. Apply to HACKETT, ANDERSON & FORMAN. de24 d3

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A handsome brick residence, situated on the Brownsboro road, 3 miles from city limits, containing 12 rooms, with all the finest conveniences, with 20 acres of land attached—plenty of fruit, good garden, and all necessary out-houses, including ice-house. Possession given immediately. Rent low. Apply to Mrs. M. A. THOMPSON, No. 411 Second street. de21 dtf

FOR RENT—STORE—Four-story house, No. 277, north side Main street, between Seventh and Eighth. Apply to M. ROGERS, corner Eighth and Chestnut.

FOR RENT—STORE—A first-class store-house on Main street, between Fifth and Sixth. Apply to HANSBROUGH & PRIEST, Real Estate Agents, 69 Jefferson st. de24 d7

FOR RENT—"ROSE COTTAGE"—The property known as "Rose Cottage," containing 25 acres, situated on the Fountain Ferry road, near the city limits. Apply to BUCKEL & SHAFFER, 398 West Market street. de22 d7

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE—Containing four rooms. Apply at W. L. MURPHY & CO.'S coal office, Third street, near Main.

FOR RENT—BUILDINGS—The large four-story building on Main, bet. Fifth and Sixth streets, now occupied by Bamberger, Bloom & Co. Possession given January 1, 1872. And the large four-story building No. 141 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, lately occupied by J. D. Boudurant. Apply to WM. PRATHER, No. 141 Main st. de24 dtf

FOR RENT—GROCERY, COUNTRY PRODUCE, and FEED STORE—My old stand, on Broadway, opposite the Nashville Depot. Will be put in complete repair, and possession given 1st January next. Apply to W. K. CURD, Nos. 384 and 386 West Main st. de20 W&Sutf

FOR RENT—BOARDING-HOUSE—The most desirable and centrally located boarding-house in the city. Rooms all occupied at present, and doing a paying business. Gas and water on every floor. S. MEDDIS.

FOR RENT—A STORE—With dwelling above, on south side of Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, by HENRY L. POPE, northwest corner Chestnut and Seventh sts. de23 dtf

FOR RENT—A HOUSE—Of six rooms, on Fifth and Kentucky streets, in good order. Apply to F. MADDEN, No. 105 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth. Rent $25 per month. de21 dtf

FOR RENT—A BRICK RESIDENCE—On Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway, containing 8 rooms, gas, water, bath-room, and all modern improvements. Apply to C. BAMBERGER, 207 Main street. de8 dtf

FOR RENT—STORE-HOUSE—A new four-story store-house, with a good cellar and new-style elevator, situated on First street, near Main. Apply to J. ESTEN COOKE, 113 West Main. de8 dtf

FOR RENT—OFFICES—Two very desirable offices, in the Merchants' Bank of Kentucky building, one of them on the second and the other on the third floor. J. H. LINDENBERGER, Cashier. no28 dtf

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A two-story brick dwelling-house, No. 87 north side Jacob, between Brook and Floyd streets, containing 9 rooms, gas and water, with stable and carriage-house, all in good condition. Possession given December 17th. Apply to KAHN & WOLF, No. 270 Main street, Louisville. no19 dtf

FOR RENT—STABLE AND RESIDENCE—A large fine stable, with yard, on Market, between Jackson and Hancock; also a comfortable residence on Chestnut, near Jackson street. Apply to FERGUSON SMITH, Market, between Jackson and Hancock. no17 dtf

FOR RENT—A LARGE FRAME BUILDING—80 by about 100 feet, situated on a lot 151 feet front on Garden street, between Chestnut and Green streets, running back 474 feet to the connecting railroad. The above property is very suitable for manufacturing purposes. F. W. MERZ, Louisville, Ky. no11 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—An elegant house, with large lot, on Magazine, near Seventh, with twelve rooms and out-building, stable, &c., in thorough order; rent low to a good tenant. JAMES L. BROWN, Agent, 159½ Jefferson, near Fourth. no16 dtf

FOR RENT—TOBACCO FACTORY—The finest tobacco factory in the West, 90x320, a three-story brick, with metal and slate roof. Abundant shed room. Large lot. Now occupied by Lorillard & Co. of New York. Everything complete, and just the thing for a large business in plug, stripe, or prizing. Fixtures, presses, &c. For sale cheap. Apply to R. COCHRAN, Spec. Rec. Shurman Estate, or HANSBROUGH & PRIEST, Real Estate Brokers, 69 Jefferson st. oc7 dtf

STRAYED.

STRAYED—MULE—Strayed from the stable of A. Stone, on Fulton street, between Floyd and Preston streets, a black horse mule, with mealy nose and harness marks, 15 hands high. Any person returning the same to the office of McCLOSKEY & STONE, No. 55 east side of Third street, between Main and Market streets, will be suitably rewarded. de23 dtf

STRAYED—COW—Red, with white spots on her back, short horns, about 5 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to JOHN WEIS, 315 West Market. de23 d3

STRAYED—MULE—From the corner of Ninth and Madison streets, Sunday night, Dec. 4, a bay horse mule, 13 or 14 hands high, in good order, and mark on back from harness. Any person returning same to R. T. SMITH, Ninth and Madison, will be rewarded. de8 dtf

LOST.

LOST—BITCH—Several weeks since, a small, stylish pointer bitch, black and white spotted, or blue roan, with black spots, about 10 months old. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery to Dr. L. P. YANDELL, Jr., Sixth and Chestnut sts. de23 dtf

LOST—BUNCH KEYS—12, on a ring, on Jackson, Walnut, or Hancock. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery at 240 Hancock, between Walnut and Green.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Mrs. J. G. Jack has taken the large and commodious house of Mr. Bakewell, corner of Eighth and Jefferson streets, which has several large and splendid rooms added and been handsomely repaired, and is prepared to accommodate boarders in the very best style.